Part One

MARION WEEKLY STAR.

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BODY RIDDLED WITH BULLETS

Desperado Shot to Pieces in City of Boston.

300 BLUECOATS TAKE PART IN MAN HUNT

Surround Cemetery in Which Bandits Take Refuge.

At Dawn Close in and Flush One of the Desperadoes—He Is Hemmed in Before He Goes 300 Yards. Smaller Man Is Taken Under Supposition That He Is Bandit, but He Is Subsequently Released.

Boston, Mass., July 23.—The most thrilling man hunt following one of the most daring hold-ups that startled Boston, ended this morning when an army of police and deputies surrounded a desperado in Forest Hills cemetery and riddled him with bullets.

He and two companions had been responsible for the death of two men, fatal injury of two others and serious injuring of several more.

The List of Dead.

Frank J. Drake, shot in Jamaica Plains saloon Tuesday night.

Herbert Knox, watchman Forest Hill cemetery.

Probably Mortally Wounded.

Patrick Dolan, shot in the saloon Tuesday night.

Thomas Moore, conductor, shot Wednesday night.

Other Wounded.

Thomas Winterson, proprietor of the Jamaica Plains saloon.

Mrs. Della Faller, hit in the ear by a stray bullet.

G. N. Fleming, shot in the wrist.

Patrolman Edmund P. Ingliss, shot in the leg, may lose leg.

Patrick McGlynn, shot in the chin.

Patrolman Edward McMahon, shot in the breast.

Reserve Officer Thomas Thompson, shot in the leg.

Michael Flynn, upholsterer, shot *behind the ear.*

John Monahan, shot in hand.

Patrolman Frederick W. Copithorn, shot in hip.

Martin Garrity, slightly wounded by a shot.

Miss Edna J. Carr, bullet struck right hand.

John H. Wightman, shot in ankle.

Surrounded in Cemetery.

The killing of the hold-up men occurred early today after 300 officers had spent the latter part of the night guarding the cemetery in which they took refuge after exhausting their ammunition.

When dawn broke, the cordon of bluecoats closed in with orders to shoot on sight. Ten minutes later the first shot was fired. A big man darted out from a wooded knoll and ran along a ridge. Before he had run 300 yards he was hemmed in. For a moment he kept the police at bay by snapping his empty revolver. Then he fell dead with twenty bullets in his body.

The bandit whom the police call the "big Yegg" was killed after ten minutes of shooting, in which fully a thousand shots were fired. When he was found his head was marked with four little blue holes and his breast had one red mark over the heart.

Takes Refuge in Thicket.

The bandit took refuge in a thicket. The officers surrounded it, firing into it. At first between the sound of their shots they could hear the clicking of a revolver hammer striking against the rim of the empty revolver. Then all was quiet.

The police found the bandit on his knees. On the way to the station, officers surrounded by an angry crowd that was yelling "lynch him!" "shoot him!" had possession of another man who was suspected of being one of the bandits. In the excitement of the morning, Conductor Hugh McDougal, of the Boson Elevated railroad, had been seen running through the woods with a revolver in his hand. He was arrested. He answered a description of one of the bandits, and was taken to the station in an automobile with the dead man.

In the station, fellow workmen identified him and proved that he was not one of the bandits. The dead bandit was identified by a name on his hat band as Edmundo Gutman.

Wound Eight More.

The dead man belonged to the trio that on Tuesday night entered a saloon in Jamaica Plains, a Boston suburb, and when the proprietor of the place offered resistance, opened fire, killing one man and wounding two, one of them fatally. The bandits then concealed themselves in Franklin park, and several hundred police and detectives spent all yesterday looking for them in vain.

Yesterday morning they shot and killed a cemetery watchman.

Wound Eight More.

They disappeared until early in the evening when they ventured out and upon discovery opened fire upon everybody in sight. During this encounter, they mortally wounded a trolley car conductor and wounded a policeman and seven others, one of them a woman. Then they escaped into the cemetery.

When the smaller of the two men who gave himself up was brought to the station-house he convinced the police that he did not belong to the bandit gang, but was simply one of the crowd of spectators attracted by the shooting and was released.

This leaves two of the desperadoes still at large and the man hunt continues today with fresh vigor.

HE GETS $50 FOR RETURNING $10,000

Honest Taxicab Starter Turns Money Over to Clerk.

New York, July 23.—William Sanford, one of the taxicab starters at the Hotel Knickerbocker, today received $50 as a reward for finding $10,000 lost by Julius Fleischer, a manufacturer, who had drawn the money from a bank to complete a real estate transaction. Fleischer lost the money after leaving the hotel. Sanford picked it up, reported the find to the hotel clerk and when Fleischer returned, greatly agitated, he was given the roll.

CANNON BOOM; PEOPLE CHEER

Thousands Greet the Prince of Wales Today

WHEN HE EMERGES FROM THE CITADEL

To Visit Officers of Warships in the River.

This Afternoon the Historical Ceremonies of the Ter-Centenary of Quebec Began with the Arrival of Samuel de Champlain in Reproduction of Don de Dieu—Proceeds to Habitation de Quebec.

Quebec, July 23.—Cannon boomed and thousands of visitors cheered today when the Prince of Wales, surrounded by an escort of the Northwest mounted police, left the citadel this morning to return the visits of the officers of the British, French and American battleships.

The crowd cheered lustily, but not even the hurrahs for the prince could surpass the outburst in honor of a little grizzled man, who rode in the royal train.

"Bobs," "Bobs," "Good old Bobs," the crowd shouted in greeting to Lord Roberts.

At the King's wharf the prince at once entered a launch and rode out to the vessels which, dressed in waving flags, waited to receive him. Visits to Admiral Curzon-Howe on the Exmouth, to Admiral Jauregiberry of the French fleet, and to the American battleship, the New Hampshire, occupied the time until luncheon.

And all the time while the prince and his suite were going from one sea fighter to another, every possible spot of vantage upon the citadel, the terrace and before the Chateau Frontenac was black with people.

This afternoon the historical ceremonies of the Ter-Centenary began with the arrival of Samuel de Champlain on a reproduction of the Don de Dieu, the little vessel on which the great explorer sailed into Quebec harbor 300 years ago. With his crew, on landing, he proceeded to the Habitation de Quebec, a reproduction of the first building erected here by Champlain.

From that point he started the great pageant which was reviewed by the Prince of Wales at the Champlain monument on the terrace.

Here the address of welcome was made to the prince by the mayor of Quebec, and addresses by the representatives of France, Canada and the United States followed.

Tonight the governor general will give a state dinner for the prince at the citadel.

EVERHARDT CONFESSES

Wanted for Murder and Robbery of His Aunt.

FIRST LOCATED AT LITTLE FALLS

Drives from That Point to the City of Paterson.

Is Wounded in the Leg—Claims the Wound Is Result of Attack of Italians, Who Rob Him of What Money He Has—His Version of the Killing of His Aunt Is Not That of His Cousin.

Paterson, N. J., July 23.—August Eberhardt, who was arrested this morning on suspicion of having murdered and robbed his aunt, Mrs. Ottillie Eberhardt, in Coalsburg, New Jersey, Saturday night, made a complete confession early this afternoon.

Eberhardt told in detail of killing his aunt and wounding her daughter and of robbing the dead woman of $2,500, after which he fled to the mountains.

A mile and a half from the scene of the crime, the murderer stopped in his flight and buried the plunder.

At the conclusion of the confession, Eberhardt was taken to the spot where he claimed that the money was hidden.

Surrenders to Officers.

Paterson, N. J., July 23.—August Eberhardt, wanted in connection with the murder of his aunt, Mrs. Ottillie Eberhardt, near Rochelle park, Saturday night, from whose clothing $2,500 was taken, was arrested here today. When found he was suffering from a gunshot wound in the left leg, he had no money, he wore no coat or hat and was hardly able to walk.

About 6 o'clock this morning Robert D. LaRue, of Little Falls, telephoned to police headquarters that there was a man sitting on the steps of his porch suffering from a gunshot wound in his leg. Patrolman Cook found LaRue and the injured man coming to the city in a buggy and he stopped them. He asked the injured man what his name was, and he calmly replied that he was Gus Eberhardt, the man charged with killing his aunt. When asked how he came to be shot, he said that a gang of Italians had met him in the Preakness mountains and, after taking what money he had, shot him. Eberhardt would not say how much money he had. He was hurried to a hospital and later taken to the police headquarters.

Eberhardt's Version.

"I took a walk Saturday with my aunt and cousin, Ophelia, who had arrived a few days before from Austria," said Eberhardt. "We came to New Jersey and were walking along a railroad in the vicinity of Hackensack. I had lost the way. Suddenly I heard a shot and saw a flash, like that of a revolver from behind a freight car. My aunt shrieked and fell to the ground. I heard a second shot and ran. Other shots followed in the direction of my cousin. I was struck a heavy blow on the head and that is all I remember until the time I was shot and robbed."

Eberhardt said that at the time he heard the pistol shots he had a revolver. He had no revolver on his person when found today. He was arraigned before Justice James Carroll, on a charge of being a fugitive from justice. He was then turned over to Police Chief Dunn, of Hackensack and Prosecutor Koester. He was taken back to Hackensack.

Eberhardt had been in Patterson since Sunday. Sunday afternoon he was seen walking past the police headquarters and recognized by Matron Ellen McCann of police headquarters. Mrs. McCann said that he was uninjured then.

BIG GRIND BY THE FEDERAL GRAND JURY

Twenty-Nine Indictments Against Get-Rich-Quick Concerns.

Chicago, July 23.—The federal grand jury today returned indictments against twenty-nine alleged "get-rich-quick" concerns, involving the use of the mails to defraud clients out of $5,000,000. Twenty-eight white slave indictments were returned and two indictments against the Illinois Central and Rock Island railroads alleging violation of the anti-pass law.

B. L. WINCHELL, WHO SAYS A RAISE IN FREIGHT RATES WILL RESTORE PROSPERITY.

B. L. Winchell, president of the Rock Island railway system, who is one of the leaders of the movement to increase freight rates, declares that to save the railroads they must have a greater margin of profit than they are now receiving. He insists that the only alternative the roads have if they cannot increase rates is to cut wages. Mr. Winchell believes that the prosperity of the railroads or their adversity is the true measure of the prosperity or adversity of the people.

DEVELOPMENTS ARE EXPECTED

At the Hearing of Mrs. Teal at The Tombs.

SERIOUS CHARGE TO BE PROSECUTED

That of Trying To Induce False Swearing.

Mrs. Teal's Husband Says That Somebody Will Suffer for Her Arrest—Gould's Attorneys Have Another View—Story of a Hair Dresser—Those Nova Scotian Witnesses Have Left the Country.

New York, July 23.—At the Tombs court, tomorrow, Mrs. Ben Teal, wife of Charles Frohman's general stage manager; Miss Julia Fleming, her companion, and Harry Mausley, a private detective, will be charged with attempting to induce Mabel McCausland to swear falsely that she had seen Frank Jay Gould in the apartments of Bessie De Voe, a dancer well known on Broadway.

"My wife's arrest is an outrage," says Teal, "I will make those responsible suffer for it."

But, in answer to the threat, Gould's attorneys claim they have secured interesting statements from St. Paul, Mrs. Teal's former home.

In addition to this, Frances Hale, a hair dresser at the Hotel Lincoln, has been brought forward to declare that money was offered her to tell just such a story about Gould as the McCausland girl declares was concocted by Mrs. Teal and her companions. It is also reported that the arrest has something to do with stories told by the two Nova Scotian witnesses whose recital of occurrences alleged to have occurred when Frank Gould and a party of guests visited ports of that province were expected to make a divorce for the millionaire's wife a certainty.

The departure, last night, of these witnesses for their homes and the fact that their testimony is not now desired by Mrs. Gould's attorneys is declared to have hinged, in a way, on the Teal arrest.

But while Broadway is gossiping, Frank Gould and his wife are silent and Bessie De Voe, whose evidence is going to prove important, has disappeared. It is declared, however, that she has notified the district attorney that she will appear and tell her story when wanted.

HANSON WILL BE ASKED TO RESIGN

Rorick Will Probably Be Head of the Athens Hospital.

Columbus, O., July 23.—Unless there are unforeseen developments, Dr. J. S. Hanson, superintendent of the Athens state hospital, will be asked to tender his resignation. This is in substance the result of a conference held at the Hartman hotel, Wednesday afternoon, between Governor Harris and the trustees of the Athens institution.

The only charge against Dr. Hanson is that he lacks the proper executive ability for the place. It is said that the office may be offered to Dr. E. H. Rorick, late superintendent of the state institution for feebleminded youth at Columbus and formerly superintendent of the Athens hospital.

Charges of mismanagement of the institution were made repeatedly by ex-Senator J. L. Carpenter, former steward of the hospital. Wednesday the governor asked the trustees to look into these charges most carefully.

BOB EVANS' SON STRIKES SUPERIOR

Said To Have Floored Lieutenant Commander Carter.

Honolulu, July 23.—Lieutenant Frank T. Evans, son of "Fighting Bob" Evans, knocked down Lieutenant Commander J. F. Carter, of the battleship Georgia, in a fist fight aboard the Georgia, Tuesday night, according to the statement of alleged witnesses today. A report of the affair to the navy department is expected. Both Evans and Carter refused to discuss the matter and a strong effort has been made by the officers of the Atlantic fleet to suppress it.

It is alleged that the men engaged in a hot dispute on the deck of the Georgia, that the quarrel led to blows and that Evans struck his superior in the face, flooring him.

Colonel Vilas Near Death.

Madison, Wis., July 23.—Colonel William F. Vilas, former United States senator and cabinet member, is near death today. The attending physicians have practically given up hope.

THE PLOT IS WIDESPREAD

The Plotters Would Dethrone the Sultan of Turkey,

AND PLACE HIS BROTHER ON THRONE

Not a Member of Palace Guard Can Be Trusted.

Hundreds of Persons Suspected of Complicity in the Plot Have Been Arrested—A Score of Officers in the Constantinople Garrison Flee Thursday To Join the Rebels Who Are Assembling at Monastir.

Constantinople, July 23.—Developments today showed that the plot within the sultan's palace to dethrone him and place his brother, Mehemmed Reshad, in power, is more widespread than at first suspected.

According to Goltz Pasha, the German officer in charge of the sultan's military forces, whose real name is Baron Von Der Goltz, there is not a member of the palace guard who can be trusted. Hundreds of arrests of persons suspected of complicity in the plot have been made. A score of officers in the local garrison fled today to join the rebels at Monastir.

The young Turkish party in Macedonia today supplemented the ultimatum of Niazi Bey with a message to the sultan that unless a constitution is granted within eleven days, it will assume the civil administration of Macedonia, as well as the military, call a parliament and establish a government on the basis of equal rights to all nations.

President Back Home.

Oyster Bay, N. Y., July 23.—President Roosevelt and his party arrived from Newport this morning on the Mayflower. This afternoon the president will hold a conference with Taft on the latter's speech of acceptance. Secretary Root will participate in the discussion.

JOHNNIE BULLS GET VERY SORE

Over What They Call Trickery of Yankees

400-METERS RACE VOIDED BY JUDGES

Hold English Runner Is Crowded Off Track.

Hostility of Crowd Toward Carpenter and Robbins, Who Lead in the Race and Win It Is Evidenced for an Hour—Officials Have Photographs of the Footprints of the Runners Made.

London, July 23.—The storm of hatred between the British and Yankee competitors in the Olympic games broke this afternoon in the running of the final of the 400-meters race.

In the running of the race, Carpenter and Robbins, two Yankees who finished first and second, respectively, were charged with forcing Lieutenant Halswelle, the pride of England, off the track at the last bend of the course. The race was voided on this account and a terrific outburst of "booing" from the English sections greeted the result.

It was charged that Carpenter and Robbins prearranged the scheme to defeat Halswelle, and the race was ordered re-run.

The hostility of the crowd toward Carpenter and Robbins continued for half an hour. To substantiate their claims of fouling, the officials had photographs of the foot prints of the runners made.

The judges are now considering in detail the protest against Carpenter, and it may be that a decision will not be reached in time for the final to be re-run today.

In the closest race of the meet, Kerr, Canada, defeated Cloughen, and Cartmell, both from the United States, in the final of the 200-meters run. He won by a scant foot, hard pressed by Cloughen from the half way point. Cartmell was third. The Yankees secure four points and Canada five in this event, and, if the latter's score is finally credited to Great Britain, the United States will lose but one point as a result of this defeat.

Five Yankees, eight Britishers and one Belgian qualified in the 110-yards hurdles. A. B. Shaw, Dartmouth college, made the best time 0.15 3-5—one-fifth of a second better than Rand, the Harvard sprinter, and Smithson, another Yankee.

Carpenter Disqualified.

London, July 23.—The Olympic committee disqualified J. C. Carpenter, the Cornell university runner, for his alleged fouling of Lieutenant Halswelle in the final of the 400-meter race this afternoon. The race will be run Saturday with Robbins, the Yale athlete, and Taylor, the negro runner from the University of Pennsylvania, competing against Halswelle.

Carpenter's time this afternoon was 49. His loss will be a severe one. The Yankees are incensed over the action.

British Are Sore.

London, July 23.—The breach between the American and English athletes increased with every day of the Olympic meet, just as the gap between their total points widen in favor of the Americans.

At the opening of today's program it was evident that the English and colonial athletes had formed an alliance against the Yankees. While the bitterness between the two was hardly sufficient to warrant official interference, it was plainly evident to the big crowd.

Today's London papers were filled with communications from resentful Britishers who emptied their vials of wrath upon the American athletes for their charges of unfairness against the Olympic management.

Even the silly charges that George Hackenschmidt made against Wrestler Frank Gotch, when the latter won the title, were reiterated as proof that America does not know the first principles of fair play. Two terms that have been used against the English athletes for the last half century, "hard losers" and "chronic grumblers," were applied to the Americans in today's press letters.

England Snowed Under.

The trouble arises from the fact that England is being snowed under in the regular track and field events having scored but one point this week up to the beginning of today's

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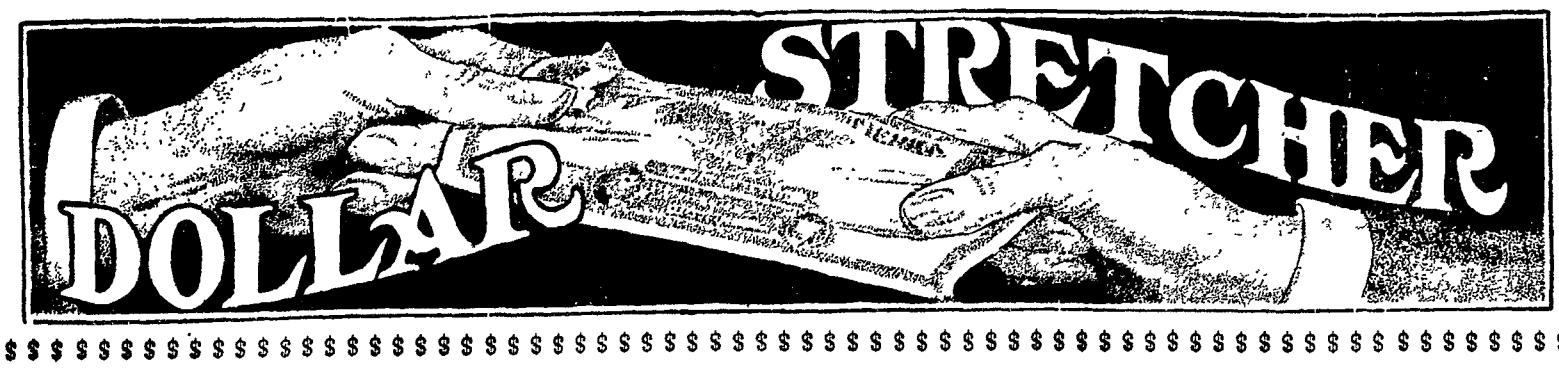

Sale of all $1 Fancy Silks 64c

64c is a mighty little for those splendid $1 silks—of which we have such an immense line.

We have always made OUR $1 FANCY SILKS the keynote—the cornerstone of that whole big "Silk Store." Every effort is made to crowd the biggest dollar's worth into them—to gather the startling new effects and pleasing colorings.

And now to "clean sweep" the whole lot—thousands of yards—AT 64c YARD.

85c black taffeta—27 inches wide—57½c.
Our own fine $1 black taffeta silk 74c.
27-inch colored taffetas—85c value at 50c.
$1.25 yard-wide colored taffetas at 95c.
59c "near-Rajah" silks at 29c yard.

"Dollar Stretcher" Day.

Dress Goods, Wash Goods: prices here

that'll make Saturday the season's biggest day.

New additions—"NEW RECRUITS" have been brought into that BIG WASH GOODS STORE of ours—until everything is ripe for "Dollar Stretcher" Saturday. And lo! what wonderfully little prices,

At 5c yard—was 8c—a "sweeping" reduction of several hundred yards cool and summery batistes—30 inches wide.

At 9½c yard—was 15c and 18c—dotted Swiss muslins.

At 9½c yard—was 15c—the attractive "bordure" batistes.

Organdies at half—12½c yard, were 25c: time now for these fine silk and sheer cotton organdies to go—so the price is whacked in two. *Plain and striped patterns* 12½c.

18c now—our line of 25c silk ginghams

8c—our clearance price of fine 12½c lawns, batistes and organdies—not easy in a few words to tell of these dainty goods—of the beautiful figures and flowers that show upon the light and dark grounds.

Among special white goods—
India linons at 10c & 12½c.
15c & 20c long cloths 10c and 15c.
25c dotted Swisses 19c.
12½c fancy nainsooks 9½c
25c Persian lawns 18c.

And DRESS GOODS SIMPLY MUST MOVE. There'll be no "if nor ands" about it on "DOLLAR STRETCHER" SATURDAY. It'll be luck to get some of these.

Buy these fabrics Saturday—at half price and less.

12½c instead of 25c—pretty panamas and worsteds—sturdy and serviceable cloths.

25c instead of 50c—all-wool, striped and fancy serges and panamas.

35c instead of 75c—a line of splendid, wiry panamas—full 54 inches wide. Several of the best shades

49c instead of $1 yard, includes practically all of our dollar panama, serge, worsted and batiste suitings. A great offering.

Striking valuegiving on 2d floor.

THESE PRICES WILL SHOW how little they are caring for profits—or even cost, for that matter—on our "2d floor."

They are trying to see just how far 'twill be possible TO STRETCH YOUR DOLLARS SATURDAY.

Fine muslin underwear
—you need pay but a fraction for any of the garments.

Saturday's Gown prices—39c, 69c, 79c, $98c, $1.48, $1.59 up.
Saturday's Skirt prices—48c, 69c, 79c, $1.15, $1.49, $2.25 up.
Saturday's Drawers—21c, 39c, 48c, 79c, $1.10, $1.19, $1.39 up.

Hand-worked French lingerie—
—pick anything Saturday at a "third less" than regularly.

French skirts.
French gowns.
French corset covers.
French drawers.
} **Third Off.**

A "Fifth Off" all children's undermuslins—we alone in Marion have a large and satisfactory line of children's skirts, gowns and drawers. **20% off all of them Saturday.**

For "Dollar Stretcher" Saturday—
more of those splendid summer corsets at 19c.

New styles which will give the proper foundation for summer gowns. Of cool batiste or summer net Several models!—al sizes. **19c each.**

The famous $5 Gossard corsets—the one "lace-front corset" endorsed by smart dressers. Expertly fitted free. **Pay now but $3.65.**

Three lots of lace curtains are "half price"—all others at 30% discount.
Lot one—is $2.50 curtains at $1 25 pair.
Lot two—is $3 00 curtains at $1 50 pair.
Lot three—is $4 curtains at $2.00 pair.

In the "Little Folk's Store"
—an hundred attractive savings

Children's white and colored dresses 25% discount—
In ages 2 to 14 years—for the clearance of this big line of handsome little frocks—pay Saturday, but
75c for $1.00 dresses, $1.12 for $1.50 dresses—
84c for $1.25 dresses, to $7.50 for $10 dresses.

Pay half for infants' white dresses.
Half price would scarcely pay for the dainty trimmings These soft little white dresses—long or short—how they'll fly out Saturday.
12½c for 25c dresses, 38c for 75c dresses.
25c for 50c dreses, 50c for $1 dresses,
up to $2.50 for $5 dresses.

How they are buying the pretty Parasols at 1/2 Price.

Yes, indeed, women snapped this opportunity—the chance to pick ANY PARASOL THEY LIKED from our great assortment and pay but HALF PRICE FOR IT.

All is ready again—with splendid selections for "Dollar Stretcher" Saturday—at half former prices.

Women's $1 to $5 parasols are 50c to $2.50.
Children's 25c to $2.50 parasols are 12½c to $1.25.

2 spools cotton thread 5c—a good black and white thread—all the numbers—not made by the trust.

A good 5c toilet soap—3 cakes for 5c—our special "Uhler & Phillips" brand made by Armour's

The Best Trunk Buying Time.

For now—one can choose from a line of about the best trunks ever handled in Marion—at a flat "25% Discount."

Steamer trunks, dress trunks, hat trunks, etc.

Trunks that were $5 00 now $3.75.
Trunks that were $6.00 now $4.50.
Trunks that were $7.50 now $5.63.
Trunks that were $15 now $11.25.

Crashes & Towels.

A "trio" of SPECIAL CRASHES—
Best 6c twilled crash at 4½c yard.
10c brown absorbent crash at 7½c yd.
12½c "Barnsley" all-linen at 10c yd.

TOWELS—"dollar stretched."
27-inch long Turkish towels 4c.
18x36-inch hucks worth 18c at 10c.
20x40-inch fine huck towels in an excellent 20c grade at **2 for 25c.**
40-inch long extra heavy huck towels are wonders at **18c.**

"Dollar Stretcher" pricing of fifty styles 7c. Apron Ginghams 4¾c

HERE'S THE GINGHAM ITEM OF THE YEAR—this marking of a strong domestic gingham in Lancaster-like patterns—fast color—and an excellent selection to pick from, for less than 5c yard. Could one's dollars be stretched farther? 4¾c YARD.

All Calicoes 4¾.

Would you come where most of the calicoes in town were being sold?

Then be here on "Dollar Stretcher" day—when all our racks will be filled up again with American and Simpson's prints—in all patterns and colors—4¾c

And in FINE DRESS GINGHAMS—
'twill be a noteworthy Saturday.

At 6c yard—you may find just the gingham which you expected to pay 10c or 12½c for—in this choice lot of dress and seersucker patterns—and ticketed but 6c.

An immense line of 15c ginghams at 10c.

An hundred pieces or more finest 18c ginghams are 12½c.

"Dollar Stretcher" day among all 25c ginghams brings the price a'tumbling to 17½c yard.

Yard-wide Percales 9½c.

The popular, wide dress percales. Every store has them—but people have learned pretty well where to come when they want the best assortment—the freshest, newest patterns. Think what good fortune 'twill be for you—our selling of our entire, great stock of percales Saturday only— **at 9½c yd.**

The "July Linen Sale": pay less now than for several years.

Let the JULY CLEARANCE OF RELIABLE LINENS save you fully "one-third" of your annual linen expenditures. Have you learned along with so many others—the great advantage of buying in July—when the big "sweep out" is in progress?

Assortments are in tip-top condition—lines complete—and PRICES HAMMERED DOWN TO BED-ROCK for "dollar stretcher" day.

Let the following be a hint:

Strong "silver bleached" damasks—all of pure, honest linen through and through....

49c buys 65c silver linens—64 inches wide.

65c instead of 85c—68 in. wide.

80c instead of $1—2 yards wide.

$1 for finest $1.25 silver damasks.

Strong-as-iron unbleached damasks—not a thread but is real, sturdy linen flax.

45c was 75c yard—64 inches.
59c was 75c yard—72 inches.
69c was 75c yard—72 inches.

Snow-white bleached damasks—
19c yard for our best 25c cloth.
45c yard.—sturdy all-linen—59c values.
59c buys 66-inch 75c damasks.
75c buys 2-yard wide $1 damasks.

Special table cloths with matched napkins are 75c yard—worth $1.

Fine open borders all around—an honest all-linen cloth—75c instead $1.

Your "dollars stretched" to the breaking point.

Muslins & Sheetings

But once or twice a year—is our "Domestic Section" able to announce such value-giving as the following:

Unbleached muslins—
4½c worth 6c. 7c worth 8 1-3c.
5c worth7c. 8c worth 10c.
40-inch wide muslin at 8c.

Bleached muslins—
36-inch at 5c yd. 7c worth 9c.
6c worth 8 1-3c. 8c for Lonsdale muslin

Remarkable sheetings—
81-in. wide unbleached sheeting—17½c.
72-in. wide bleached sheeting—19½c yd.
81-in. wide bleached sheeting—20½c yd.

Hosiery & Underwear Clearance.

Customers tell us that these are littlest prices they have ever paid for hosiery and underwear—backed by such a high standard of quality.

For trash, you know—is no bargain at any price. Its when the goods ring "100 PER CENT. TRUE," as these do—that low prices become really attractive.

There'll be PLENTY OF EXTRA SALESPEOPLE to give quick service to Saturday's crowds.

Women's hosiery—
9c pair—strong black cotton hose.
9c pair—special tan hose worth 12½c.
11c pair—black lisle finished—our best 15c stocking.
19c pair—"Iris Mills" gauze lisle 25c black hose
37½c pair—instead of 50c—
Wayne's "Indestructible" black hose—garter tops.
"Wayne Knit" brilliant lisle.
Black lisle with ecru split sole.

Boys' and girls' stockings—
Children's 15c black lace lisle—**10c pair.**
18c pair—infants' and children's 25c socks.
2 pairs 25c—boys' and girls' 20c black ribbed

Men's half-hose 11c pair—
Big sale of men's 15c to 25c hose at **11c pr.**

Women's Underwear—"Dollar Stretcher" Prices.
7c—for tape trimmed cotton vests, were 10c
19c—for 35c ribbed union suits with lace.
19c, 3 for 50c—best 25c "Swiss" vests.
37½c—best 50c "Swiss" vests.
At half price—"Belfast" linen mesh garments.

Men's special underwear for Saturday—
19c for all 25c balbriggan garments.
37½c for all 50c balbriggan garments.
75c—men's $1 "Munsing" union suits.

The greatest Sacrifice Sale of all Women's Ready-to-wear.

PLENTY OF EXTRA HELP—stocks arranged so you can conveniently find what you want quickly: all is in readiness for the great business we are sure to do Saturday. For fortunately we can re-announce all the splendid bargains of the Sale's opening day.

Those new FALL SUITS.

Pin your faith to THE STORE THAT IS ALWAYS FIRST.

Again the Uhler & Phillips Store leads—with ITS SHOWING OF DISTINGUISHED TAILORED SUITS—by fast express from one of New York's most notable suit makers.

You'll find in these exclusive new suits, the practical American adaption of the Paris Directoire modes—which rather sensational write-ups in the newspapers have served to make familiar to all of us.

Skirts are plain and tight-fitting—the sleeves are considerably smaller. The 36-inch long coats have the lines of the Frenchmen's coats in the Directoire period.

Ask to see these suits! **$25 to $40.**

"Dollar stretching" price of cool, sheer Jumper suits—

$1.50 for the smart little dresses that were $3.

$2 35 for the smart little dresses that were $5.

3 75 for pretty $7.50 jumper frocks

Silk Jumpers—here are 3 unequalled offerings—

At $8 69—'tis a wonderful "hurry-out" price put on a selection of handsome 1-piece taffeta dresses worth formerly up to $20 Plain copenhagen and navy blues, browns, black, polka dots and stripes

Price tumblings among higher priced silk jumpers—bring
Exquisite $25 ones now to $12 50—and
$35 empire 1-piece silk costumes to $16 50.

Washable Jacket Suits have seldom sold for as little as they will on "Dollar Stretcher" Saturday.

$2.98 for the jauntiest of the new tub styles Its long 36 inch coat has tan inset on collar and cuffs Pearl buttons Above the average $5 values

At $3.98 are $6.50 suits in white and light pastel shades of blue and pink—with abundant trimming of filet lace.

The $12 50 helio suits at $6.50—with snappy "dip front" coat and pointed back.

Exquisite white dresses—
—wonderfully little (you will find) will now deck one out in pretty, bewitching white.

"Princess" (1-piece) dresses are dropped to—
$2 98 for dresses formerly marked up to $6.
$3.98 for those worth in a regular way $7.50
$4.25 for $12.50 dresses, $11 for $20 dresses,
Up to $22 for exquisite $40 Princess costumes.

And take Saturday's pricing of white shirt waist dresses!
—did you ever know of a dollar's buying power to equal this?
$1.98—we've marked dresses worth $5.
$2.98 and $3.98—formerly $6.50 to $8.
$4.50—it took $10 to buy the same dresses a month ago.

Saturday in the "Skirt Store"
—one will find unprecedented economies.
At $4.50 to $10.50—two large racks of our finest $6 50 to $15 walking skirts.

White lingerie waists at 42c—worth up to $1.
Soft, filmy waists of lawn—in many styles, with ehmy, val or torchon lace, embroideries and tucks Long or short sleeved styles All sizes in these wonderful waists—**at 42c.**

The 79c waits worth $1.50 and $2—mighty attractive, this line of showy lingerie waists in *many styles at 79c*

98c waists—worth up to $2.50—a big, fresh and clean line of fluffy white waists in most every style—*wonders at 98c.*

At $1.50—white waists worth up to $3.

The sales other special white waists are now marked $1.98, $2.50 and $2.98.

Our finest and most exquisite lingerie waists—
Saturday's customers will find them ticketed
$3.50 for $5 waists. $5 for $7.50 waists,
$4 for $6.50 waists. Up to $8 for $12.50 ones.

"One fourth off" every silk waist—
Our $3 50 silk waists are **$2.62.**
Our $5.00 silk waists are **$4.00.**

Be here Saturday!

Just as we promise you—it will be a day in which your "dollars will be stretched" out, until every dollar will be AN HUNDRED CENTS, PLUS.

Plus 10c or 25c some times. Oftener, plus 33 1-3c and 50c. In many cases plus another dollar, or even two dollars. For in not a few instances—tomorrow's prices will be but A THIRD THE REGULAR FIGURES.

The big semi-anual "clean-sweeping" will be under fullest headway tomorrow.

Our "July Sale"—as a big help to Vacationists.

"One might just as well give up the thought altogether—as to go without plenty of the right clothes," you say?

"And so much money is needed for the trip—carfare, hotel bills, the list runs."

Here's where this big busy store steps in to help. Right now one can save a great portion of one's outlay for clothes.

These savings can go to help pay vacation expenses proper—sort of help you to eat your cake, and keep it too.

Uhler & Phillips, Marion, Ohio.

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POOR GAS MAKES RACE A FAILURE

The St. Paul Race Something of a Frost.

BALLOONS GO DOWN WITH TEMPERATURE

The Supply of Ballast Soon Exhausted.

As a Result All Five of the Contestants in the Flight Land Within Seventy-Five Miles of the Saintly City—Chicago Aeronaut Wins with the Largest Balloon Entered. Pilots Describe Trip.

St. Paul, Minn., July 20—The effort made by five monster balloons to surpass the world's distance and endurance record was a failure, the longest air-line distance traveled being 73 miles, made by the Chicago, owned by C. A. Coey, Chicago. The Pommern, which was the last to report, landed near Warsaw, Minn., about 52 miles from St. Paul.

The Chicago, the largest balloon in the race, came down near Blooming Prairie, Minn., about 85 miles south of St. Paul, on the Milwaukee road. No details of the landing were received here.

Lieutenant J. G. Bennett, pilot of the King Edward, who landed at Hampton, Minn., on his return to St. Paul denied the story telephoned here that his balloon had caught on the telephone wires.

A. Leo Stevens, director of the race, in explaining the failure of the aeronauts to sail greater distances than they had accomplished, said that the lifting power of the gas was not as great as they had counted on, and that consequently the balloons were unable to carry the amount of ballast necessary for a long flight.

Captain P. S. Hudson, pilot of the balloon American, which landed six miles south of Owatonna, Minn., 80 miles south of here, returned to St. Paul with his assistant, Horace Wilde of Chicago. Mr. Wilde gave out the following story of the balloon's flight:

"We were handicapped to start with," said Mr. Wilde, "because the gas was too heavy. To make a long flight we should have carried 50 sacks of sand ballast, but we were unable to get away with more than 14.

"We shot up to a height of 4,600 feet and sailed at that level for a long time. Our highest altitude was 5,200 feet. As the sun began to sink in the west, the gas began to contract and the balloon fell to the 2,000-feet level. Clouds also obscured the sun and caused a further contraction of the gas.

"As the sun sank further in the west we threw out sand, a handful at a time. Finally we descended until we were within 10 feet of the earth and our trail rope was dragging over fields and fences. We threw out sand and rose again. Determined to stay in the air as long as possible, we threw overboard everything that added unnecessarily to the weight of the balloon. We thought for a time that we would be able to sail through the night, knowing that the warming sun in the morning would expand the gas and carry us into the high currents. But after we had spent all our ballast but two sacks, which were essential to safe landing, we decided to come down.

The landing was effected without difficulty in a meadow, six miles from Owatonna. In climbing from the basket Captain Hudson tripped and sprained his ankle."

Distances in balloon races are measured in a line from starting point to the landing place, and not by the total number of miles traveled.

A table of the air line distances traveled by the balloons follows Pommern, 52 miles; King Edward, 24 miles; American, 58 miles, United States, 55 miles; Chicago, 73 miles

C. A. Coey, pilot of the Chicago, wired from Blooming Prairie, Minn., where he landed, as follows:

"Landed on the farm of O. P. Brooten. Our trip was the most enjoyable one yet While were are somewhat disappointed in the short distance made, yet the slow pace gave us a most beautiful opportunity to see the country. Had the gas been good we would at least have broken the endurance record, as the wind currents were favorable. At one time we were traveling so low that our drag rope anchored us and held us prisoners for over an hour.

"We broke loose by rocking the basket and soon were sailing on. At 7.27 a. m. we sighted Dr. Thomas in the Pommern. We noticed he was in a strata moving north, so we rose above him and at an altitude of 1,200 feet found a current which took us southeast. As the Pommern was below the clouds we lost sight of her. Have nothing to regret, as we stayed up as long as we possibly could on account of poor gas."

How can a man have undying love for a woman who dyes her hair?

THE REVOLUTION IS COMPLETELY CRUSHED

Captain Mayo Makes a Report from Honduras.

Washington, July 21.—Captain Mayo, in command of the United States cruiser, Albany, which is in Amapala, Honduras, has reported to the navy department that it has been officially declared there that "the revolution has been completely crushed and that tranquility now prevails."

When women argue they like to argue that they don't.

Women like religion and men politics for the same reason—they don't understand it.

One of the most annoying things in the world is the unreasonableness of people whom you annoy.

RABBITS NO LONGER REGARDED A SCOURGE

Tasmania Turns the Rabbit into Source of Profit.

Flesh and Pelt Found Acceptable in the English Markets—A Reminder of Some of the Organized Rabbit Hunts of This Country.

Washington, July 21.—A few years ago one might read of the scourge of rabbits in the western states—an increasing horde of bunnies that ravaged the country, ate all the green things, and made life miserable for the settler. The department of agriculture not so many years ago issued a bulletin, with some scientific hints as to rabbit extermination, and told graphicitly of the rabbit hunts, or round-ups, wherein the citizens of perhaps several counties got together, built a big trap and then chased Br'er Rabbit in a fast-enclosing circle, until he ran into the corral, where he was slaughtered by the thousands with clubs "Br'er Rabbit" was a destroyer and a liability—not an asset.

But in these progressive days, Tasmania, one of the British colonies, has found a way to make bunny a good cash asset. He is trapped, split open, frozen and shipped all the way to England where his fur is not unacceptable. In 1906, $2,391,563 in frozen rabbits were exported to England, together with $2,323,510 in rabbit skins

Consul Henry D Baker, speaking of the Tasmanian rabbit industry declares that the trapping gives employment to a very large number of men, and that complete freezing plants are in operation at Hobart and Launceston, for preparing Bunny for export.

NO CAUSE FOR TALK OF WAR

Between the United States and Japan.

THAT IS VIEW OF OUR AMBASSADOR

Thomas J. O'Brien Ridicules War Tales.

The Japanese Are Not Inclined Toward War at All, He Says in an Interview—Picture of Japan as a Bloodthirsty Nation, Its Head on Fire and a Chip on Its Shoulder Is Altogether Absurd, He Says.

Chicago, July 20 —The talk of war between the United States and Japan and the recent warlike speech of Captain R P. Hobson, are both nonsense, according to Thomas J. O'Brien, United States ambassador to Japan, who stopped here for a few hours on his way to his home in Grand Rapids, Michigan.

There is no more chance for war with Japan, O'Brien declares, than there is with any other country on the map Japan's ambitions are commercial rather than military.

"The Japanese are not inclined towards war at all," he said. "The picture of Japan as a bloodthirsty nation, its head on fire with the lust of conquest and with a very large chip on its shoulder, is absurd. Japan is looking forward to a future of commercial greatness above all else.

"I found in Japan a sense of surprise over the war talk in this country. In Japan, Americans are popular, fully as popular as the English, despite the alliance. The students the Mikado is sending to American universities are the men who are going to do things and this means that ultimately, the men who will govern Japan will be men of American education."

O'Brien said Captain Hobson's speech in congress along the same lines as his Denver speech was widely printed in Japan and had an unfortunate effect.

SOLIDIFY THE ENTIRE WEST

That's the Plan of Chairman Hitchcock.

DOUBTFUL STATES ARE TO BE HELPED

By Those Which Are Known To Be Safe.

He Refuses To Pose as a Prophet. Tells Inquisitive Reporter That He Will Not Make Any Predictions During the Campaign—Will Overlook No Territory Where There Is a Ghost of Show for Victory.

Colorado Springs, Colo, July 20.—A two-days' conference between Frank H Hitchcock, chairman of the Republican national committee, and chairmen from western states and territories, began here at the Hotel Antlers this morning. The men who are here to meet Chairman Hitchcock are as follows:

Members of the national committee. W. S. Sturgis, Arizona; Charles Cavender, Colorado; Senator Borah, Idaho; David W. Mulvaney, Kansas; Thomas C. Marshall, Montana; Victor Rosewater, Nebraska; Solomon Luna, New Mexico; James Kennedy, North Dakota; Cash M. Coke, Oklahoma; Ralph E. Williams, Oregon; Thomas Thorson, South Dakota; Cecil A. Lyon, Texas; William Spencer, representing C. A. Loose, Utah; Robert L. McCormick, Washington, George R. Paxton, Wyoming.

State chairmen: Herbert R. Tonney, Arizona; George Stone, California, John F. Vivian, Colorado; James H. Brady, Idaho, J. T. Moore, Kansas, Fletcher Maddox, Montana; William Maynard, Nebraska; George F Turnitin, Nevada; H O. Bursum, New Mexico; L. B. Hanna, North Dakota; Charles E Hunter, Oklahoma; W. M. Cake, Oregon; W. C. Cook, South Dakota; Cecil A. Lyon, Texas; Wesley K. Walton, Utah, A. E. Statter, representing Washington; Vice Chairman Gramm, representing Charles W Burdick, Wyoming

The national committeemen from California and Nevada were unable to come. Senator Warren of Wyoming and a number of other Republicans, not members of the committee, are also on hand.

Nothing of the kind now undertaken by Mr. Hitchcock was ever attempted in the history of national campaigns in any party. He announced upon his arrival that it would be his purpose to have states which are certainly Republican assist in campaigning in neighboring states which may be doubtful. To that end he is bringing the western leaders together. There is to be a general conference at which the various leaders will exchange ideas and formulate a system whereby one state may draw upon the political resources of another. After that Mr Hitchcock will hold individual conferences with the representatives of each of the 17 states and territories which are sending men to the political gathering.

According to Chairman Hitchcock there has been a lack of coherence between western leaders in past campaigns. the representatives of each state doing their best to pile up Republican majorities, but not helping other states which have more difficult political battles to fight. He said that he wanted to broaden the responsibilities of each of the western Republican leaders with a view of carrying the whole western region for Taft and Sherman.

When asked what western states he regards as safely Republican and what ones he classes as doubtful, Mr. Hitchcock said "I have determined not to make any predictions at any time. That will be my policy throughout the campaign We won't neglect any territory where there is a bare chance of victory, either north, south, east or west, but I shall not indulge in forecasts."

A delegation arrived from Denver to see Mr. Hitchcock and urged the selection of that city as the place of establishing a western headquarters for the distribution of campaign material and assignment of speakers. Salt Lake City is being considered also, but no decision will be made until after Mr. Hitchcock returns to the east.

Vacation For Government Horses.

Thirty days' vacation will hereafter be allowed to every horse owned by the postoffice department in Washington. Chief Clerk Conrad has signed an order granting to Charley, a big black horse, thirty days in which to exort in a pasture in Montgomery county, Md. "Every employee of the government," says Mr. Conrad, "receives thirty days' annual vacation and, if necessary, thirty days' sick leave. I see no reason why the horses we use in the department should not have a rest or a vacation, and hereafter I am going to send each of the horses away for thirty days to rest."

CANDIDATE TAFT ADOPTED BY UNION

Steam Shovel Men Elect Him to Membership.

Hot Springs, Va., July 20.—On the occasion of his visit to Cincinnati to be notified of his nomination for the presidency by the Republican party, Judge William H. Taft will also receive official notification of his election as a member of a labor organization. He has been elected a member of the International Society of Steam Shovel Men, of which T. J. Dolan of Chicago is president. Mr. Taft had a good deal to do with the steam shovel men at Panama. His notification of his membership in the union will be made on July 29. He will probably leave here next Saturday for Cincinnati and may not return until the following Saturday. Judge Taft has concluded that it will not be possible for him to attend any state fairs before the election. After Sept. 1 he expects to remain in Cincinnati until the election is over.

Willis Moore, chief of the weather bureau, is here today. Mr. Moore has some ideas concerning the treatment of the labor problem which he desires to talk over with Mr. Taft.

Judge Taft attended the opening of court at Germantown, five miles from Hot Springs, this morning, and delivered an address on the administration of justice. General H. C. Corbin and Mrs Corbin are here by invitation of Mr. Taft

ZIMMERMAN TALKS FINANCIAL MATTERS

Is Interviewed While Making Stop in Toledo.

THE RAILROAD RATE QUESTION IMPORTANT

No Hope for Relief in the Financial Condition of the Country Until the Railroad Rate Question Is Disposed of—Campaign Is Not the Cause of the Depression.

Toledo, O., July 21—Colonel Eugene Zimmerman of Cincinnati, who spent a few hours in Toledo, in speaking of the financial situation and the causes of the money stringency, said:

"As to the financial condition now prevailing throughout the country, I do not look for any relief until the cause of the trouble has been removed. The campaign is not the cause, and those who think that when the question as to who is the next president has been decided, the wheels of prosperity will begin to turn will be sadly disappointed. It is not a question of politics nor one of lack of confidence in any party that is at fault just now.

"I do not look for any great prosperity in this country until the railroad rate question has been settled. Until the freight rates of the railroads are advanced there cannot be, in the reason of things, any great prosperity, I take it. As soon as this question is settled the wheels of industry will at once resume and things will go on as they did some time ago.

"When these rates have been advanced to their proper place, the railroads will then be in a position to give orders for materials to be used in improving along the line. Since the railroads are very large, if not the largest consumers of the goods manufactured in America, the factories can at once resume and the men laid off will again be given work and things will be as they should be.

"The freight rates of the United States are but one-half as high as those of England, and the wages here twice those paid in England. I am not in favor of reducing the wages of the American laborer or railroad man, but until the roads are in a position to improve there will not be any great wave of prosperity strike the land, no matter who sits in the White House at Washington."

BOLD ATTEMPT TO ROB BANK AT ADA

Cashier Routed Out of Bed by Six Masked Men.

Forced To Go to Bank and Open Vault Doors—In So Doing He Sets Off Fire Alarm and the Robbers Flee.

Ada, O., July 21.—An unsuccessful attempt was made early today to rob the First National bank at Ada. Six men, armed and masked, went to the home of Clyde Sharp, the cashier, entered his room, and at revolver point compelled him to accompany them. Two remained to guard the home while four escorted Sharp to the bank and forced him to open the vault doors. In doing so, however, Sharp set off the fire alarm. The robbers fled, taking six dollars out of the cash drawer. A posse is trailing the men toward Lima, Ohio, and their capture is expected.

It's sometimes easier to catch on than it is to let go.

POLICE HUNTING FOR EBERHARDT

Murders Austrian Woman for Her Money.

HE TRIES TO KILL HER DAUGHTER ALSO

Inveigles Them into Coming to America.

Urges Them To Leave Their Home in Austria, Telling the Mother To Come and Bring Her Money and Her Daughter, That He Will Marry the Daughter and All Will Live Happily Together.

New York July 20—Police of every city in the country today are on the look-out for August Eberhardt, of No. 39 St. Nicholas place, Manhattan, who is wanted in connection with the murder of his aunt, Mrs. Ottillie Eberhardt, and the attempted murder of her daughter on the railroad tracks near Coalburg, New Jersey. It is believed by the police that Gus Eberhardt deliberately lured his aunt and her daughter from their home in Austria with the intention of killing them for the little fortune he knew they possessed.

The murderer of Mrs. Eberhardt took $2,450 from the bosom of her dress after shooting her through the heart and brain and then throwing her body before a train, where, frightfully mangled, it was found when the girl, who had been shot three times, gave the alarm.

For months Eberhardt, who worked in a grocery store on the upper West Side of New York, has been writing to Mrs. Eberhardt and her twenty-year-old daughter in Austria. "Come to America and bring your money," he wrote. "Then Ottillie—the daughter—and I will marry, and we will all be happy."

Mother and Daughter Come.

The mother and daughter arrived last Thursday on the steamship, Deutschland. On Saturday the nephew and his two alleged victims crossed to Jersey on a ferry and took a trolley to a park near Hackensack. There the three took to the tracks of a railroad leading toward Coalburg and were plodding along when a storm broke. Just as a peal of thunder came, Miss Eberhardt, who was walking ahead, says her mother stumbled up to her and cried: "I have been struck by lightning!"

Then came another report and this time the girl saw the flash of a revolver. Then a third shot rang out and a bullet cut a thin gold chain around the girl's neck. Then Eberhardt shouted: "Run!" and as she fled, another bullet struck her in the shoulder. As she turned to look for her mother, still another struck her in the nose and, terrified, she fled screaming through the storm

Mother on the Tracks.

"I caught sight of my mother lying on the tracks with Gus standing over her," the girl said when she reached shelter. "I supposed he was trying to help her. I know he had a revolver because he showed it to me before we started from New York. Gus knew mother had the money, but surely he would not kill us for it."

Search was made after the girl had told her story revealed the body of the mother, not on the track where she was shot, but on another track some forty feet away where it had evidently been carried by the slayer.

No traces so far has been found of the nephew, but posses are scouring the countryside.

It is believed he boarded a passing train and has sought to make his escape to the West.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

The best thing going is an unwelcome guest.

Better a tramp in the woods than a hobo in the woodshed.

Don't waste other people's time while you are wasting your own.

If you are unable to hold your temper get a strong man to hold you.

Some men don't even try to reach the top because they prefer company.

There might be more sinners in the world if it were more thickly populated.

Perhaps a rolling stone gathers no moss because there isn't any great demand for moss.

Fortunate is the man who doesn't find fault because he doesn't know where to look for it.

Contentment is said to be better than riches, but it is only a matter of hearsay with most people.

The average man is willing to let his wife have the last word—and the sooner she gets around to it the better she seems to like it.—Chicago News.

AKED DECLARES THE CHURCH IS DECAYING

That's the Opinion of John D. Rockefeller's Pastor.

New York, July 20.—John D Rockefeller's pastor, the Rev. Charles F. Aked, has prepared and is about to publish a series of magazine articles in which he declares that the churches are decaying and at the present rate of loss will be deserted within a century

"This is a time for plain speaking," said Dr. Aked, when asked why he was preparing to 'muck rake' the churches. "They must get into touch with the practical affairs of life. We may contemplate with poetical rapture the pearly gates and golden streets, but they must not so fill our minds that we forget the deadly and noisome tenement. The churches must go forward or perish."

WILLIAM J. BRYAN MAKES STATEMENT

Wants the Masses To Finance His Campaign.

Wishes Every Democratic Paper in the Country Would Begin the Collection of a Fund in Small Sums from Its Subscribers.

Lincoln, Neb. July 21.—William J. Bryan wants the masses to finance his campaign for the presidency. In a statement issued Monday he explained that such action is necessary, "if the rank and file of the voters of the country are to have a hand in directing its affairs."

In his statement, Bryan says:

"I wish every Democrat paper in this country would begin the collection of a fund in small amounts from its subscribers. There are few Democrats who could not afford to make a small contribution and the people will never be able to control the government until they take upon themselves the burden of supplying campaign funds. As long as a few men furnish the money to finance campaigns, these men will continue to exert an undue influence in the government.

"It seems that we have reached the end of the corporate contributions, and this is a step in advance, but the individuals who control these favors from the corporations may still dominate the campaigns by furnishing the sinews of war.

"I have no doubt that the Democratic party will receive contributions from more individuals than ever before contributed to a campaign, and there is no reason why the entire sum necessary should not be supplied by contributions from the masses."

MONNETT WILL STUMP STATE

Former Attorney General Promises His Support

TO NOMINEE OF THE DEMOCRACY

Buckeye Makes Trip for Purpose to Fairview.

He Gives Out an Interview in Which He Tells of the Dire Things Which Will Happen to the Wool Combine in the Event of the Election of the Nebraskan—Moore Also Pays His Respects.

Fairview, Lincoln, Neb., July 20.—After a lengthy interview with William J Bryan, Frank S. Monnett, former attorney general of Ohio, announced that it is his purpose to actively support Mr Bryan in Ohio in the campaign, and he will make numererous speeches in behalf of the Democratic ticket. He said he was authorized by Mr Bryan to state that because of the government's dereliction in prosecuting the alleged wool combine, whose headquarters he claims are in Ohio, Mr. Bryan had announced that if elected to the presidency he would at once put all machinery of the government at work to destroy any combination that may exist. "It will be his policy," said Mr. Monnett, "to destroy the wool monopoly that prevents competition as promptly as the courts and himself can do it. The American Woolen company has destroyed, so far as the producer is concerned, the entire benefit supposed to inure from the protection of wool."

Another late caller was E. H. Moore of Youngstown, O., who was chairman of the last state Democratic convention. He declined to discuss the nature of his visit beyond the fact that he had talked about the campaign generally.

THE ONE REGRET OF TAFT'S LIFE

Is That He Ever Left the Bench and Bar.

SO HE SAYS IN A SPEECH TODAY

At the Opening of the Bath Court-House.

Republican Candidate Says He Can Never Enter a Court-Room Without Feeling the Deepest Regret That He Ever Left the Bench. That Relation, Except His Domestic, Sweetest of His Life.

Hot Springs, Va., July 20.—"The one great regret of my life is that I ever left the bench and bar," said W. H. Taft, Republican candidate for president today, in his speech opening the Bath county court-house at Germantown.

"I can never enter a court-room without feeling the deepest regret that I ever left the bench. That relation was, except my domestic ones, the sweetest of my life. Then I was in association with none but honest and upright members of the bar who desired the 'square deal' all around."

More than 1,500 people filled the new court-house when Taft and his party arrived. Society women of Hot Springs, grizzled mountaineers and their wives and more than 300 negroes welcomed the candidate. J. H. McClintic, a county supervisor, amid applause, introduced Taft as "our next president."

"The last statement," said Taft as he acknowledged the cheers, "might not receive unanimous applause throughout the country," and the audience laughed heartily.

Continuing his reference to leaving the bench, Taft said:

"The law business is one of intellectual fighting where we seldom lose our tempers or strike under the belt. I congratulate Bath county on the fact that in it the political parties are evenly divided. Thus either party when in power will have to mind its Ps and Qs in the administration of the government. Equally divided parties provide an effective safety brake on the one in control."

Taft lacked enthusiasm in his address, his mind being still on his speech of acceptance which is not yet finally revised. He worked at it last night and was at it again at 7 this morning.

ROJESTVENSKY DENIES THAT HE'S A DEAD ONE

Report of His Death Is Greatly Exaggerated.

Another Man of the Same Name Dies a Day or Two Ago and This Gives Rise to the Report of the Passing of the Admiral.

Berlin, July 21.—Like Mark Twain, Admiral Rojestvensky has arisen to state that "the report of his death has been greatly exaggerated."

A special despatch received here this afternoon from Bad Neuheim denies that the Russian admiral is dead. It states that another man of the same name passed away there a couple of days ago and the report was sent to St. Petersburg that the dead man was the former commander.

The situation has resulted in considerable humorous comment in the press here owing to the fact that Russos, who have heretofore treated the defeated commander with scorn, however, since the report of his death rushed into print with glowing testimonials as to his valor and worth.

BY A BACHELOR.

Two's company unless they are husband and wife.

There's hardly anything a girl can be more ashamed of than a good appetite.

A woman is prouder of her husband for being introduced to a millionaire than for getting an honorary degree from a college.

A man's idea of a lucky financial turn is having some money his family doesn't know about, so they won't get it away from him.

When a man is in love with a girl he wants to tell everybody what a perfect creature she is, when a girl is in love with a man she wants everybody to tell her what a fine fellow he is.—New York Press

It doesn't pay to borrow trouble even on a friend's account.

A talking machine is all right if it does not talk machine politics.

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POLITICIANS ARE ASKING QUESTION

Governor Hughes Not in Harmony Conferences.

Is the Governor Grouchy Over Something, or Don't the Taftites Want Him To Play in Their Back Yard? Matter of Wonderment.

Washington, July 20.—Why has Governor Charles Evans Hughes, the New York executive, been unrepresented in the harmony conferences between Judge Taft and the late lamented "allies," at Hot Springs?

That's what politicians of the first magnitude are asking in Washington today. Is the governor grouchy over something, or doesn't the Taftites want him to play in their back yard?

The smoke of battle had hardly cleared away before Speaker Cannon was puffing his cigar under Judge Taft's vine and fig-tree and expressing his humble desire to serve Buckeye Bill in whatsoever capacity he might will. Senator Beveridge, Senator Hemenway and Representative Watson blocked the door in their eagerness to get into Judge Taft's room first to tell him how loyal the Fairbanks men would be to the Ohio nominee. Being the loudest talker, Senator Beveridge got Judge Taft's ear first.

Representative Burke, of Pennsylvania, hot footed it across country, from Senator Knox's country home to tell the new "Big Chief" how much the senator loved his conqueror. He had hardly gotten to Hot Springs before Representative Cooper of Wisconsin, came in to pledge the vote of the LaFollette crowd of reformers. Even Senator Dick, of Ohio, strutted around, as the representative of Senator Foraker, to display within the sight of Judge Taft, a beautiful white flag.

But where was he who bore the insignia of Governor Hughes? Not in Hot Springs! And Judge Taft has seen no one of that stripe since he was nominated. The politicians are wondering if he wants to.

A man is never so humble that his opinion is not worth quoting when favorable to you.

Worms of the dust make poor leaders of men to the divine.

A BIG MAN TOO SMALL FOR HIS JOB.

By William T. Ellis.

The International Sunday-School Lesson for July 26 is, "Saul Rejected by the Lord." I Sam. 15.

A few weeks ago it happened in New York, a few millenniums ago it happened in Palestine, so history is ever repeating the story of a strong man given a great opportunity and achieving—failure.

The New York incident, familiar to the newspaper readers of a continent, is quite analogous to the story of King Saul's tragic failure. A certain strong man, of good family, and towering head and shoulders above his fellows in ability, was called to a high municipal office in a time of crisis, amid the huzzas of an enthusiastic and admiring people. Throughout the land it was felt that here was the deliverer of New York City from corruption. Great power was in his hands, and public opinion supported him strongly. Yet a few weeks ago specific charges of malfeasance in office, neglect of duty, and unfitness for his position, were lodged with the governor against this man so recently a popular idol. Whether the particular charges are true or not, the fact is indubitable that the man's public career has been a failure. Two or three years ago newspapers and magazines were lauding him as a possible president of the United States, now the same publications are talking about the reasons for his fall. And the lessons in this modern instance are practically the same as those in the case of the handsome, giant king of ancient Israel who went down in disgrace because he did not measure up to his position.

Living in Front of a Mirror.

If I dared, I could print in this column the names of a dozen or a score of more or less well-known men of promise who have come to naught for the same reason as Saul. They have been smitten with the dread and prevalent disease of ingrowing self-satisfaction. They have stood so long before the distorting mirror of egotism that they have grown great in their own eyes. Like Israel's first king, they are no longer little in their own eyes, they think of themselves more highly than they ought to think. In the picturesque language of the street, every such person is "a dead one."

This strapping big son of Kish had actually got to the point—and modern instances are within everybody's view—where he thought he could give the Lord Almighty points on running the world, and where he would dare speak with condescending approval of Jehovah. He not only chose to twist the divine commands to suit himself and assumed the role of priest and prophet, but he also dared to speak patronizingly to the Lord's hoary prophet Samuel. It would be a violation of confidence to use names, but I heard recently, at first hand, the story of how, in similar arrogant and insulting fashion, one of the most famous of the modern kings of finance treated an honored minister of the gospel. Unfortunately, the minister in this case had not Samuel's fire and courage to rebuke with stinging words the offensive upstart. Saul had forgotten how little the biggest man is in Jehovah's sight, and he had forgotten also the preeminent sacredness of the office of the messenger who comes bearing the word, 'Thus saith the Lord.' In offering sacrifice himself at Gilgal, and in failing to destroy Amalek in the way commanded, the vain and foolish king sealed his own fate.

Shall Amalek Live.

Our soft times have begotten a certain type of sentimentalists who invest all animate, and sometimes inanimate, nature with their own capacity for suffering, and so they bewail the decapitation of a chicken and weep over the skinning of an onion. These persons build asylums for homeless cats, and are too busy to bother about the grave social and economic evils which afflict humanity. The idea of capital punishment for criminals makes them hysterical. They shudder at the story of Amalek, and the divine command to extirpate these heathen who had harried God's people ever since they had left Egypt.

The incident does not make pretty reading. It occurred in rough times when stern measures were necessary for the preservation of the nation which was to bear the torch of civilization and religion to uncounted generations. There is a place for the sword and for the gallows, even in these gospel-leavened times. For instance, that is a narrow and short-sighted spirit of mercy which would let the liquor traffic go unhindered because many persons get their living from it. Like the saloon Amalek persistent foe of human welfare was to be rooted out utterly, and removed from the face of the earth. Society is really merciful, as well as just, when it inflicts capital punishment upon certain offenders. Another illustration is the case of Turkey, the pusillanimity of the great powers of Europe, and their mistaken tolerance, has caused anguish that cries to heaven for vengeance. A large number of executions, and the complete overthrow of the Turkish government, would be the most humane and beneficent event that could occur in Europe today.

The Lust for Loot.

Saul, who was an Oriental, and entertained the ideas of his time, had no scruples about the justice of the command to destroy all the Amalekites. His temptation lay along the line of his vanity and selfishness. He spared Agog the king to adorn his triumphal chariot as a prisoner, and the lust for loot made him gather *into his own camp* the best of the sheep and oxen and other treasures of his conquered foe.

The incident is an early prototype of many modern reform experiences. Some citizens set out hot against the Amalek of political corruption, and they overthrow the evil power. But the sight of the loot is too much for them—the chance to secure office and honor and power and other personal advantage blinds them to their first duty. They win a victory over Agog but they suffer a defeat in their own characters.

Saul's head had been so completely turned that, upon Samuel's approach, he scarcely realized his offence. True, he indulged in lies as to the purpose of his spoil, declaring coward fashion that the people had gathered it, and adding that he meant it for sacrifice. Falsehood's an easy sequence of disobedience and self-indulgence. Moreover, Saul exhibited that surest and saddest sign of moral decadence, inability to discern and culpability of his misconduct. He really seems to have been unable to realize the heinousness of his disobedience. Pity, most of all, the person who has lost the sence of sin.

Witheringly the sentence of doom came to Saul, piercing his pride and pretence as the prophet cried (answering the excuse that the loot was to be used in worship, even as corruptly gained wealth is sometimes employed to endow universities and philanthropies)

'Behold, to obey is better than sacrifice!"

That is the word for the times. There is no substitute for obedience. To do what God commands is of far more importance than to build a church or build an orphan asylum. The Lord Jehovah cannot be bribed even if everybody else can. Rejection from the estate of kingly honor is the fate of every one who will not yield obedience to his duty and to the King of kings. When, in everyday's newspaper, we read of modern Sauls going to smash, we should remember that there is danger of disaster in ceasing to be little in one's own eyes.

STARTLING RELICS OF AN ANCIENT AMERICA

Black Hills Region Rich in Rare Finds.

A REGION OF SWAMPS AND BODIES OF WATER

The Streams Constantly Change Their Channels Ages Ago—Skeletons Are Preserved in the Mud Which Are Now Priceless to the Geologist—Some Facts.

Washington, July 20.—The Black hills region and the adjacent country have been noted finding places for the remains of strange animals of ancient America. Throughout this region, ages ago in the Cretaceous *period there were vast swamps and* bodies of open water, connected by a network of watercourses that were constantly changing their channels.

The intervening spaces, which were but slightly above the water level were covered with an abundant vegetation, and through this region roamed many beasts whose bones were here and there embedded in the mud that, now become solid rock, preserved to the geologist skeletons that are treasured in many museums.

Among these were the Ceratopsia an order of reptilian creatures which are the subject of a technical description in a volume just published by the United States Geological Survey.

The Ceratopsia comprised many genera and species, but the most striking perhaps, was the genus called Triceratops, a three-horned animal of huge size now represented in the United States National Museum at Washington by skeleton nearly as big as that of an elephant. An immense bony frill that covers the upper part of the neck, a pair of horns like those of an ox, a smaller nasal horn like that of a rhinoceros and a snout like that of a turtle, give the head of Triceratops a unique and striking appearance.

The Ceratopsia found their food in the vegetation of the swamp region they inhabited, and the agencies by which they became extinct are not certainly known.

PART MATCH PLAYS IN WORLD PROGRESS

The Lowly Match as an Agent of Civilization.

MATCHES FOUND AMONG SAVAGES

Some of the Arts of Starting and Preserving Fires Are Lost by Even the Savages Who Now Use Match To Light Cigarets and Kindle Their Campfires.

Washington, July 20.—Did you ever think of the part the lowly match plays in the progress of the world? Did you ever look upon the *little phosphorous stick as an agent* of civilization?

Everywhere throughout the world is the ever-present match. That old myth of savages starting fires by rubbing sticks together is well-nigh a lost art in these days. Take down in Brazil for instance Consul General Anderson, writing from Rio, declares that even in the almost inaccessible portions of the interior where the semi-civilized people are deprived of everything in the way of civilized supplies yet there are matches to light the iniquitous cigaret, or kindle the campfire.

There are of course some peoples yet unacquainted with the match—but they are of the lowest stratum of civilization. Globe trotters have found the match to go hand in hand with the first evidence of civilization. And the world's output of matches is staggering in its enormous aggregate. Thousands and thousands of acres of forest go down before the axeman each year to be manufactured into matches. In several countries match-making—of the wood kindling variety—is a government monopoly, a great many more nations reap a goodly revenue income each year from taxes on their manufacture.

Just for example Brazil's output of matches was 202 011 400 boxes in 1907 from which the government derived a revenue of $1,218,384 in taxes. That tax alone amounts to over $1.50 for each man, woman and child in the country.

A Drop in Twine.

For the next few days we will sell McCormick standard twine at 9 cents per pound. All orders taken prior to this announcement will be charged at 9 cents. The Houghton-Merkel Co.
178-t6-wk 4

DON'T GO HOME WITHOUT A STAR

Whenever you are in Marion on Saturday afternoons, don't go home without a Daily Star. It has 16 to 20 pages of interesting reading matter, enough to last all day Sunday. Two cents per copy of newsboys or at the Star office. 30-wky-tf

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An easy thing to understand is what you don't understand about women.

HE USES BAMBOO FOR AN AEROPLANE

Danish Inventor Builds a Machine That Is Extremely Light—Features.

A new flying machine has been constructed by Christian Ahl, a well known Danish inventor, says a cable dispatch from Copenhagen, Denmark. Bamboo is the material used through out, and it answers the purpose as well as steel. The wings are covered with silk. It is easily packed into small bulk for transportation purposes.

Inventor Ahl says that he has utilized the principle of the Indian snowshoe and the bird's wings. The flight of the aeroplane is intended to resemble that of a bird.

It is easier to work than any former flying machine, and according to the inventor, it cannot be upset. If thrown from a tower upside down it rights itself immediately. The motor of four horsepower capable of driving the machine with one person aboard weighs only thirty pounds. Ahl declares that he has solved the aeroplane problem perfectly. The invention has been patented throughout the world a French company providing the money.

Horse Notice.

Am standing Bonnie and May respectively at $12 and $15 at McElroy barn at Green Camp indefinitely from April 1. For further particulars call at or phone the barn.
97-s-wky-tf-c.

When a man doesn't care how his wife keeps her figure he does about how some other woman keeps hers.

NOTICE TO NON-RESIDENTS.

The unknown heirs of Aseneth S. Grubb deceased, whose place of residence is unknown, will take notice that Israel Grubb, administrator of the estate of Aseneth S. Grubb, deceased on the 3rd day of June 1908, filed his petition in the Probate Court within and for the County of Marion, and State of Ohio alleging that the personal estate of said decedent is insufficient to pay her debts and the charges of administering her estate, that she died seized in fee-simple of the following described real estate situate in said county, to wit: and known as a part of the south middle part of the North half of the East half of the Northwest quarter of section 21 Township No. 5 South range 14 East as conveyed to Thomas Stores by quit claim deed dated March 22, 1890 Record in Volume 67 page 501, deed record of Marion county, Ohio, beginning at the Northeast corner of said middle part and at the southeast corner of Mary Yachuer's land (see quit claim deed to Mary Yachuer dated March 22, 1890, from Joseph G. Paugborne, et al.), thence south along the sectional line five rods more or less to the northeast corner of lands conveyed to Sanford Miller by deed from Thomas Stores, dated March 29, 1890 and recorded in volume 67, page 552, deed record of said Marion county, thence west along the said Miller's north line (now Eliza beth Rush's) eight rods, thence north on a line parallel with said east line five rods, thence east on a line parallel with said south line eight rods to the place of beginning containing one fourth of an acre of land more or less.

The prayer of said petition for a sale of said premises for the payment of the debts and charges aforesaid, will be for hearing before said Court on August 10th 1908.

The persons first above mentioned will further take notice that they have been made parties defendant to said petition and that they are required to answer the same on or before the 10th day of August A. D., 1908.

ISRAEL GRUBB,
Administrator as aforesaid.
Dated, June 26, 1908.
By H. Edmund Hill, his attorney.
181-s-wk-6

Petition for Free Turnpike Road.

To the Honorable Board of Commissioners of Marion County, Ohio.

Gentlemen.—The undersigned land owners, owing lands lying within the bound of a proposed and hereinafter described route of a Free Turn Pike Road, respectfully ask that your honorable body do appoint commissioners at a special session to be held Friday July 31st 1908 at 1 o'clock p. m., to lay out and establish a Free Turn Pike Road pursuant to the provisions of the statute under Chapter (7) seven One Mile Assessment Pikes" Revised Statutes of Ohio Section 4774 to 4828, inclusive, and all acts amendatory thereof or supplementary thereto upon the following route between the following points within the County of Marion, State of Ohio to-wit

Beginning in the road leading east and west between Sections 21 and 28 Grand Prairie Township Marion County Ohio, where the Marion and Upper Sandusky Turn Pike intersects the same, thence west on or near the section line between Sections 21 28 20 29 19 and 30, Grand Prairie township and Sections 24, 25 23 and 26 Salt Rock Township, to the quarter section line running north and south through the west half of the southwest quarter of section 23 Salt Rock township a distance of 2¼ miles, more or less and there terminating.

We would represent that we are residents of Marion County, that we own lands that lie within the bounds of said Free Turn Pike road. We further request that an annual levy be made of extra tax upon all the property within said bounds for the period of not exceeding 25 years and in amount not exceeding ten mills upon the dollar valuation, each year as may be deemed necessary by the Commissioners appointed to construct said road and for such orders in the premises as are authorized by law.

Dated May 11th 1908.
FRED BROOKS and Others,
184-wed&wk 4 Petitioners

The Marion National Bank Plaintiff against The Implement Manufacturing Company Defendant Case No. 19911.

By virtue of an order of sale issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Marion County, Ohio directed and delivered to H. B. Hane, Receiver in the above named case of the defendant The Implement Manufacturing Company said Receiver will offer for sale at Public Auction at the west door of the Court House in Marion, Marion County, Ohio on the 15th day of August 1908 at the hour of 2 o'clock p. m. of said day all the property of the defendant The Implement Manufacturing Company both real and personal consisting of a band saw mill engine and boiler and all the tools and machinery connected therewith and belonging thereto also all the planing mill machinery of every description used in and about the plant and factory of the defendant also a large amount of hard and soft wood lumber, of all kinds, sizes and descriptions logs wood and coal wagons and harness and a large amount of other personal property of various descriptions too numerous to mention in detailed inventory of all of which personal property is on file in this case in the Clerk's office of Marion County, Ohio.

Also the following described real estate constituting the plant of said defendant, situated in the City of Marion and County of Marion and State of Ohio and described as follows to wit:

Tract 1. Situated in the City of Marion County of Marion State of Ohio and bounded and described as follows: Beginning three hundred and nine (309) feet north of the north line of Center street and one hundred and fifty (150) feet east of the east line of Greenwood street and in the North line of Wilson avenue thence north three degrees west seventy six and two tenths (76 2-10) feet to the south line of the right of way of the C. C. C. & St. L. R. R. thence in an easterly direction along the south line of said right of way a distance of two hundred and seventy nine and four fifths (279 4-5) feet thence south three degrees east one hundred and forty three and four-tenths (143 4-10) feet to Wilson avenue thence along the north line of Wilson avenue a distance of two hundred and sixty nine and seven tenths (269 7-10) feet to the place of beginning.

Tract 2. Situated in the City of Marion County of Marion and State of Ohio and known as being part of Section twenty two (22) Township five (5) Range fifteen (15) East Marion Township Marion County, Ohio and bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point in the west line of John D. Owens land on the north side of east Center street said point being 212 feet west of Greenwood street and 206 feet north of the north line of Center street thence north on the west line of John D. Owens continued to the south line of the right of way of the Cleveland Columbus and St. Louis Railway Company or what is known as the Big Four thence west on said south right of way line seventy (70) feet to the east line of Keller lot thence south on the east line of said Keller lot and parallel with the west line of Greenwood street to a point 206 feet north of the north line of Center street thence west seventy (70) feet parallel to the north line of Center street to the place of beginning.

Tract 3. Situated in the County of Marion in the State of Ohio and in the City of Marion and bounded and described as follows: Being a part of the northwest quarter of the southeast quarter of Section 22 Township 5 South Range 15 East and being a strip 8 feet off of the west end of the following premises. Commencing at the corner of a lot sold by Charles Baker to Henry Clay Sharpless on the west side of Greenwood street Marion Ohio and at a point 143 feet south of the south line of the right of way of the C. C. C. & I. (now C. C. C. & St. L.) Railroad thence north along the west line of Greenwood street at feet to a stake thence westward on a line parallel with the north line of Center street Marion Ohio 211 feet to a stake in the east line of a lot sold by grantor to Mary Ann Allen thence south along the east line of said lot 67 feet and thence eastward on a line parallel with the north line of Center street to the place of beginning containing 17 rods of land more or less.

Also the right to occupy and use a strip 12 feet wide off of the south side of said above tract containing 17 rods of land more or less and extending from Greenwood street to the east line of the land herein conveyed as a private alley and to be used in common by grantors their heirs and assigns of a certain deed from Ida L. and H. C. Sharpless to H. A. Martin his heirs and assigns dated March 14 1907 Recorded in Vol. 81 page 71 Deed Records of Marion County Ohio. Also the grantors in the above described deed Ida L. and H. C. Sharpless reserved from the within described premises the right to them and their heirs to use in common with the grantee H. A. Martin his heirs and assigns as a private alley the following piece to wit: Beginning at the southeast corner of the herein conveyed premises thence west 16 feet thence north 12 feet thence east 16 feet thence south 12 feet to the beginning.

Appraised as follows:

Tract 1. Being the lot and buildings thereon engine boiler and shafting	$10 000 00
Tract 2. Being the real estate on which is situated the office building and scales	2 000 00
Tract 3. Known as the Huber lot fronting on Greenwood street	1 400 00
Tract 4. Known as the Mezger lot	1 000 00
Tract 5. On which is situated the barn	600 00
Total appraisement	$15 000 00

Total appraisement for all the real estate of the defendant which includes the engine and boiler line shafting and the coal scale connected to the office $10 000 00. All the personal property of every description included in the inventory and not heretofore sold will be offered for sale together.

The real estate being the entire plant will be offered as one tract. All the real estate and personal property aforesaid will be offered together after being offered separately it being the desire and intention to sell the entire property as a going business.

Terms of sale. The personal property will be sold for cash. Real estate One third cash on day of sale one third in one and one third in two years from day of sale deferred payments to be secured by mortgage upon the premises sold.

July 1 1908.
H. B. HANE, Receiver.
By Crissinger & Guthery, his attorneys.
8 wk f-6

LEGAL NOTICE.

The members of The Marion Circuit Church of the Evangelical Association of North America in Marion Ohio and all others whom it may concern will take notice that on the 9th day of July A. D. 1908 the said The Marion Circuit Church of The Evangelical Association of North America in Marion Ohio and Michael Zachman Franklin P. Ault and Harvey J. Klinefelter Trustees of said Circuit Church filed in the Common Pleas Court of Marion county Ohio, their petition and application being Cause number 12014 praying for an order from said Court empowering said Trustees to sell for the reasons in said petition and application set forth the following described real estate owned and held by said Church situated in the City of Marion in the County of Marion and State of Ohio to wit: Being the east half of Lot numbered Fifteen (15) in Henry Peters continuation of his second addition to the village now city of Marion Ohio as will appear on a record of the recorded plat of said addition so deeded made by A. D. Matthews and wife to W. W. Bridge dated April — 1871 on record in Volume 28 page 87 Marion County records which premises were set apart to Bell B. Bridge under a proceeding in Marion County Court of Common Pleas in partition as part of her proportion of said estate of Dr. W. W. Bridge deceased. See her deed to W. C. Rapp recorded in Volume 41 page 186 record of deeds of Marion County the re numbering of said Lot being 21. Said cause will be for hearing on and after the 8th day of August A. D. 1908.

The Marion Circuit Church of the Evangelical Association of North America in Marion Ohio and Michael Zachman Franklin P. Ault and Harvey J. Klinefelter its trustees.
W. N. Hunter attorney for petitioners.
8 wk f-4

RECEIVER'S SALE.

C. B. Churchill Receiver of South Side Building Supply Company, plaintiff, vs. Frank Bryan, et al, defendants. In the Common Pleas Court of Marion county, Ohio. Case No. 12035.

By virtue of an order of sale issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Marion county, Ohio, and to me directed and delivered in the above named case I will offer for sale at public auction at the west door of the Court House in Marion county, Ohio, on the 29th day of August, A. D. 1908, at the hour of 2 o'clock p. m. of said day the following described real estate situate in the city of Marion, County of Marion and State of Ohio, to-wit:

TRACT 1.—Being lot number forty-one hundred and three (4103) in Maple Grove addition to the City of Marion, Ohio, as the same appears on the recorded plat of Marion county, Ohio, in Volume 2 at page 25 thereof, excepting 50 feet off of the east end of said lot.

TRACT 2.—Also the following described real estate situate in said County of Marion, State of Ohio and in the City of Marion, being 50 feet off of the east end of lots numbers forty-one hundred and three (4103) and forty-one hundred and four (4104) in Maple Grove addition to the City of Marion, Ohio, as the same appears on the recorded plat of Marion county, Ohio, in Volume 2 page 259.

Tract 1 appraised at nineteen hundred ($1900) dollars.

Tract 2 appraised at fifteen hundred ($1500) dollars.

Terms of Sale.—Cash in hand on day of sale.

Dated at Marion, Ohio, this 17th day of July, A. D. 1908.

C. B. CHURCHILL,
Receiver of South Side Building Supply Company.
M. O. Bell & Fred L. Carhart, Attorneys for Receiver.
9-wk-f-5

SCHOOL EXAMINATIONS.

The School Examiners of Marion county, Ohio will meet for the examination of teachers at Central school building Saturday

August 1.
September 5.
October 3
November 7.

Examinations commence at 8:30 a. m. and no applications will be received after 10 a. m. All examinations will be written and positively no private examinations will be granted. A fee of 50 cents will be charged on admission to the examination and each applicant will furnish an envelope stamped and addressed to him or herself in which a certificate or notice of failure will be forwarded. Applicants will be graded on a scale of 100. No certificate will be granted when the grade in any branch falls below 65. An average of 70 with a minimum of 65 secures a certificate for one year. 85 with a minimum of 70 secures a certificate of two years. 95 with a minimum of 85 secures a certificate for three years.

Success in the school room will also be taken into consideration in determining the class of certificate.

S. W. Alumendinger,
W. P. Maloney,
R. B. Bell, Clerk.

PIKE SALE.

The pike commissioners of the Dennison Free Turnpike road will receive sealed bids at the County Surveyor's office in Marion Marion County Ohio at 12 o'clock noon on Saturday the 24th day of July 1908 for the grading and graveling of said Free Turnpike Road in Green Camp Township Marion County according to specifications plat profile and cross section which are on file and may be seen in the office of the County Surveyor.

Bids will be received for the road as an entirety.

The successful bidder will be required to execute a contract and give a good bond to the satisfaction of the commissioners for fifty per cent of the amount of the estimate conditioned for the faithful performance of the bid and contract and said bond must not have less than two sureties one of whom must be a resident of said Marion County.

Bidders must accompany their bids with One Hundred ($100.00) dollars cash or certified check for that amount on some bank in said Marion county which will be forfeited by the successful bidder or bidders in case he or they fail to enter into bond and contract within five (5) days from date of sale.

Said commissioners reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

J. R. DENNISON, President.
J. N. JOHNSON, Secretary.
8 wk-f 3

LEGAL NOTICE.

Metellus I. Deal of Maple City State of Michigan is notified that Ida L. Deal did on the 9th day of July A. D. 1908 file her petition in the office of the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas within and for the county of Marion and State of Ohio charging the said Metellus L. Deal with gross neglect of duty by failure to provide and ask that she may be divorced from the said Metellus L. Deal and that she be awarded alimony to the amount of $500.00 which petition will stand for hearing on and after the 21st day of August A. D. 1908.

8 wk f-6

PIKE SALE.

The Pike Commissioners of the Harmon Free Turnpike road will receive sealed bids at the County Surveyor's office Marion Ohio until 12 o'clock noon on Saturday 25th day of July, 1908 for grading and graveling of said Free Turnpike road located in Bowling Green township Marion County Ohio according to specifications plat profile and cross section which are on file and may be seen in the office of the County Surveyor.

Bids will be received for the road as an entirety. The successful bidder or bidders will be required to execute a contract and give a good bond, to the satisfaction of the Pike Commissioners for fifty per cent of the estimated cost conditioned for the faithful performance of the bid and contract and said bond must not have less than two sureties one of whom must be a resident of said Marion County.

Bidders must accompany their bid with one hundred dollars cash or a certified check for that amount on some bank in said Marion County which will be forfeited by the successful bidder or bidders in case he or they fail to enter into bond and contract within five (5) days from date of sale.

The Pike Commissioners reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

GEORGE DILSAVOR,
H. MAX CODDING,
M. L. JONES,
Turnpike Commissioners.
192-f&wk-3

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF OHIO.

JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the State of Ohio relative to the passage of bills.

Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio

SECTION 1. A proposition shall be submitted to the electors of this state at the next election for members of the general assembly, to amend the constitution of the state of Ohio so that sections 28 to 32, both inclusive, of article II shall respectively be numbered as sections 18 to 28 and sections 18 and 19 of such article be so amended as to read as follows:

ARTICLE II.

Sec. 16. Every bill shall be fully and distinctly read on three different days, unless, in case of urgency, three fourths of the members elected to the house in which it shall be pending, shall dispense with this rule but the reading of a bill on its final passage shall in no case be dispensed with. No bill shall contain more than one subject, which shall be clearly expressed in its title; and no law shall be revived or amended, unless the new act contain the entire act revived or the section or sections amended; and the section or sections so amended shall be repealed.

Sec. 18. Every bill passed by the general assembly shall, before it can become a law be presented to the governor for his approval. If he approve it, he can [shall] sign it. If he do not approve it, he shall send it with his objections in writing to the house in which it originated which may then reconsider the vote on its passage. If two thirds of the members elected to that house then agree to repass the bill, it shall be sent, with the objections of the governor, to the other house which may also reconsider the vote on its passage. If two thirds of the members elected to that house then agree to repass it it shall become a law, notwithstanding the objections of the governor. If a bill shall not be returned by the governor within ten days [Sundays excepted], after being presented to him it shall become a law unless the general assembly by adjournment prevent its return, in which case, it shall become a law unless within ten days after such adjournment, it shall be filed by him with his objections in the office of the secretary of state. The governor may disapprove any item or items in any bill making an appropriation of money and the item or items so disapproved shall be stricken therefrom unless repassed in the manner herein prescribed for the repassage of a bill.

Sec. 2. This amendment shall take effect on the first day of January, A. D. 1909.

C. A. THOMPSON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
ANDREW L. HARRIS,
President of the Senate.
Adopted March 20 1908.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, OHIO,
Office of the Secretary of State.

I, CARMI A. THOMPSON, Secretary of State of the State of Ohio do hereby certify that the foregoing is an exemplified copy, carefully compared by me with the original rolls now on file in this office, and in my official custody as Secretary of State as required by the laws of the State of Ohio, of a Joint Resolution adopted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio, on the 20th day of March A. D. 1908.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto subscribed my name and affixed my official seal, at Columbus, this 22nd day of April, A. D. 1908.

CARMI A. THOMPSON,
[SEAL.] *Secretary of State.*

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF OHIO.

JOINT RESOLUTION

To amend section two of article twelve of the Constitution of Ohio

Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio.

SECTION 1. That a proposition shall be submitted to the electors of the state of Ohio, on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1908 to amend section two of article twelve of the constitution of the state of Ohio, so that it shall read as follows:

ARTICLE XII.

FINANCE AND TAXATION.

Sec. 2. The General Assembly shall have power to establish and maintain an equitable system for raising state and local revenue. It may classify the subjects of taxation so far as their difference justify the same in order to secure a just return from each. All taxes and other charges shall be imposed for public purposes only and shall be just to each subject. The power of taxation shall never be surrendered, suspended or contracted away. Bonds of the state of Ohio, bonds of any city, village, hamlet county or township in this state and bonds issued in behalf of the public schools of Ohio and the means of instruction in connection therewith, burying grounds, public school houses houses used exclusively for public worship, institutions of purely public charity, public property used exclusively for any public purpose and personal property to an amount not exceeding in value $200 for each individual may, by general laws, be exempted from taxation; but all such laws shall be subject to alteration or repeal; and the value of all property so exempted shall from time to time be ascertained and published as may be directed by law.

SECTION 2. All taxes and exemptions in force when this amendment is adopted shall remain in force in the same manner and to the same extent unless and until otherwise directed by statute.

J. D. CHAMBERLAIN,
Speaker Pro Tem of the House of Representatives.
JAMES M. WILLIAMS,
President of the Senate.
Adopted March 27, 1908.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, OHIO,
Office of the Secretary of State.

I, CARMI A. THOMPSON, Secretary of State of the State of Ohio do hereby certify that the foregoing is an exemplified copy, carefully compared by me with the original rolls now on file in this office, and in my official custody as Secretary of State, as required by the laws of the State of Ohio, of a Joint Resolution adopted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio, on the 27th day of March A. D. 1908.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto subscribed my name, and affixed my official seal at Columbus this 23rd day of April, A. D. 1908.

CARMI A. THOMPSON,
[SEAL.] *Secretary of State.*

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF OHIO.

JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the state of Ohio relative to the time of the commencement of the regular sessions of the general assembly.

Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio

SECTION 1. A proposition shall be submitted to the electors of this state at the next election for members of the general assembly to amend section 25 of article II of the constitution, so as to read as follows:

Sec. 25. The regular session of each general assembly shall commence on the first Monday in January next after it is chosen.

C. A. THOMPSON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
ANDREW L. HARRIS,
President of the Senate.
Adopted March 20, 1908.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, OHIO,
Office of the Secretary of State.

I, CARMI A. THOMPSON, Secretary of State of the State of Ohio, do hereby certify that the foregoing is an exemplified copy, carefully compared by me with the original rolls now on file in this office, and in my official custody as Secretary of State as required by the laws of the State of Ohio, of a Joint Resolution adopted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio on the 20th day of March A. D. 1908.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto subscribed my name and affixed my official seal, at Columbus, this 23rd day of April, A. D. 1908.

CARMI A. THOMPSON,
[SEAL.] *Secretary of State.*

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

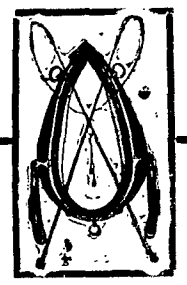
July Reduction Sale

on good merchandise. Lowest prices in Marion. Come and investigate and compare the values.

Reg. $1.50 Umbrellas 98c
Reg. 1.00 " 79c
Reg. 5c Laces, per yard.....1 7-8c
Reg. 19c Veiling, per yard..... 10c
Reg. 25c Veiling, per yard..... 15c
Reg. 39c Veiling, per yard.....25c
Reg. 19c Washable Belts.....10c
Reg. 25c Ties.....19c
Reg. 10c Collars, 4 for 25c
Reg. $1.50 Dress Suit Cases $1 00
Reg. $3.00 Dress Suit Cases 2 00
Reg. 5c fine Toilet Soap, 3 cakes for....10c
Reg. 10, 12½ and 15c Dress Ginghams per yard 7 1.2c
Best Calico, per pard.....5c
Men's 50c Work Shirts.....39c

THE ARK

Corner Main and Church Sts.



$2.00 FREE

Yes, it's free because we return $2.00 on the purchase price of every set of new harness sold during our

Removal Sale.

Get acquainted with the best handmade harness Marion sells.

W. H. Siples

2d door N. of R. R. on Main St.

Say, Housewife,

You can buy house furnishings, either new or second hand, for less money than anywhere else in Marion. See our new sideboards at cost. We also buy all kinds of second hand goods. Furniture repaired. Just phone L 917.

140 SOUTH MAIN ST.

Mitchell Brothers.

Personal Pride

The gratifying condition of this bank is largely due to the guidance of its directors, each of whom takes a personal pride in the succes of the bank.

THE MARION NATIONAL BANK.

J. E. WADDELL, President.

C. N. PHILLIPS, Cashier

DID YOU KNOW?

FATHER WILLIAM'S INDIAN TEA, gathered in the ROCKY MOUNTAINS, acts directly on the Mucous Membrane, purifies the BLOOD and cleanses the entire system of the microbes and germs of CATARRH, HAY FEVER, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, COUGHS and COLDS.

To all sufferers of these troubles, we recommend it, believing a course of FATHER WILLIAM'S Medicine will produce better results than any other in the market. Tea or tablet form, 20 cents. Tschanen Bros.

CHARLES C. FISHER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
BENNETT BUILDING.

RICHWOOD SUFFERS A BLAZE SATURDAY

Two Barns and a Shed Are Destroyed.

HORSES RESCUED FROM THE BARN

Loss Is Nearly Covered by Insurance. Harvey Lyon Is Burned and Has Shoes Torn Off by a Stroke of Lightning—Some Notes Gathered at Richwood.

Richwood, July 21.—[Special.]—A fire broke out, Saturday afternoon, which at first threatened to be very destructive. The blaze was first discovered in the barn of Dr. T. F. Wurtsbaugh, in the rear of his residence on south Franklin street. The flames soon spread to the barn of Dr. W. B. Duke. Sparks set fire to the roof of the residences of Allen Hamilton and of Edward Carroll, of Clinton street, and the coal shed of J. C. Lauer was consumed by the blaze. The fire department succeeded in controlling the flames so that no dwellings were destroyed. Drs. Duke and Wurtsbaugh saved their horses and it is thought the insurance on the buildings will almost entirely cover their losses.

Harvey Lyon, while loading hay into the barn of H. J. Rhoads, southwest of Richwood, during the storm Friday afternoon, was severely injured by lightning. He was burned on the breast and most of his clothing and his shoes were torn off. J. D. Grant, who was assisting in the work, was rendered unconscious, but otherwise escaped injured. Both soon recovered.

Miss Myrtle Oliver, at her home just east of Richwood, entertained a number of friends, Friday evening, in a most enjoyable manner. The only out-of-town guest was Miss Mary Jones, of Marion. The following Richwood young people were present: Misses Ruth Lake, Hazel Robinson, Mary Jones and Orpha McPherson and Messrs. Clarence Howison, Thomas Johnson, Charles Mead, Clayton Johnson, Don McCombs and Llewellyn Jones.

Mrs. J. P. Marriott visited her sister, Mrs. Melissa Gill, of Marion, Thursday and Friday.

Mrs. William H. Lake was called to Lima, Monday, by the death of a relative.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Norris are preparing to move to Kenton.

J. S. Harriman and family, of Marion, were guests, Sunday, of the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Harriman.

Misses Lena Beem, Mildred Horn, Ada Beem and Ivaloo Beem, of Richwood, and Miss Jacobs, of Ottawa, Illinois, are guests of Dr. and Mrs. M. J. Jenkins, of Plain City, who are giving a house party this week.

Mrs. E. A. Schertzer and little son, Merrill, left, Saturday, for Kenton, to join Mr. Schertzer, who has employment there.

Charles Mealey, of Cleveland, spent Sunday here with his mother, Mrs. Margaret Mealey. He was accompanied home by Miss Anna Mealey, who will spend several days at Cleveland and Sandusky.

Misses Ruby Taylor and Mary Jones, of Marion, visited Miss Myrtle Oliver during the past week.

Morrow Embrey returned home, Thursday, after several weeks' absence, spent in England and Scotland. In the latter country Mr. Embrey visited the birthplace of his grandparents.

Miss Lizzie Phillips left, Saturday, for Jerome, to spend several days with J. W. Woolom and family, who formerly lived in Richwood.

Mrs. G. S. Collier and daughter, Miss Mayme, visited friends in Marion Thursday.

Miss Mary Anderson has accepted a position with Baker, Gill & Company as bookkeeper.

Our New Caviare Producers.

Strange stories are told of many queer fish, but few fish are queerer in appearance or stranger in their habits than the new caviare producer of the lower Mississippi. It has as many names as a confidence man, and few thieves ever eluded justice as persistently as this species has concealed its development from the naturalist, says Charles R. Stockard in the July Century. In Louisiana it is known as billfish, billdom and paddlefish, in Mississippi spoon billed cat or spooney and in Arkansas as the spoon bill or spoon bill sturgeon. The lakes and rivers of these three states supply at present much of the caviare and dried sturgeon of the markets. Polyodon spatula is the dignified title by which the spoon bill is known to anturalists, though the word "polyodon" signifies many toothed, while the fish has no teeth.

RINGLING BROTHERS' CIRCUS COMING HERE

The Big Show Will Be in Marion August 10.

FOURTEEN ACRES OF CANVAS IS OCCUPIED

Eighty-Five Double-Length Cars Are Required To Transport the Show. The Parade Feature Is Magnified and Improved—The Parade Is in Thirty Sections.

In all its entirety, from the man who walks on his head, the famous "Good Night" horse, to Darwin, the missing link, Ringling brothers' circus will be transported to Marion from Mansfield in eighty-five double-length cars. The fourteen acres of canvas will be erected in this city Monday, August 10, at which time Willie Smallboy and his relatives will be treated to enough rare sights to keep them busily engaged in working the castor in their necks.

Since the big circus was last here the parade feature has been magnified and improved. Most of the animals dens are left open, which means a free exhibition of many of the rarest specimens in the most valuable collection in the world. The parade is in thirty section, and each tableau is accompanied by a detachment of soldiery, of the country represented, and the picture is further enlivened by bands composed of German, Russian, French, Scottish, Indian and Persian musicians.

This season is the twenty-fifth mile-stone in the Ringling career of success, and a special program of 100 numbers has been arranged to celebrate it. Of the 375 performers concerned in the ring acts, fully 200 are appearing in America for the first time. There is a troupe of acrobats from the Persian palace, where they ranked principal entertainers to the Shah. A fellow from across the ocean has mastered the astounding feat of ascending stairs while balanced upon his head. In an inverted position he skips the rope, waltzes and jumps with apparently the same ease displayed by a person "right-side-up." The Bastines, of foreign clime, are presenting an acrobatic act on horseback that has inspired high commendation. They stand, pirouette and balance on the back of a horse with all the skill and grace of a finished equestrian. They balance head-to-head, and, after seemingly having executed every "trick" possible, the younger brother throws a complete somersault from the shoulders of the under man and returns. This wonderful feat is performed while their charger races madly around the ring.

France has furnished an act of daring that is without question of doubt the greatest nerve-racker ever presented since the first day of time. From the summit of a steep incline, Mlle. La Belle Roche drives a huge auto car downward at the rate of sixty miles an hour. Just as the whizzing monster seems bent on dashing from the incline's terminus, the intrepid rider guides the machine over a slight lift which causes the car to shot high into space. Up, up, it travels, rocket-like, until within a few feet of the canvas roof, then to the surprise of all, the charger hesitates for a fraction of a second, dips, and whirls over twice, describing two complete somersaults before righting itself and alighting with dreadful impact upon a platform eighty feet from the one it left.

Ringling brothers' circus is the largest in the world. To move it from place to place requires five trains. On the pay-roll are 1,280 persons, while 650 horses are employed to move the hundreds of wheeling structures to and fro. In the menagerie is displayed more than one-half the animals in captivity in the world. The circus tents are the largest ever made—the main ten having a seating capacity of 15,000—and cover three times more ground than the canvas spread by any other show.

Agricultural Motor Cars.

Automobiles for agricultural purposes are attracting considerable attention in Europe at the present time. So widespread has interest in this subject become that there will be held at Palermo, Italy, next fall a competition for motor machinery for viticulture, says the Scientific American. The best machine of this class will be awarded a diploma and a $2,000 cash prize, and two such machines will be purchased. A second prize of $600 and a gold medal will also be given. Applications must be sent to the minister of agriculture at Rome before Aug. 15, and the machines must be at Palermo by Oct. 16.

Patience is more often a necessity than a virtue.

PANTS, PANTS. PANTS. PANTS. PANTS. PANTS

Every Man Who Wears

PANTS

No matter whether you are a grocery clerk, a dry goods saleman, a mechanic or laborer---you can get the

Greatest Pants Bargain

ever you looked upon.

Choosing from more than 500 pairs, well made, all kinds of cloth, pants that sold for much more---this week we hand them out at only..98c

Hurry, come see, get a good pair of pants for 98c.

The Racket Store.

PANTS, PANTS. PANTS. PANTS. PANTS. PANTS.

SATISFACTION

This word means a great deal to us at present, for if we keep on selling our clothing we will have the

SATISFACTION

of showing a new stock for the coming season.

NO GOODS TO BE CARRIED OVER is our aim if prices talk.

Golden Eagle Clothes Shop

MR. TAFT AND HIS LIFE AT YALE

Even at That Early Period of His Life the Republican Candidate Dominated Both Physically and Mentally.

THE class of 1878 at Yale was a notable one. William Howard Taft was a member of it, for one thing, but even before the Chicago convention started him formally on his way to the White House the class had achieved a reputation. It was the largest class that had ever been graduated by Old Eli. It had 186 members, and of these 129 were given diplomas. Today there are ninety-six of these alumni living.

The class was an unusually mature one for Yale, the average age at time of graduation being twenty-three and seven-tenths years. With the exception of the output of 1871, this was the highest average age of any class ever matriculated at the school. The oldest man was a little past thirty, and the youngest is about nineteen.

It seems that in the matter of avoirdupois the class of 1566 tipped the scales most forcibly. The class records show that in 1878 the average weight was 151 pounds, which was only a few ounces less than the heaviest man in the class of 1876, in which the present head of the university, Dr. Arthur T. Hadley, was a bright and shining light. In the official record the weight of William Howard Taft is put at the modest figure of 225 pounds. The big presidential candidate confessed during his recent visit to his alma mater that he had deliberately falsified the returns; that his actual weight at the time of graduation was 238 pounds. It is needless to add that Taft was the heavyweight of the class. The lightweight was a little Japanese, Inajiro Taneka Tajiri, who was as bright as he was tiny. Tajiri weighed only 107 pounds, but his brain was as alert as that of any member of his class. He went back to Japan after graduation and has gathered to himself as many honors and as much wealth as have any of his classmates. Those who were present on commencement day that year still remember the striking contrast between the diminutive Mr. Tajiri and the elephantine Mr. Taft.

James M. Lamberton was the secretary of the class, and it is on account of his remarkable attention to minute detail that we are enabled to know so many interesting things about the various members. According to Mr. Lamberton's notes, the average height was slightly above five feet eight inches. The tallest man was Herbert Wolcott Bowen, who did not graduate at Yale, but took a course at the Columbia Law school, afterward going into the diplomatic service, becoming United States minister to Venezuela. As further evidence of Mr Lamberton's fondness for calculation he may be quoted as follows: "If the class of 1878 could have been turned into a single individual, he would have been 784 feet in height and his weight would have been 19,967 pounds."

Of course every shade of political opinion was represented in the class of 1878. There was a decided Republican preponderance, eighty-one men ranging themselves with that party, but ninety-two declared themselves free traders. There were twenty-three Democrats, thirteen independents, thirteen liberals and three on the fence and open to conviction. Seventy-one of the young men had church affiliations, which were classified as follows: Congregationalist, thirty; Presbyterian, eighteen; Episcopalian, fifteen; Methodist, two; Baptist, two; Hebrew, two; Reformed Presbyterian, one; Roman Catholic, one.

Was it a class imbued with the proper spirit of fraternity and love of exploitation of the same? Oh, yes; its survivors have nothing to regret in the matter. The term "mollycoddle" had not yet arrived at its present significance, but it would not have applied to the class of 1878 in any possible sense. In a word, it was a big chested, hard fisted lot of young fellows, and it established a reputation for athletic prowess which has not been overshadowed by any subsequent class. Right here also it is proper to affirm that William Howard Taft, Republican candidate for the presidency, was the leading spirit in that aggregation of 185 vigorous seekers after academic glory. He was only at his majority when he was graduated, but he had dominated his class physically from the beginning, and it was not long until he made himself pre-eminent in mentality as well. His college career was full of the honors which mean so much to the ambitious collegian and his friends. He was a member of the Delta Kappa, Phi Theta Psi, Psi Upsilon, Lilfonia and also of the highly exclusive and ardently coveted Skull and Bones, an honor Yalensian that comes to but few and confers a distinction in the presence of which all merely academic preferment pales. As if all this were insufficient, young Taft was accorded the crowning honor of membership in Phi Beta Kappa, a distinction that nothing but brains can procure.

That he was a student, and a hard one, became apparent even during the early weeks of his freshman year. His athletic ability was recognized at once, and it was of such unusual quality that his 184 classmates submitted to his supremacy without an instance of dissent. He accepted the leadership provisionally, but from the first made it plain that his chief business at Yale was to prepare himself for the battle of life; that he could not be tempted to neglect his literary opportunities by anything that college sports could offer. They made him president of the class boat club in his freshman year, but he tied with one of his classmates for second place in the freshman scholarship and divided the first prize in mathematics with another. In his sophomore year he won two first prizes for composition. At the junior exhibition he delivered a philosophical oration, and at commencement the following year he was one of the speakers, being the salutatorian of his class, and also class orator, which is a remarkable showing in a class of 129.

Signs Pointed Taft's Way.

If on that commencement day thirty years ago the student body had been required to express an opinion as to the member of the graduating class with the most brilliant prospect of making a career, it would have pronounced unqualifiedly in favor of Taft. Even at that early period of his life it was apparent that he was endowed with the equipment, both physical and mental, that must win. There may have been those among his classmates on that day who were his equals mentally, but time and circumstances have demonstrated that he alone was possessed of the elements of actual greatness. With the possible exception of Herbert Wolcott Bowen no other among the hundred odd has achieved a national reputation. Many of them are men of affairs in their own limited circles, but they do not shine with a brilliancy that overreaches that limit.

Even Mr. Bowen did not receive his diploma on that day. As recently as 1903 Old Eli repaired the omission by conferring the honorary degree of master of arts, which carried with it enrollment in his class. Mr. Bowen's career as a government representative abroad began in 1890, when President Harrison made him consul at Barcelona, Spain. He filled the position so satisfactorily that President Cleveland promoted him to consul general. The following year, when Barcelona got up a demonstration in disapproval of the Morgan bill to recognize the Cuban insurgents, Mr. Bowen managed the delicate matter with a diplomatic shrewdness that gave great satisfaction to our state department. Two years later, at the breaking out of war, he was the last of the diplomatic representatives of this country in Spain to leave his post. President McKinley appointed Mr. Bowen minister resident at Teheran, and he was afterward given the post of minister to Venezuela. In the quarrel of that government with Great Britain, Germany and Italy, he represented the South American republic, and in 1903 he was counsel for the United States and Venezuela before The Hague tribunal. It was at that time that Yale conferred the long delayed distinction on him.

PAUL A. SOMERS.

THE REPUBLICAN NOMINEE AND HIS FAMILY AT HOME.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

A NICE CELEBRATION AT THE WIANT HOME

Gathering in Honor of Mrs. Mary E. Wiant.

A LARGE NUMBER OF FRIENDS CALL

Many Telegrams and Letters Are Received by the Venerable Lady on the Occasion of the Seventy-Fifth Anniversary of Her Birth—Notes Gathered in Social Circles.

A notable event in the social calendar of the past week was the seventy-fifth birthday anniversary of Mrs. Mary Elizabeth Wiant at her home on east Church street, Saturday afternoon. A hundred friends called during the afternoon and evening. She was the gracious recipient of many gifts and flowers and in response to a letter sent by her children to out-of-town friends announcing her birthday anniversary over 100 telegrams and letters of felicitation were received.

Mrs. Wiant is the widow of Rev. A. J. Wiant, who was a prominent Baptist minister. Among the telegrams and letters were many expressions of good will from friends in various towns where Rev. Mr. Wiant had been pastor in the years gone by.

Mrs. Wiant is enjoying splendid health for one of her advanced years and she enjoyed the event greatly.

* * *

Mrs. Mary Burke, of Park street, gave a dinner Sunday for her children and grandchildren. It was given as a farewell for Mr. and Mrs. Ray Buney, who left for their home in Detroit, Sunday evening. Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Navin entertained for Mr. and Mrs. Buney, Saturday evening, at their home on Silver street.

Business Improving.

Work at the American Malleable Castings company's plant has taken a sudden spurt and for the last week the shop has been working every day. About seventy-five men are now regularly employed working full time.

John A. Key is the possessor of a picture of a large group of prominent politicians taken on the porch of William Jennings Bryan's home near Lincoln, Nebraska. Mr. Key is a member of the party.

A Few Interesting Prices on Oxfords.

ALL NEW SPRING STOCK, RIGHT IN STYLE.

Ladies' Tan Calf Oxfords
$2.50 grade $1.98.

Ladies' Tan Calf Oxfords
$2.00 grade $1.65.

Men's Tan Calf Oxfords
$2.50 grade $1.85.

Men's Tan Calf Oxfords (Buckles)
$4.00 grade $2.75.

Misses' & Child's Barefoot Sandals
all sizes---just the thing for these hot days.

PETTY & STARR.

We Want To Tell You

Housekeepers, if you really knew the time and annoyance saved these hot days, by sending the family washings here, you would surely do so.

THE ANTHONY LAUNDRY.

Buy the Best and Take No Chance.
The New John Deere Horse Lift Riding Cultivator for sale by
The HOUGHTON-MERKEL CO., Marion, O.

Where Do You Bank?

This question is asked pretty often in daily conversation. It is the natural supposition among business men than you bank somewhere. The man who hasn't a bank account is behind the times. Why not have an account with this bank? If you are not already a patron, let this be your invitation to become one. Your business, whether large or small, will be appreciated.

The Marion County Bank Co.
CAPITOL AND SURPLUS $321,000.00.
W. H. Schaffner, President. C. D. Schaffner, Cashier.
G. D. Copeland, Vice-Pres. C. C. Fisher, Vice-Pres.
O. E. Kennedy, Asst. Cashier.

YOU ARE GOING TO BUY

Stockers *and* Feeding Cattle

THIS SEASON

You want to buy where you can get the best cattle for the least money. Write or wire at once to

JOHN J. LAWLER

163 EXCHANGE BUILDING
UNION STOCK YARDS, CHICAGO

Sound, safe, conservative, strict honesty and a square deal guaranteed.

ESTABLISHED OVER 25 YEARS

REFERENCES: Live Stock Exchange National Bank, Chicago
Any Mercantile Agency
Thousands of our satisfied customers

We handle more stockers and feeders than any firm in the world. A big selection at all times. Sales, 40 to 50 loads daily.

Come to Chicago and we will sell direct to you, or order at once by mail or telegram and we will ship just what you want direct to you at lowest market prices. Write at once for our plan of filling orders. **We can save you money.** Write us for quotations of prices before you buy.

DIVORCES GRANTED IN COMMON PLEAS COURT

Two Women Are Given Decrees as Plaintiffs.

CHURCH TRUSTEES MAY GIVE A DEED

The Damage Suit of Thomas J. Uncapher Against T. R. Layman Is Dismissed—Suit of Richland County Against Marion Bridge Company Is Dismissed by Court.

Myrtle Dobbins has been granted a divorce from George Dobbins in the common pleas court on the ground of drunkenness. She was restored to her maiden name, Myrtle Fetter, and allowed alimony of $300 which must be paid within three days. The costs of the proceeding were assessed against the defendant.

In the case of Mabel Drollinger against Elmer Drollinger, a divorce has been granted on the grounds of extreme cruelty and gross neglect. The plaintiff was restored to her maiden name of Mabel Jones and the costs were assessed against the defendant.

In the matter of E. L. Coddington against the Marion Tool & Specialty company, of which Fred L. Carhart was recently appointed receiver, Judge Babst has appointed George Bender, C. S. Lippincott and Fred Peters as appraisers.

In the matter of the Trustees of the Baptist Church of the city of Marion, Ohio, authority has been given by the court to cancel an old deed and replace it with a new one, as prayed for.

In the foreclosure suit of A. J. Thomasson and others against John H. Hinton and others, the report of the sheriff has been accepted and approved and the sale confirmed. A deed of sale has been ordered filed. The proceeds are to be distributed according to a former order of the court.

The damage suit of Thomas J. Uncapher against T. R. Leyman has been dismissed because of the failure of the plaintiff to comply with an order of the court to pay the costs of the case by July 4. The costs were assessed against the plaintiff.

In the matter of the State of Ohio on relation of C. H. Huston, prosecuting attorney of Richland county, against the Marion Bridge company, the proceeding has been dismissed and the costs ordered paid by the plaintiff. This was the case in which Richland attempted to procure damage from the Marion Bridge company to the amount of $612.

In the matter of the Marion Circuit church of the Evangelical Association of North America to sell real estate, Grant Key and his wife, Anna, have filed an answer in the common pleas court, in which they declare the facts of the petition to be true. That there be no cloud on the title of the transfer of the church property to them, they ask that the court grant the right for the church trustees to sell the real estate.

In the suit of the Story & Clark Piano company against J. Lee Shaw, Attorneys DeGolley & DeGolley, representing the defendant, has filed a motion in the common pleas court requiring the plaintiff to secure costs. This is an action originally instituted in the court of Justice Harry C. Thompson to recover on promissory notes alleged to have been signed by the defendant.

On the application of E. L. Coddington, Judge Babst, of the common pleas court, Saturday morning, named Fred L. Carhart receiver for the Marion Tool & Specialty company. In the last term of court the plaintiff secured a judgment of $383.87 against the company.

In the suit of Lucius A. Carhart against Martha J. Bowen, administratrix of the estate of James Bowen, a demurrer to the plaintiff's petition has been filed in the common pleas court. It is set up that the petition does not state sufficient facts to constitute a cause of action.

THE FIRST CAR OVER A NEW TRACTION LINE

Deutscher Bund Holds Picnic at Monnette Grove.

The male chorus of the Deutscher Bund, the members of their families and a number of their friends enjoyed a picnic at the Monnette grove, nine miles north of the city Sunday. The picnickers left on a special car at 9 o'clock over the C., M. & B., this being the first car for public traffic run over the new road. The day was passed with various games and during the afternoon a concert was given by the chorus. The party which numbered about sixty, returned after enjoying supper in the grove.

Eyes tested and fitted with glasses. Catarrh and deafness successfully treated. Dr. Lunger, Huber block.
84-d-wk-tf.

Some think they must be in the beaten way to heaven because they seem to be so successful in beating their way there.

THE ANNUAL REPORT OF COUNTY RECORDER

Record of Deeds, Leases and Mortgages for Year.

SOME INTERESTING COMPARISONS MADE

Reason for Drop in the Average Price of Farm Lands—Little Highly Improved Property Changes Hands During the Year—Transactions Made in City Property.

County Recorder J. A. Key has completed his annual report of conveyances, leases and mortgages for the year ending June 30, 1908. The report contains much of interest.

Comparing the year ending June 30, 1907, with the year ending June 30, 1908, it is found that the average price an acre or agricultural lands, conveyed for other than one-dollar consideration, fell off $12.52. The average price an acre for lands within corporate limits, conveyed for other than a dollar consideration, fell off $2,154.21. This marked decrease is due to the fact that in 1907 deeds were filed conveying properties that were of great value because there were plants located on them or there was a natural value to the land that fixed the consideration. This year no properties of this kind were transferred. The total number of deeds recorded was over 500 less than the preceding year.

The total number of deeds for agricultural lands, having a consideration other than one dollar, was 270. There were 308 the previous year. The number of acres was 14,392 against 12,886 in 1907, carrying a total consideration of $802,755 as against $880,001 in 1907. In 1908 there were ten deeds recorded conveying fifteen acres of land within corporate limits, valued by the acre, carrying a consideration other than one dollar. The total value was $4,960, an average price of $330.67 an acre. In 1907 there were twelve deeds for twenty-seven acres recorded with a total consideration of $67,092 making the average price an acre $2,484.88. This year there were filed 773 deeds for town lots having a consideration other than a dollar. The total consideration was $915,122. In 1907, the total number of deeds recorded under this caption was 1,260, the total amount being $1,705,816. From this the total number of deeds filed for all kinds of property having a consideration other than a dollar was 1,226 for 14,407 acres valued at $1,752,837 against 1783 in 1907 for 12,913 acres valued at $2,053,112.

The total number of transactions with a one-dollar consideration was 1173 in 1908 and 203 in 1907.

In 1908 four leases were recorded for 389 acres of agricultural lands, the consideration being $1,920, while in 1907 there were two leases for 402 acres the consideration being $2,700. There were sixteen leases this year for town lots with a consideration of $93,115.70 against twenty-eight leases in 1907 valued at $57,594.47. There was a total of twenty leases for 389 acres for $98,335.70 in 1908 and thirty leases for 402 acres for $60,297.47 in 1907.

There was a marked difference in mortgages filed during the last two years. The mortgages included in the reports are other than railroad mortgages. This year there were 188 mortgages on 14,246 acres of agricultural lands having a value of $425,978 as against 196 in 1907 on 13,227 acres with a consideration of $401,521. There were six mortgages on seven acres of land within the corporate limits valued by the acre at $12,675. In 1907 there were thirteen mortgages on lands of this class involving eighteen acres with a consideration of $10,025. This year's report shows that there were 674 mortgages on town lots for $655,069 as against 986 in 1907 for $902,055.56

In the matter of cancellations there are some interesting comparisons. On agricultural lands this year there were 192 cancellations of mortgages on 13,605 acres for a consideration of $558,410. In 1907 the total of cancellations was 235 on 17,545 acres for $430,514. For lands valued by the acre within corporate limits there were four cancellations for three acres with a value of $3,265 as against twenty-four on thirty-two acres for $26,215 in 1907. This year the cancellations on mortgages on city lots totalled 519, the amount involved totalling $761,017 as against 786 in 1908 for $638,234.

UNCLAIMED MAIL.

The following mail remains unclaimed in the local postoffice:

Gentlemen—Daniel Apthorp, J. C. Blackburn, L. R. Berry, J. H. Behner, Arthur Carpenter, E. A. Corherl, I. N. Conn, John Criswell, James Dutton, Captain Isaac B. Dutton, Herman Davidson, Edward Finke, John Hoch, E. Hollingsworth, Edd. Hickman, Frank Herriger, E. C. Holbrook, E. N. Jones, A. E. Jones, E. M. Koch, O. L. Knapp, Sprague M. Luckey, C. L. Morran, G. W. Miller, William McKnight, Josie Nickerson, Lowell Nussbaum, E. L. Rish, William A. Suits, Philip South, Donald S Thomas, W. L. Uncapher, V. D. Wilson.

Women—Mrs. Levi Basinger, Miss Marie Carr, Miss Clara Jacobs, Mrs. Jane McClelland, Mrs. Frank Lorry, Miss Emma Rose, Miss Madaline Rebolt, Mrs. Viola Runnel, Mrs. Clark Sargent, Mrs. Thomas Silvers, Miss Rosie Swigger, Mrs. Charlotte A. Suiter.

Package—Mrs. N. A. Cooney.
M. B. Dickerson, P. M.

F. A. Stengle, optician S. State St. 210-e&wk.

Strelitzs July Sacrifice Sale—

Come where styles are the latest, stock largest and values greatest. Deduct these discounts—if it's one of the 1-2 off suits, take 1-2 off, if it's 1-3 off, or 1-4 off you know what the price is to you. You don't have to buy stale clothing at this store. Come before the month is up.

WE WANT YOUR GRAIN

Haul your Wheat, or other grains to our elevator, just one block north of Center street, on Vine. We have excellent facilities for conveniently and quickly handling grain; correct weighing; and pay the highest market price. Courteous, prompt and fair business dealing assured.

The Ohio Milling and Elevator Co.
ROSCOE OBORN, Receiver.

"MANHATTAN"—THE QUALITY STORE.

HALF OFF SALE

Summer Clothes and Straw Hats

$5.00 Straw Hats	$2.50	$6.00 Outing Trousers	$3.00
4.00 Straw Hats	2.00	5.00 Outing Trousers	2.50
3.50 Straw Hats	1.75	4.00 Outing Trousers	2.00
3.00 Straw Hats	1.50	3.00 Outing Trousers	1.50
2.00 Straw Hats	1.00	2.50 Outing Trousers	1.25

Could you ask for more?

THE MANHATTAN

Look in Our South Window

and see the display of table beauty. You may have any of these tables at the marked prices. They are not baits; this store never puts baits in its window. Like nearly every fancy table in our stock they are from the famous Maddox line, famous for the symmetrical lines, splendid stock used, the finish and their excellent value.

THE SCHAFFNER COMPANY.
The Safe Store. 208 and 212 South Main St.

Shall I Buy a Cream Separator?

WILL IT PAY ME IF I DO?

Butter is too valuable a product to feed to calves or pigs.

Originally the calf got all the cream.

When the milk was set on the cellar shelf, the calf got half the cream and the other half was made into butter.

By setting the milk in spring water, the calf gets one-third the cream and two-thirds goes to butter.

The patent creamer, with ice, gets three-fourths of the cream for butter and one-fourth goes to the calf, in the skim-milk.

The Sharpless Tubular Separator **gets all the cream** for butter making, and the calf can be fed on perfectly skimmed milk.

THE SHARPLESS CREAM SEPARATOR is absolutely a big money maker, because it prevents waste of cream—and in a 10-cow dairy, you might sell enough cows to pay for a separator, and the cows remaining will make you far more money than when you had the whole herd, and no separator.

More Sharples' in Marion County than any other---and we offer to Send Them Out On Trial.

The Kling Hardware Company.

Watches at Sale Prices

Never again will good, reliable high grade gold watches be sold as cheaply by a dealer you know. Sale prices are in effect and our selection is still good. Why not buy a watch now?

NELSON & SONS.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
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TERCENTENARY OF THE FOUNDING OF QUEBEC

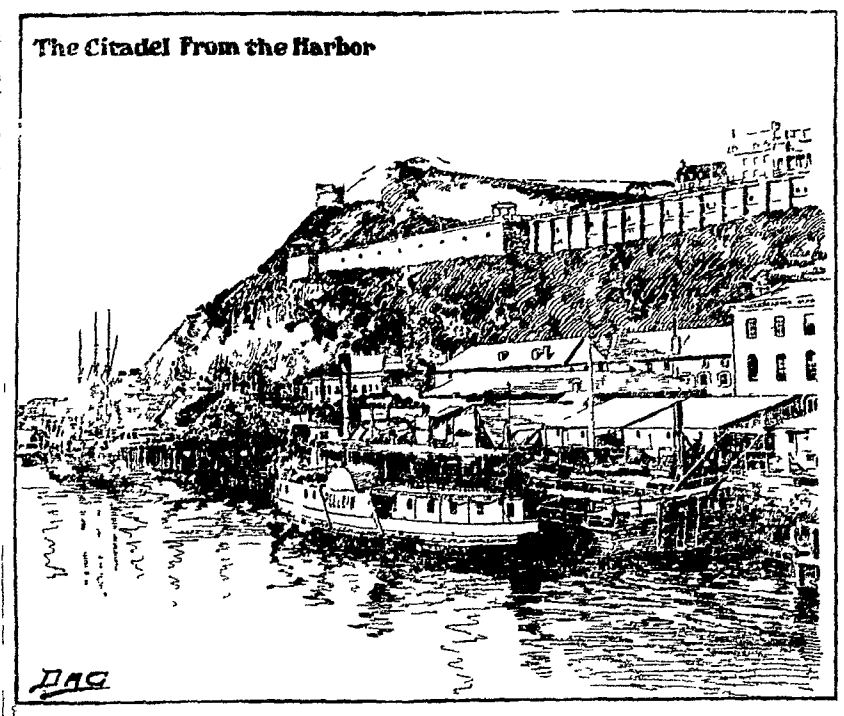
NEVER before on this continent has a historic pageant been planned on such a magnificent scale as that which is to commemorate the founding of Quebec in the year 1608 by Samuel de Champlain The story of the soldiers and adventurers and missionaries who tried to found a French empire in the new world and who carried the message of the cross into unexplored wilds the history of the contest which ended in the overthrow of the French and the triumph of British arms on the Plains of Abraham—these and other scenes from early annals of Canada form splendid material for reproduction in the manner proposed at the coming tercentenary celebration The romance of the story appeals to the imagination and the picturesqueness of the scenes enacted in those days of long ago makes it possible in their reproduction to give the events themselves a most impressive spectacular setting

So much importance is attached to the ceremonies that are to begin at Quebec on July 20 that the Prince of Wales is coming over to take part in them The great Atlantic fleet of the British navy will be present in its entirety to welcome him in Canadian waters and squadrons from the French and American navies will take part in the demonstration while from Australia and other colonies of Great Britain far removed from Canada will come representatives with fraternal greetings Vice President Charles W Fairbanks will extend to the Canadians the good wishes of the people of the United States

The Prince of Wales will be accompanied by Prince Arthur only son of the Duke of Connaught and an imposing suit Among his staff will be Sir Francis Hopwood permanent undersecretary for the colonies who is credited with knowing more than any other man in England about the different parts of the British empire France which had so much to do with the early history of Canada will take part officially by sending a special delegation to the celebration and Brouages where Champlain was born will send a representative who will enjoy special honors

Distinguished Visitors

Among the participants in the ceremonies will be representatives of the families of Generals Wolfe and Montcalm and of heroes who are honored for their deeds of valor in the defense of Quebec in 1759 The celebration as a whole will cover a period of eleven days The Prince of Wales will arrive on July 22 and will stay at the historic Citadel while in Quebec He will be presented with an address by the Dominion parliament on reaching the capital of the province and the next day, the 23d the pageant portraying the landing of Champlain will be given the old navigator being shown sailing up the St Lawrence in a replica of the vessel from which he landed beneath the heights of Cape Diamond the natural fortification so often called the Gibraltar of America After this momentous historical event has been duly pictured by living men and women of today in the costume of 300 years ago the Prince of Wales will formally open the fetes and the succeeding days will see enacted the principal events from Champlain's time on, including the memorable struggle for possession of the Plains of Abraham and the victory of Wolfe ending the French empire in America This famous battle will be reproduced

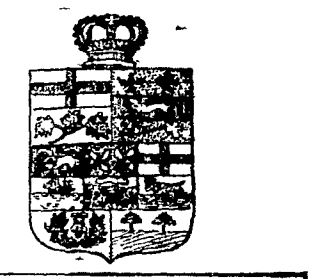


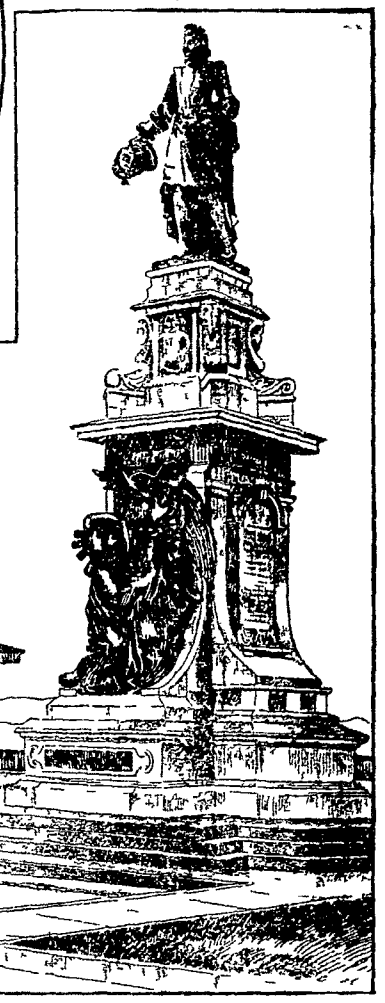
by armies of modern soldiers dressed in the uniforms of the eighteenth century and executing the evolutions which resulted in the success of the British forces

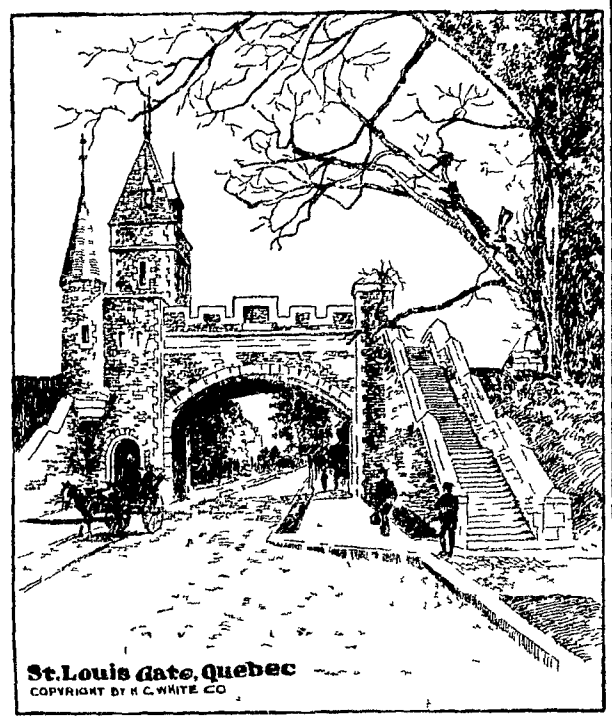
Although the celebration commemorates the discoveries of Champlain and his establishment of a fort at Quebec and the beginning of a city the romantic figure of Jacques Cartier who sailed up the St Lawrence long before Champlain's time will not be forgotten One of the pageants will picture him as he appeared on the scene away back in the year 1534 Naturally however the greatest prominence in the various spectacles will be given to Champlain and to the fight on the Plains of Abraham between the forces of Wolfe and Montcalm It is the intention to convert the battlefields of the Plains of Abraham and Sainte Foye into a national park The Dominion government has appropriated $500 000 for this purpose and it is expected that the gifts during the celebration will result in a considerable increase in the fund The dedication of the park will be a leading feature of the celebration

For weeks past several thousand performers have been drilling for the different tableaux of the fete under the direction of Frank Lascelles master of the Oxford pageant which created so much talk last year who came to Canada to undertake the supervision of the tercentenary pageant at the special invitation of his friend Earl Grey the governor general

There is such a wealth of brilliant historic material from which to choose in the creation of these pageants that it was difficult to make selections In the various processions will figure not only Cartier and Champlain and Wolfe and Montcalm but La Salle and Jolliette Father Hennepin Dollard des Ormeaux and his sixteen heroes of the Long Sault Mme de la Peltrie and the Ursuline nuns who will be shown carrying on their pious work among the red men Count Frontenac and his staff in all the court pomposity of the time of Louis XIV and Mgr Laval in his ecclesiastical grandeur







Novel Pageants

Pageants such as those in which history will be pictured in the Quebec tercentenary are something of a novelty on this side of the ocean The pageant as it is known abroad traces its origin to the miracle and mystery plays of the mediæval church Customs of this kind survived until recently in England in the paraphernalia and make believe of a London lord mayor's show But within a few years a new art of pageantry has arisen First a few hundreds of people in small towns took part in folk plays of semihistorical tragedies or comedies These increased in size and importance culminating in the great Oxford pageant of last summer in which some 4 000 persons participated reproducing the history of the famous university city and bringing into play the learning of historians and archeologists the genius of poets and painters and musicians In one great artistic ensemble This summer spectacles will be produced in London in which there will be 15 000 performers

In the pageants at Quebec the spectators will see as the strains of the overture die away a group of lodges of the red men set beneath the trees and an Indian dance in progress Jacques Cartier then comes in sight with his crew and plants in the earth in the midst of the assembled aborigines a cross bearing the golden lilies and the arms of France He reads to the wondering natives grouped on the banks of the river the words of the gospel of St John Then he re embarks upon his ship and sails away The next scene shows the court of France at Fontainebleau Francis I at the head of a gallant cavalcade and Cartier telling him of his voyages in the west

Over fifty years pass by and the spectator next sees the court of France assembled at the Louvre Gorgeous halberdiers keep guard and ladies and gentlemen resplendent in silks and satins troop in and a pavane is danced before King Henry IV who afterward gives to Champlain his commission to set out for New France The next scene shows the little Indian village of Stadacona on the heights where Quebec now stands and Champlain with his beautiful girl wife are receiving the wondering greetings of the natives The years again roll along and Champlain and his wife are long since dead Stadacona has become Quebec and the population has increased to over 200 The governor, Montmagny goes down to the river with his guard and receives the gentle and holy mother Marie and the ladies from old France who have given up their lives to teach the story of the cross and the doctrines of their church

EDWARD HALE BRUSH

KEEP THE KIDNEYS WELL

Health Is Worth Saving, and Some Marion People Know To Save It.

Many Marion people take their lives in their hands by neglecting the kidneys when they know these organs need help Sick kidneys are responsible for a vast amount of suffering and ill health but there is no need to suffer nor to remain in danger when all diseases and aches and pains due to weak kidneys can be quickly and permanently cured by the use of Doan's Kidney Pills Here is a Marion citizen's recommendation

Edwin Cheney, janitor of South school, residing at 423 north State St, Marion O says When I publicly recommended Doan's Kidney Pills in our local papers some five years ago it was simply to let the people know what an exceedingly valuable preparation that remedy is I had been annoyed with kidney and bladder trouble for years, and as diabetes has been hereditary in our family I was very anxious to check the trouble before it became serious The many remedies I used brought little or no benefit until I tried Doan's Kidney Pills procuring the remedy at Flocken's Pharmacy I conscientiously believe that this remedy cured my kidneys and drove all of the kidney poisons out of my system Certainly no other remedy ever benefitted me as much as Doan's Kidney Pills and I am confident that the cure was permanent for I have had no trouble of the kind for the past five years."

For sale by all dealers Price 50 cents Foster Milburn Co, Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other

GEORGE B. COPELAND JOHN H. BARTRAM

Copeland & Bartram,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law.

Practice in all the U S and State Courts Loans negotiated Careful attention given to abstracting titles to real estate Collections made Patents procured Office over the Marion County Bank, south Main St., Marion, O

Balloon Coast Defenders.

While many people doubtless think of dirigible balloons as expensive and dangerous toys of no real value other continue their experiments risking their fortunes and their lives in the effort to give the public a perfected invention That the government shares the optimism of the latter rather than the unbelief of the former is indicated by a report from Washington that the board of ordnance of the war department will recommend a large appropriation for the purchase of a number of war balloons as a means of coast defense The correspondent of the New York Tribune which is recognized in many quarters as the semi official organ of the administration says that the officers of the signal corps are firm in the belief that the government can afford to invest $10 000 000 in dirigible balloons but the amount to be urged immediately is $1 000 000 If the appropriation is granted the correspondent continues the intention is to establish coast defense balloon stations where men will be drilled in the dropping of high explosives from the clouds

Such a program would be certain to meet opposition in congress when it was presented though from a military point of view the experts would doubtless agree that the expenditure was justified At any rate the reported intention of the ordnance board to make such a recommendation indicates the confidence the army officials have in the efficiency of the dirigible gas bag even in its present state of undevelopment —Cleveland Plain Dealer

TRAVELERS' GUIDE.

HOCKING VALLEY.

North—7 a m, 10 15 a m; 4 20 p m 10 50 p m, 6 10 p m. Logan to Marion only

South—5 50 a m, 7 20 a m; 10 15 a m, 1 35 p m, 7 15 p m

BIG FOUR.

Eastbound—9 25 a m; 12·25 noon, 7 22 p m, 10 57 p m, 11·19 p m, 5 27 p m *

Westbound—2 38 a m; 5 33 a. m, 9 55 a m, 1 55 p m; 7 25 p. m, 4,27 p m *

* Daily except Sunday.

CHICAGO & ERIE

West—*7 10 a m, 10 25 a m; *4 30 p m 11 p m, 12 45 a m

East—4 55 a m, 8 35 a m, 6 15 p m

*Daily except Sunday

ERIE.

Southwest—10 27 a m; 4·35 p. m, 1 15 a m

East—4 55 a m; 8 35 a m; 12 52 p m, 6 15 p m, 12 25 a. m.

PENNSYLVANIA.

North—7 42 a m, 12 30 p m; 6 55 p m. All daily except Sunday 7 51 a m, 8 12 a m and 8 25 p. m. on Sunday only

South—9 53 a m daily, 2·27 p. m and 8 01 p m, daily except Sunday, 8 p m and 8 42 p m, Sunday only

C., D. & M. ELECTRIC.

South—Cars leave for Columbus at 6, 7, 8 and 10 a m, at 12 noon, and at 2, 4, 5, 6, 8 and 10 p m

North—Cars leave Columbus for Marion at 7 30, 9 30 and 11 30 a. m, and at 1 30, 2 30, 3 30, 5·30 and 7 30 p m

GREEN CAMP DIVISION.

Each car will be met at Owen by a car for Green Camp up to an hour yet to be arranged.

General Luke E. Wright, New Secretary of War

WHERE there demanded further evidence to establish the fact that sectional bitterness in this country has dwindled into insignificance it might be furnished by the recent appointment of Luke E Wright to succeed William H Taft as secretary of war Time was when the mere suggestion of putting the war office in the hands of a man who had served in the Confederate army would have been received with howls and dissent but that unhealthy sentiment has passed forever

Previous to the civil war most of the men who directed the war department were from the south The early presidents seemed to prefer New Englanders for their war secretaries but from the time of Monroe down to Buchanan southerners figured conspicuously at the war office Without exception officers during Tyler's administration When he took office he reappointed the man chosen by General Harrison John Bell of Tennessee On Bell's resignation four secretaries were appointed in quick succession all of them within one Joseph Holt of Kentucky Buchanan's last secretary of war ended the list of distinguished south ners Simon Cameron succeeding him and no man south of Mason and Dixon's line holding the office until now

General Luke E Wright formerly United States ambassador to Japan is a native of Tennessee born in Wilson county near Pulaski in 1846 His parentage was of that sturdy class of Tennessee pioneers who did so much to build future Texas and brawn of the state His father was Judge Archibald Wright of the supreme court of the state and it was from him that General Wright inherited many of the traits of character and mind which have contributed to his really distinguished career

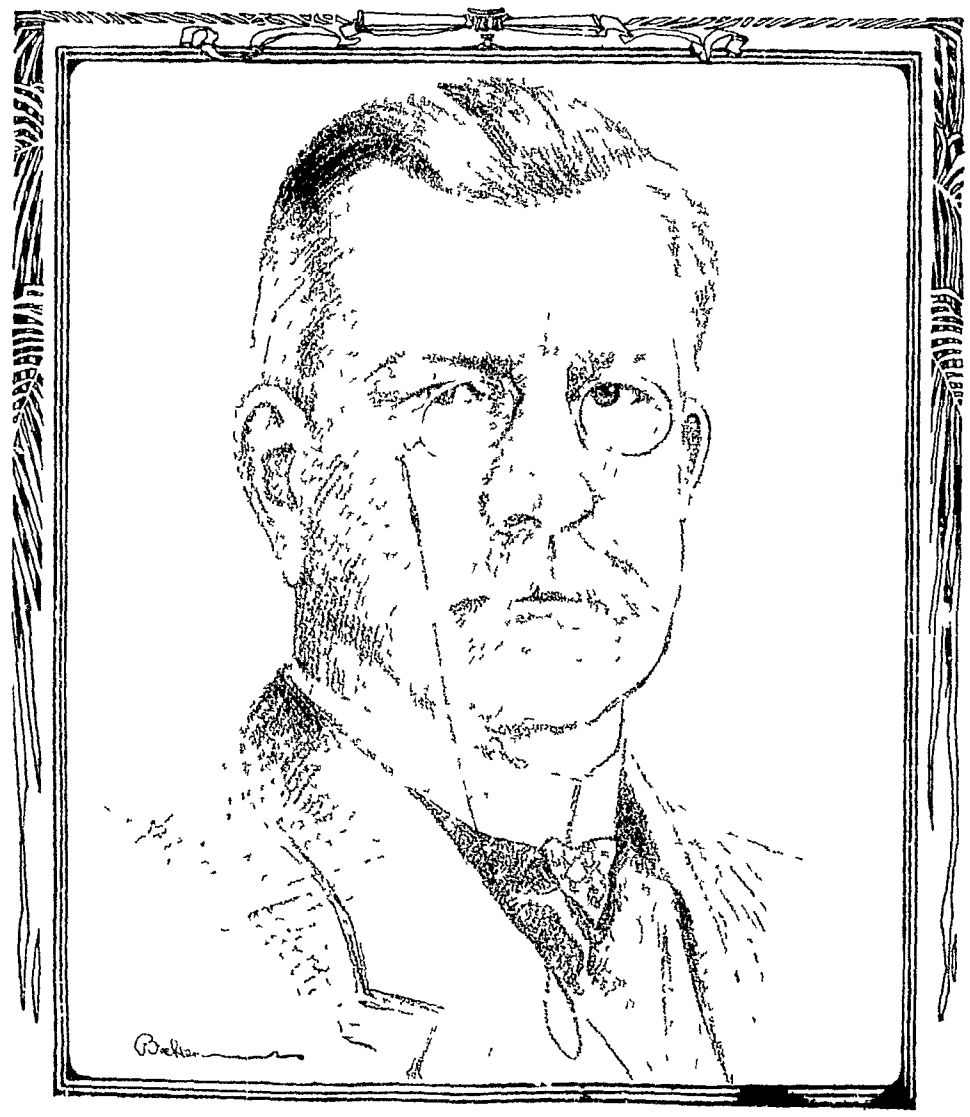
A Soldier at Fifteen

Although he was only a lad at the breaking out of the civil war Wright identified himself promptly with the Confederate cause and went into the army At the age of fifteen years he was enrolled in Breckinridge's command and he displayed such unusual judgment and fortitude that he at once attracted the attention of that keen witted soldier In his seventeenth year he reached the rank of lieutenant of infantry At the bloody battle of Stone River he was in the thick of the hard fighting when a soldier brought the intelligence that his older brother, Eldredge had been killed The soldier who was a neighbor of the Wrights ran up to the young lieutenant and without a word of preparation called out Eldredge has been killed The boy gave a gasp at the sad tidings rallied himself almost instantly and spoke the command in a steady voice Took his body to the rear Then he moved straight forward with his company and it was not until the fight was ended that he hastened to verify the sad news and to prepare the body for burial

At the close of the war Wright became a student at the University of Mississippi where he made rapid progress although he was not graduated Returning home he entered his father's office and began to study law with a determination to qualify himself which bore fruit in his subsequent career at the Memphis bar Wright was attorney general of Shelby county and his ability and activity made him formidable to the lawbreakers of the vicinity He was so unyielding in his determination to uphold justice in his home city that he succeeded in making a host of enemies among those who wished to profit by an abuse of the law One of these was a judge of the criminal court who went to him privately and advised him to be less zealous in his prosecutions Wright paid no attention to the advice told the judge openly threatened the young lawyer with bodily violence if he should continue his attacks Although the judge was an ardent advocate of the code of honor Wright replied to his threat Try it sir and one of us will sup his life the dust

Almost a Duel

On one other occasion Wright becomes involved in a personal difficulty that almost terminated in a duel Colonel McCallum who edited a Memphis newspaper was disputed to be the cause of the most bellicose controversy He became incensed at certain mad by Judge Wright and at once began a scurrilous editorial attack on the old jurist The younger Wright warned the irate journalist to desist but he kept right on with his abuse The matter went from bad to worse until finally the son sent the editor a challenge until the colonel accepted it with alacrity Although efforts were made by the friends of the principals to avert the impending conflict neither would swerve a hairs breadth from his determination to make it hot for the other It was even suggested to the colonel that a man of his years and position could with perfect honor decline to meet so young and inexperienced an adversary Although the gallant colonel refused to call the duel off he announced his intention of treating his youthful adversary as the immortal Clay did Randolph—to receive the fire of his enemy and then discharge his own pistol into the air For some reason not given by the historian the duel was never fought It is known however that from that time Colonel Galloway became a warm admirer of Wright and ever afterward supported him in his crusade against lawlessness in Shelby county



GENERAL LUKE E WRIGHT, SECRETARY OF WAR.

The career of General Wright as a citizen of Memphis has been a most enviable one Numerous incidents along its course have made him known in his home city as a fearless and perfectly level headed man His services during the most distressing period a southern city ever endured the yellow fever epidemic of 1878 9 have never been forgotten in Memphis As the head of the citizens relief committee he labored unceasingly for months for the betterment of conditions in the stricken city An instance illustrative of his firmness and presence of mind occurred while Memphis was still under military control There was great unrest among the negroes and poor whites and the commissary department from which food was distributed to thousands became the center of the disturbance One day a negro incited by a white ruffian attacked a colored sentinel and was shot Hearing the shot General Wright hurried out and in a tone of authority and power that controlled the mob upheld the action of the sentinel Thus his admirable initiative averted what would probably have been a serious outbreak

Dominates the Mob

At another time General Wright made good his reputation as a man of invincible courage During a drunken brawl on election day a young Irishman killed a white man without provocation A crowd of over 5 000 persons gathered in the large Auditorium and a lynching seemed to be inevitable Speeches advocating it were being made and they were meeting with great favor Finally some one cried out We have done a lot of talking, and now let us do something! The enraged mob took up the sentiment and was just about to act when Wright rose and waved his hand for silence For over an hour he reasoned and pleaded with the mob until the storm of passion had subsided and the lynching was abandoned

C E EBBITTS

The dry goods trade has supplied more lord mayors of London than any other business, the total being seventy-four

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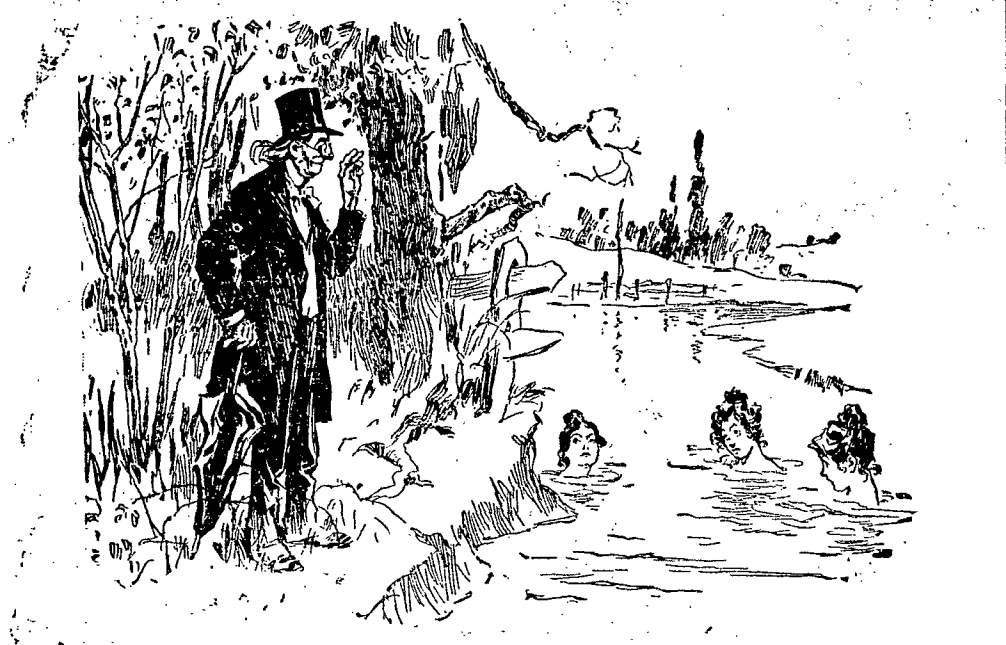
A HELPFUL TONIC FOR PESSIMISTS

A GOOD MAN GONE WRONG.



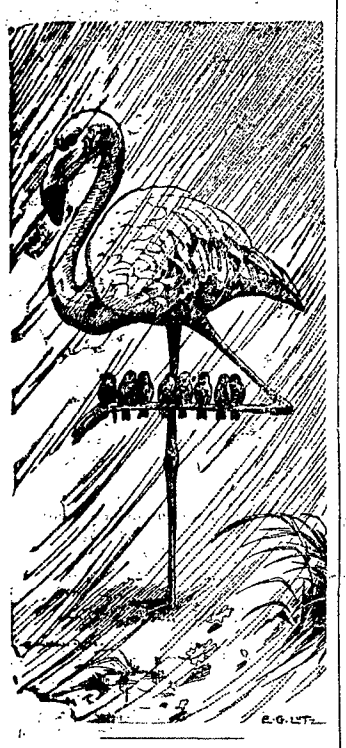
Nearsighted Parson (at Sunday school picnic, thinking he has discovered the boys in bathing): "Ah, what a refreshing sight! What animal spirits! What exuberance and wild abandon! Cleanliness is next to godliness, my lambs; only don't lose your stockings or get your shirts on wrong side out or"—

Chorus (of indignant teachers): "S-i-r!"

HOW THE BLACKVILLE "RING GENERAL" SECURED A ROUND-UP, AVERTED A STAMPEDE AND SAVED THE BOX OFFICE RECEIPTS.

Mr. Jackson Jingo (the referee, commandingly): "Sed down, sed down, gemmen! Owin' toe de tameness ob de precedin' scrappin' bouts I has bin called on by de management toe do sumpin, which I is gwine toe do. (Half hearted applause.) Dis battle is fo' mo' dan blood—a watahmillon! Dey's droolin' now, an' as de losah doan' git no millon (hoarsely superstitious) dey'll 'sassinate each udder toe win." (Wild cheers and scramble for front seats.)

THE OBLIGING FLAMINGO.



FITS THE NAME.

"He calls his dog Trouble."

"'Cause he is a nuisance?"

"No; he comes without calling."

TO PREVENT TALK.

Towne—You forgot to tip the barber just now, didn't you?

Browne—Oh, no! I always tip him before he begins work on me, and I give him to understand that the tip is intended for "hush money."

A REFORMER.

Squire Hennery (suspiciously): "Sam!"

Sam (innocently): "Sah?"

Squire Hennery: "What makes my hound point at you like that?"

Sam: "'Clar' t' goodness I dun know, squire, 'less he wants yo' t' go t' church mo' regular an' am p'intin' yo' out a good example, sah."

A SAD CASE.

"We've been pretty bad off at times, eh, Stumpy?"

"Sure we have!"

"Well, it ain't a circumstance ter how them swells, some of 'em, has ter live! Yestiddy I heard one er them real sersioty wimmin say she an' her husban' had been livin' in their trunks for two years!"

LIKES SPICE.

"Gayzer seems to be having a pretty gay time. Doesn't his wife object?"

"Yes, that's why he enjoys it so."

HOW THE PUP GOT EVEN.

"Look sharp, Tige, an' we'll have a spin.

"Great sport, ain't it Tige?

"Get your breath, Tige, an' when I come out we'll have another—

"Hold on, Tige, till I git me bundles fixed.

"We're off!"

Tige: "No use runnin' when you don't have ter."

A CRUEL WORLD.

Weary Willie: "Yes, poor old Slobsy lost heart completely an' committed suicide. He couldn't stan' dis cruel, heartless world no longer."

Flowery Fields: "Everybody against him, I suppose."

Weary Willie: "Yes, everywhere he went folks wuz offerin' him jobs."

IN ANIMAL LAND.

Mr. Turtle: "Gee! I'll have to give it up. Every time I try to kiss her she draws in her head

THE VERY IDEA.

Texas Jack: "I guess we'll have to run that tenderfoot bank cashier out of town!"

Broncho Bill: "What for?"

Texas Jack: "You know the last feller we strung up for horse stealin'? Well, that cashier actually wanted the man identified first!"

SHIPPING VAGRANTS TO MANILA STOPPED

President Issues an Order as to Philippines.

Judge Taft's Pet Country Is No Longer To Bear the Stigma of the Name of the "Land of Undesirables"—Welcome Change.

Washington, July 20.—As President Roosevelt honored the late President Cleveland by renaming a Californian forest "Cleveland," so he is seeking to pay tribute to the coming president—maybe—by removing the stigma of the name of "Land of the Undesirables" from Judge Taft's pet country, the Philippines.

Through the secretary of state, orders have gone out to the American consular representatives at Asiatic ports to discontinue their long-established practice of shipping vagrants to Manila. The Philippines have been made the dumping grounds for human trash, who claim American citizenship, it is said, on the theory that at Manila, or vicinity, work may be procured by the wanderlust victims or that they might be sent on to the states. Such a practice was very nice for the Asiatic ports, but Manila did not see any fun in it, and complained at the cost thus placed upon her. The question of taking care of these stranded persons, or sending them home on a government ship was a vexing one and the authorities of the city and of the islands, complained to the president.

Last year there were not less that 223 vagrants who were provided with transportation. In 140 of these cases the cost of subsistence was paid by the insular government. Some of these are sailors who had been discharged and who had deserted from American sailing vessels either at Manila or at such places as Hongkong, or Singapore, whence they were sent to Manila by the local American consular representative, "on their way home," wherever that might be.

Manila is tired of being the capital of the Undesirables and Busted, and her kick has been heeded.

HILL STARTLES THE DIPLOMATS

Publishes an Article in the Neue Revue.

Berlin, July 20.—Dr. David Jayne Hill, the new United States ambassador to Germany, has startled old-fashioned European diplomatists by publishing an article in the Neue Revue, which appeared today, on the relations between morality and diplomacy. He declares that diplomacy can succeed only by following moral methods.

"The time has gone forever when intelligent men accepted the definition of an ambassador as a clever diplomat who is sent aboard to lie for his fatherland," Dr. Hill writes. "Diplomatic success cannot in the long run be achieved by dishonorable methods. This truth is recognized at l s2@tm(t ly se. .C O rsD.., fl cm last." He pleads for the elevation of international relations to a higher plane by the conduct of international affairs on those moral and ethical lines which honorable men follow in their private affairs.

MAINE AND ALABAMA IN MANILA HARBOR

Ships Are One Day Ahead of Their Schedule.

Manila, July 20.—The battleships, Maine and Alabama, the pathfinders for the United States fleet, in its around-the-world cruise, are today riding in Manila harbor. They arrived one day ahead of their schedule, after a splendid trip across the Pacific. A noisy welcome awaited the battleships. Hundreds of gayly decorated craft took part in the demonstration.

The town, too, is in gay colors and playing the host for the men and officers of the ships in royal style.

PRICE SET ON HEAD OF DISTRICT ATTORNEY

By the Chinese Highbinders of Sacramento.

Sacramento, Calif., July 20.—Chinese Highbinders here have set a price on the head of District Attorney Eugene S. Wachorst, following his success in obtaining a conviction for murder against Gin Suie, who killed another Oriental in a recent feud. This is the first time that Highbinders have set a price on a white man's head and Wachorst is being specially guarded by detectives.

The average man wastes a lot of sympathy on himself.

PILES
FISTULA
AND ALL
DISEASES OF THE RECTUM

Dr. McClellan announces to the profession and the public that he makes a specialty of these diseases and has had 20 years constant experience. No pain and no detention from business. Bladder, Kidney, Blood and Skin Diseases and Diseases of Women. WRITE FOR BOOK ON RECTAL DISEASES (FREE) and indorsements of patients cured. Established 1880.

DR. J. J. McCLELLAN
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FUNERAL SERVICES OF MRS. SARAH MOUSER

Mother of Congressman Grant E Mouser.

DEATH THE RESULT OF LONG ILLNESS

Mrs. Mouser Is Widow of the Late Dr. J. A Mouser—She Dies at the Home of a Son at Latta—Demise Is Expected Some Time—Leaves a Family.

Following short services at the cemetery, Monday, the remains of Mrs Sarah Mouser mother of Congressman Grant E Mouser were laid to rest beside the grave of her late husband, Dr J A Mouser, in beautiful Marion cemetery The services were simple, in keeping with the simple life she had always led

Mrs Mouser a woman of lovely christian attributes and a noble wife and devoted mother, died of cancer at Latta, Saturday Her death had been expected for weeks Several times when the end seemed near her children were summoned to her bedside Each time she rallied only to linger weeks longer When the death summons finally came, Congressman Mouser of this city who had spent much time at her bedside was not present

Mrs Mouser was sixty-nine years old and had lived most of her life near LaRue After the death of her husband Mrs Mouser went to Latta, eight years ago, to make her home with a son She was well known in Marion, where she frequently had visited She is survived by two daughters and five sons They are Mrs W F Kniffin, of LaRue, Mrs Frank Holland of Frankfort Indiana, Grant E Mouser, of this city Harold Mouser, of Indianapolis, R H. Mouser, of Omaha Roy Mouser and A H Mouser, of Latta. Mrs W G Lucas, of this city, was a sister of the deceased

Funeral services were held at Latta, Sunday afternoon, and the remains were shipped to this city for interment

TEACHERS ELECTED BY SCHOOL BOARD

The Teachers Named for Marion Township.

The board of education of Marion township held a meeting in the office of Township Clerk I E Osbun in the Cummin Memorial block Saturday afternoon, and elected the following teachers for a period of eight months

H D Malone, Lida Willauer, Stella Dietsch, Leona Draper, Emmogene Morris, Alice Messenger, Dorothy Anderson, Lillian Ewing, Streeter G Smith, Lulu M Keller, Bertha Marshall and Bessie M Moon The teachers are employed to teach in the following districts in the order named. Nos 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10, 11, 12 and 14

PEDESTRIAN WALKS ACROSS CONTINENT

John Walsh Makes Marion a Short Visit.

CLAIMS HIS WALK IS MADE ON WAGER

Must Make Round Trip Between New York and San Francisco—Visits Elks and Secures Their Signatures and the Seal of Lodges—Guest of R G Cheney.

John Walsh a pedestrian who is walking from San Francisco to New York City on an alleged New York American wager, arrived in Marion Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock He left Lima, Sunday morning, at 4 o'clock While here he was the guest of Robert G Cheney Walsh carries with him a book, in which he secures the signatures of Elks and the seal of their lodge in every town he goes through If the town does not contain an Elks lodge he secures the mayor's signature and the city seal

Walsh left New York City last March to walk to San Francisco and back again by September 1 He is twenty-three days ahead of his schedule His contract states that he must not ride at any time under any circumstances While in Dubuque Iowa, he called on the grand secretary of the Elks lodge Fred C Robinson, whose offices are located on the seventh floor Walsh refused to ride in the elevator and climbed the flights of stairs for fear of violating his contract.

Walsh's contract also called for his marriage during the course of his trip The marriage ceremony was performed at Hammond, Indiana, on his way back East He married a young woman in that city after knowing her one hour Walsh wears a signet ring that belongs to his bride He also carries a marriage license

The pedestrian expects to arrive in New York City within a fortnight

It makes a lot of difference whether you think of religion as a system of medicine or as the simple life of full moral health.

CONSCIENCE MONEY PAID TO THE MILLER

Rev. Homer Elliott Relates Story of Conversion.

Rev Homer Elliott, of this city, returned home, Friday, from Wells county Indiana, where he has been conducting evangelistic services Rev Mr Elliot relates an unusual case of conscience money being restored to its rightful possessor as a result of the conversion of a well-known farmer, residing near Bluffton

Following his conversion, the farmer was so deeply disturbed mentally that he finally determined to confess his wrong doings and make amends Accordingly he explained that a short time before his conversion he sold a load of wheat to Charles J Buchele, a miller living in Lancaster township He then bought flour, feed and coal, but in making the settlement the miller neglected to charge the farmer for the coal The latter accepted the money without mentioning the coal bill It was not long after this incident that the farmer began to attend the religious meetings being conducted by Rev Mr Elliott in a tent near the farmer's home The young minister brought about his conversion and the farmer, filled with contrition, asked the evangelist to accompany him on his mission to the miller Together they drove to the mill and returned the money which a guilty conscience, aroused by a fervor of religious enthusiasm, spurned to keep That night not only the conscience-stricken farmer, but the surprised miller attended the services in Rev Mr Elliott's tent.

HEROIC MOTHER SAVES LIFE OF A YOUNGSTER

Child Falls into Cistern at Collins Home.

IS UNCONSCIOUS WHEN TAKEN OUT

Mother Reaches Into Cistern and Grasps Child, but Finds Herself Fastened in Cistern Top and Unable To Lift Her Precious Burden—Assistance Finally Comes.

Through the heroic efforts of his mother, the little five year-old son of Mr and Mrs W F Collins of Latourette street was saved from drowning in the cistern at his home about 4 o'clock Saturday afternoon The little fellow and an eight year-old sister were playing in the backyard of their home when the boy fell into the cistern, the top of which had been removed The little sister, seeing the boy fall through the hole ran into the house and informed her mother

The mother badly frightened and screaming for help, ran to the cistern Being unable to see the child she reached through the hole in the top The water being about two feet below the top of the cistern she was compelled to hold herself with her left hand and put her head and shoulders into the opening while she felt through the water with her right hand Finally she caught hold of the child as he came to the top, but when she tried to raise herself out of the hole her shoulder caught She could not release the hold of the left hand for fear of falling into the cistern with the boy and was unable to release the fastening of her shoulder She cried for help and neighbors hearing the screams rushed to her assistance

Mrs Collins was in an exhausted condition when removed from her position and was weak from holding her son above water When removed from the water the boy was unconscious and Dr J B Taylor was summoned The child was soon revived but the nervous condition of the mother required the attention of a physician

PUMPING STATION NEAR GREEN CAMP

Tidewater Pipe Line Company Will Build

The Tidewater Pipe Line company arrival of the Standard which is building a line through this county is a link in the pipe line system extending from Robinson Illinois to Bayonne New Jersey will have expended at least $2,500,000 It is announced when the work is completed

One of the eight huge pumping stations to be built along the route of nearly 1,000 miles will be constructed near Green Camp at a cost of $50,000

A New Proposition.

There is a possibility that Lima and Marion may be connected by a street car line The Lima Eastern Railway company secured a franchise and about all of the right of way for a road between the cities but has failed to comply with the franchise and as a result has forfeited its rights Mayor Scheriff has received a letter from D M Fisher of Lima which states that if the citizens of Marion are enough interested to secure part of the right-of-way he would take up the expired franchise and have the line constructed The letter has been turned over to the Marion Commercial club for consideration.

REV. F. E. ZECHIEL INSTALLED AS PASTOR

Special Services at First Reformed Church.

ADDRESS MADE BY REV. D. BURGHALTER

Services Held at the Epworth M. E. Church Sunday Evening—Some Temperance Talks Are Made—Rev. Chi Ping Hu Speaks at the German M. E Church Sunday.

Rev F E Zechiel former pastor at Galion who recently accepted the call to the pastorate of the First Reformed church was installed Sunday evening The services were largely attended and were very impressive Elder M Auk of Bucyrus Rev J H Beck of Upper Sandusky, and Rev D Burghalter of Galion composed the installation committee

Rev D Burghalter delivered the installation sermon the theme of his address being "The Preached Word" the text being taken from the tenth chapter of Romans He reviewed in his discourse the work of the preacher and his duties to the congregation and the duties of the congregation to its pastor

The great central work of the pastor is the preaching of the word The value of literature in christianizing the world is not to be underestimated, but the books and papers will never have the effect or compare with preaching from the pulpit for in this way the man is brought in direct hearing of the servants of God and the words have a deeper meaning As God commanded his disciples to go out and preach, he realized the effect it would have, for without this preaching literature would have accomplished but little The world will never grow wiser than it was in the Grecian days, for in this time there were orators whose words still live and who accomplished much in the work of christianizing the world It is the man filled with the Holy Ghost that is the effective preacher If the pastor does not have his heart in the work he is performing his words have but little weight on the congregation It is his principal duty to put his whole heart in the talk before him and expound the gospel to bring souls to Christ

To the pastor the congregation owes much We should not underestimate the pastor's word and should assist him in his work by standing by him. This is done by contributing freely to the work in which he is engaged, not only in a financial way but by the presence of each member of the church at the services The success of the preacher is like that of the army leader The success of the congregation and the army depend largely upon the leaders As the church makes the preacher so the preacher makes the church and to bring forth the results sought, the congregation and preacher must work together for the mutual cause

Temperance Talks.

In the absence of Rev D H Bailey, the pastor, who addressed a big temperance meeting in a grove near Green Camp Sunday evening, the Epworth league had charge of the services at the Epworth M E church Sunday

In the morning temperance was the theme and in the evening the subject was The Temperance Question It was discussed briefly by O A Busard Johnson Mooney J M Monnett E C Smith, R J Pennell and Mrs K J Coil Each speaker related some personal experience relating to the liquor traffic and urged their hearers to take up the cudgels of the local option campaign and fight for home and country It was an enthusiastic meeting

While the temperance services were being held by his church Rev Mr Bailey was organizing the temperance campaign in Green Camp township Several hundred people were in attendance at the meeting and a township organization was effected

It is the purpose of those at the head of the county option educational campaign to organize in every township in the county and hold meetings from now on until the election

Address in German

The members of the German M E church were given a rare privilege in the services of Sunday morning that of hearing Rev Chi Ping Hu a native of China speak in the German tongue

Rev Mr Hu was educated in this country and his every pleasing address He speaks German and English fluently and was heard with the deepest interest throughout his discourse in which he drew illustrations from twelve years of practical experience as a missionary among his own people In the course of his remarks he spoke of the needs of his people and of the advancement which is being made by many of them under the influence of christianity

Rev Mr Hu recited much that was interesting as to the habits and customs etc of the Chinese and his field is where was helpful to those who are interested in the foreign mission work

In the evening Rev Mr Hu spoke at the German M E church on the Richland pike along the same lines

BUSINESS COLLEGE CHANGES HANDS

E. D. Crim Disposes of Property to A. C. Hines.

E D Crim, president and proprietor of the Marion Business college located at Center and Prospect streets, has sold the commercial institution of learning to A C Hines formerly connected with Scio college at Scio The latter took possession, July 20 He will have associated with him J G Herron, of Carrolton, and E F Baird, of Boston

Mr Hines states that it is probable the name of the college will be changed to the Marion college as he contemplates adding special schools in music and oratory The present courses are bookkeeping shorthand typewriting, penmanship, mechanical drawing and normal teaching

Mr Crim, who took charge of the college about four years ago and built it up to its present standard is undecided what he shall do in the future, except that he expects to take a vacation of about six months

A PLEASANT AFFAIR AT KURNES HOME

Anniversary of the Birth of Mrs. Jacob Kurnes

The home of Mr and Mrs Jacob Kurnes three miles north of Morral, was the scene of a very pleasant affair Friday night given in celebration of the fifty-sixth anniversary of the birth of Mrs Kurnes

A company numbering fifty was entertained nicely The evening was given to music and other social diversions, the young people dancing Refreshments were served

CONGRATULATIONS FOR A FAITHFUL WORKER

Work of Harry N. Quigley Meets with Favor

WARRING FACTIONS ARE NOW AT PEACE

Letters Received from William H. Taft and Governor Andrew L Harris—Mr. Quigley Is Favored by Republicans of District as Permanent Chairman of Convention.

Harry N Quigley who, as a member of both the Foraker-Taft district committees, called a harmony meeting of district Republicans here last Tuesday, is being congratulated by prominent Republicans from all parts of the state because of his successful efforts in harmonizing the two factions

Ever since there was a split in the Republican organization in the Thirteenth district Committeeman Quigley has labored faithfully with a view of bringing about harmony in the ranks As a result of last Tuesday's meeting in this city it is announced that a protocol of peace has been signed by the warring factions in every county in the district Congressman Mouser and Mr Quigley have both received letters from William Howard Taft, candidate for the presidency and Governor Andrew L Harris in which they are felicitated because of their success in cementing broken ties in the district

Since the harmony meeting in this city it is announced that Taft clubs are being organized throughout the district Fremont has organized the first one Every other city in the district is expected soon to fall into line Already steps have been taken in this city to organize a Taft club

Republican leaders of the district favor Mr Quigley as the permanent chairman of the convention which convenes at Cedar Point August 5 Many of them have written letters urging him to accept the honor in view of his services in effecting harmony in the party Mr Quigley is regarded as one of the ablest politicians in the district He has worked diligently and faithfully in the past and the Republican leaders of the district are anxious to honor him as permanent chairman of the congressional convention

JOINED IN MARRIAGE AT HOME OF PASTOR

Miss Smith and Mr Amos F Augenstine United.

Miss Ottie B Smith and Mr Amos F Augenstine were united in marriage at the Wesley M E parsonage by Rev C L Rowley, at 8 30 Monday evening They were unattended Miss Augenstine is the daughter of Mr and Mrs A Smith of Waldo Mr and Mrs Augenstine will reside in this city

Osborne Arrested

John Osborne was arrested at Ruhe's farm by Officer Lish of the Marion County Humane society Friday afternoon on a charge of non support preferred by his former wife who claims that he has neglected to provide for their nine-year-old child Arraigned before Justice C H Conley Friday evening Osborne pleaded not guilty and his trial was set for July 31 He was released on $500 bond

The only redeeming feature about an excursion is the cheap rates

WORK PROGRESSING ON TRACTION LINE

The Grading Is Being Done Very Rapidly.

LARGE FORCE OF MEN AND TEAMS AT WORK

The Company Wishes To Establish Connection with Upper Sandusky and Have Cars Running Before Christmas—An Interurban Line To Join Columbus and Toledo.

Work on the new traction line which is being constructed by the Columbus, Marion Upper Sandusky & Toledo Railway company between Marion and Upper Sandusky is progressing very nicely and grading is being finished at the rate of from one half a mile to one mile a day A large force of men and teams is at work and the force is being increased as rapidly as possible

F M Ohl of Toledo the president of the company and L S Cheneweth the engineer in charge of the work and express a determination to have the cars running between Marion and Upper Sandusky by December In an interview Tuesday Mr Ohl stated that there is nothing to prevent the completion of the work to an early completion and the company is very anxious to begin work on the line extending from Upper Sandusky to Fostoria where it will connect with a line running into Toledo The idea is to give a complete interurban line between Columbus and Toledo

J. H RIDGEWAY DIES NEAR LARUE

Death Comes After a Very Long Illness

La Rue July 21.—[Special]—J H Ridgeway died at his home one half mile west of here this morning at 8 o'clock Death was caused by cancer of the lip of which he has been a sufferer for the past two years He had been bedfast two weeks and his death was not unexpected The deceased was seventy-five years of age He leaves a widow and two daughters, Mrs C C Virden west of town, and Mrs Ida Morris of La Rue

The funeral will be held from the late residence, Thursday morning, at 10 30 o'clock and burial will be made in La Rue cemetery

LITTLE MISS GUTHERY SUFFERS BROKEN ARM

Child Is Thrown from a Pony Near LaRue.

LaRue July 21.—[Special]—Mildred the fourteen-year old daughter of Mr and Mrs J H Guthery, four miles south of here was thrown from a pony Monday evening, breaking her left arm above the elbow Mildred and her sister Esther, were riding a pony on their way after the cows when the animal threw them The younger girl was uninjured

THE MASS MEETINGS THROUGHOUT COUNTY

The Organization of the County Option League

SPEAKERS AT THE CHURCHES SUNDAY

Mass Meetings Will Be Held Next Sunday Evening for Both Men and Women in the City and in Churches Located in Various Parts of the County.

Judge A Z Blair of Portsmouth will address the local option meeting for men to be held at the First Presbyterian church next Sunday evening The male quartet of the Calvary Evangelical church and a cornet quartet will render a special musical program At the same time a mass meeting for women will be held at Epworth M E church

Next Sunday the ministers and laymen will meet throughout the county for the purpose of effecting the organization of the County Option league Rev W McK Brackney and Rev C C Coil will speak at Waldo next Sunday evening Rev C E Buckle and Rev L C Reed will conduct the meeting and organization at Kirkpatrick Rev G L Bender and Fred Carhart will be at Martel in the evening At LaRue Rev D H Bailey and John Bain will hold a meeting in the evening Rev G M Rourke and David Martin will hold services at the Salem church in the evening Rev S C Bates and Rev C E Rowley will conduct the meeting at Brush Ridge and Rev G E Barnard and E C Smith will hold a meeting at Big Island

A boy soon learns that he can get anything he wants from his mother by asking for it out loud in his prayer but that he can't work his father that way

A woman can get thin worrying over anything except how fat she is

Ever notice how gracefully the average woman doesn't eat?

SUMMER DRESSES
At Great Reductions.

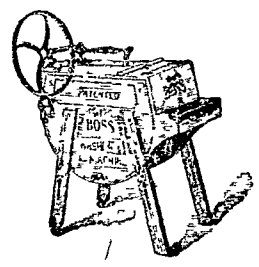
Shirt Waist Suits, Princess Suits, Shirt Waists and Linen Jacket Suits all marked at radical reductions. In fact, now is the time of all times to purchase.

$20 00 Garment now $11.95
$10 00 Garment now $5.95
$5 00 Garment now $2.95
$15 00 Garment now $7.95
$7.50 Garment now $3.95
$3.00 Garment now $1.95

Ludwig's Specialty Store.
133 East Center Street.

Binder Twine
9 cts. per pound.
Haberman Hardware Co.
107 South Main Street.

"BOSS" CLOTHES WASHER
The only washer constructed on the rubbing and squeezing principle of cleansing the clothes.



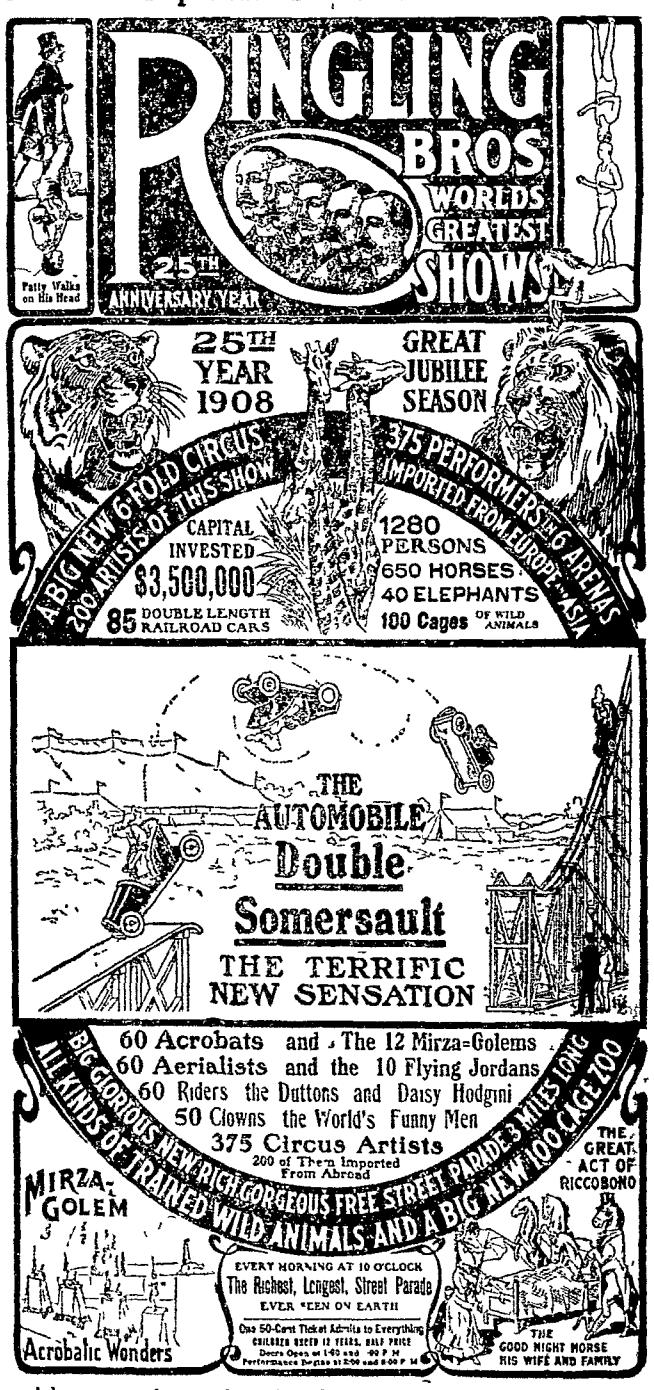
Will not tear or injure the finest fabrics. Laces and silks can be washed without the slightest injury. A child ten years old can operate it.

Absolutely sanitary. It is the only washer that has special chamber to receive the dirt as it separates from the clothes It saves all the washday worry.

Why not take one on trial? We sell them that way If it doesn't more than please you, send it back.

AMMANN'S

CIRCUS MARION, MONDAY AUG. 10.
The One Supreme Show of the Universe.


Patty Walks on His Head
RINGLING BROS WORLDS GREATEST SHOWS
25TH ANNIVERSARY YEAR
25TH YEAR 1908
GREAT JUBILEE SEASON
A BIG NEW 6 FOLD CIRCUS
200 ARTISTS OF THIS SHOW
375 PERFORMERS 6 ARENAS IMPORTED FROM EUROPE-ASIA
CAPITAL INVESTED $3,500,000
85 DOUBLE LENGTH RAILROAD CARS
1280 PERSONS
650 HORSES
40 ELEPHANTS
100 Cages OF WILD ANIMALS
THE AUTOMOBILE Double Somersault
THE TERRIFIC NEW SENSATION
60 Acrobats and The 12 Mirza-Golems
60 Aerialists and the 10 Flying Jordans
60 Riders the Duttons and Daisy Hodgini
50 Clowns the World's Funny Men
375 Circus Artists
200 of Them Imported From Abroad
BIG GLORIOUS NEW RICH GORGEOUS FREE STREET PARADE 3 MILES LONG
ALL KINDS OF TRAINED WILD ANIMALS AND A BIG NEW 100 CAGE ZOO
MIRZA-GOLEM
THE GREAT ACT OF RICCOBONO
EVERY MORNING AT 10 O'CLOCK
The Richest, Longest, Street Parade EVER SEEN ON EARTH
One 50-Cent Ticket Admits to Everything
CHILDREN UNDER 12 YEARS, HALF PRICE
Acrobatic Wonders
THE GOOD NIGHT HORSE HIS WIFE AND FAMILY

Admission tickets and numbered reserved seats will be on sale show day at STRAYER BRO'S. DRUG STORE at exactly the same price charged in the regular ticket wagons on the show grounds.

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STANDARD OIL WINS VICTORY

Judge Landis Reversed by Court of Appeals.

IT HANDS DOWN DECISION TODAY

The Matter Is Sent Back for a Rehearing.

The Octopus Will Not Be Compelled To Pay the Fine of $29,240,000 Assessed Against It—Entire Matter Will Have To Be Gone Over Once More—The Trial Is Notable One—Fine a Record-Breaker.

Chicago, July 22.—The $29,240,000 fine assessed against the Standard Oil company has been set aside. The case will be tried all over again. By unanimous decision, the United States circuit court of appeals, with Judges Peter S. Grosscup, Francis E. Baker and W. H. Seaman sitting, today completely reversed the decision of Federal Judge Kenesaw M. Landis, and, in an opinion by Judge Grosscup, scathingly arraigned the lower court for virtually convicting a corporation that had never been indicted or tried.

The decision and especially the arraignment of Judge Landis created an immense sensation.

In brief, the circuit court of appeals decided that the lower court erred generally, erred as to the number of offenses, and erred in assessing an excessive fine and one which reached persons not defendants of record in the case.

The decision is not only a victory for the Standard Oil company, but, prominent attorneys here declare, it is also a sweeping victory for corporations which claim that no liability will be incurred in cases of this sort unless it is shown that the shipper had specific knowledge of the fact that the acceptance of a rebate is a violation of the law.

Sims on the Decision.

"The effect of the decision," said United States District Attorney Sims, "is that, if this case is retried and fines are imposed, the fines must be materially less than the $29,240,000 imposed by Judge Landis. If the fines should be assessed according to the number of shipments involved, the maximum penalty would be about $10,000; if, according to the number of settlements involved, the maximum fine would be $720,000. The minimum fines in both instances would be one-fifth of the amounts mentioned. Including this case, there are 6,000 counts against the Standard still waiting trial in this federal district alone, and about 1,500 outside of this district, making in all about 7,500 counts.

"The decision leaves the case as if it had never been tried and opens the doors to a mass of evidence favorable to the defense. I could bring the case to trial next week if I wished."

There is a movement on foot already to get a trial next week, but this probably will not go through. Special Counsel James Wilkerson, in charge of the Standard cases, is undecided whether to ask for an early hearing or to wait until fall. In any event, nothing will be done until the attorney general at Washington is consulted.

Opinion of Court.

The opinion is voluminous, containing nearly 8,000 words. As read by Judge Grosscup, it follows in part:

"The writ of error is to the judgment and sentence of the district court, finding plaintiff in error in the sum of $29,240,000, upon a verdict of guilty upon 1,462 counts of an indictment, each charging plaintiff in error with having, on a date mentioned within the period from September 1, 1903, to March 1, 1905, unlawfully and knowingly accepted and received from the Chicago & Alton Railway company a concession in respect to the transportation of certain property of plaintiff in error therein mentioned, in interstate commerce, whereby such property was transported at a rate less than that named in the tariffs published and filed by said railway company, as required by the act to regulate commerce and the acts amendatory thereof. The indictment is based upon section one of the act approved February 19, 1903, formerly known as the Elkins act, wherein it was provided 'that it shall be unlawful for any person, persons or corporation to offer, grant or give or to solicit, accept or receive any rebate, concession or discrimination in respect to the transportation of any property in interstate or foreign commerce whereby any such property shall, by any device whatsoever, be transported at a less rate than that named in the tariffs published and filed by such carrier, as is required by said act to regulate commerce, and the acts amendatory thereto, or whereby any other advantage is given, or discrimination is practiced. Every persons or corporation who shall offer, grant or give, or solicit, accept or receive, any such rebates, concession or discrimination, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and, on conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than one thousand dollars, or more than twenty thousand.'

The Maximum Penalty.

"The fine actually imposed was the maximum penalty provided."

The court then reviews the charges at length, and says:

"Comprehensively stated, the assignments of error that we shall review, relate:

"First: To the view adopted by the trial court, carried out in its rulings on the admission and exclusion of evidence, and embodied in its charge to the jury, that a shipper can be convicted of accepting a concession from the lawful published rate, even though it is not shown, as bearing on the matter of intent, that the shipper, at the time of accepting such concession, knew that the lawful published race actually was;

"Secondly: To the view adopted by the trial court that the number of offenses is the number of carloads of propery transported, irrespective of whether each carload constituted the whole, or a part only, of a single transaction resulting in a shipment; and

"Thirdly: Whether, in the imposition of the fine named, the trial court abused the discretion vested in the court."

The opinion then reviews the evidence at length, stating the law on all incidental points decided by the lower court.

In ruling on a phase of the case which involved the plea of a shipper that he did not know the legal tariff rate and thereby did not know he was violating the law in accepting rebates, the appeal court rules that the lower court erred in deciding that such ignorance may not be pleaded as a defense.

Trial Court Methods.

Regarding the method employed by the trial court in determining whether the number of offenses was the number of carloads of property transported or a part only of the single transaction resulting in a shipment, the decision ruled that the lower court erred and should have determined the number of offenses by the number of transactions consummated, instead of the number of carloads.

"The measure adopted by the trial court," said the decision, "was wholly arbitrary and had no basis in any intention or fixed rule discoverable in the statute."

The opinion then continues: "This brings us then to the last question, did the court, in the fine imposed, abuse its discretion? The defendant indicted, tried and convicted, was the Standard Oil company, a corporation of Indiana. The capital stock of this corporation is one million dollars. There is nothing in this record in the way of evidence, either before conviction, or after conviction and before sentence, that shows that the assets of this corporation were in excess of one million dollars. There is nothing either before conviction or after conviction, and before sentence, that shows that the defendant, before the court, had ever before been guilty of this character. It may, therefore, be safely assumed that but for the relation of the defendant before the court to another corporation, not before the court—a relation to be presently stated—the court would have measured out punishment on the basis of the facts just stated.

Improbable Condition.

"That under such circumstances the punishment would have been the maximum punishment, does not seem possible; for the maximum sentence, put into execution against the defendant before the court, would wipe out, many times, and for its first offense, all the property of the defendant. Put into execution, this maximum sentence would add to the liabilities of defendant to its creditors (and, according to a petition of the government on the matter of supersedeas, there were current liabilities of from three to five million dollars) an additional liability of twenty-nine million, two hundred and forty thousand dollars; resulting without doubt in a condition of bankruptcy that would deduct from every creditor's share of the assets to be divided a sum running from fifty to nearly one hundred per cent of the money that such creditors had advanced. Is the defendant to be thus punished? Are the creditors to be thus punished? Would a cob driver, convicted of violating the city law against excessive cab fares, be sentenced to pay a fine that would take his horse and cab and then leave him a bankrupt many times over, unable to pay anything but the least proportion of his debts to his other creditors? Is this case another case, simply because, instead of being an individual, the defendant is a corporation, and instead of being up for sentence under a city ordinance that was intended, not to destroy, but to regulate, the defendant was up for sentence under a national law that was intended, not to destroy, but to promote? Indeed, that the sentence was not imposed on the basis of the facts just stated, respecting the defendant before the court, but was imposed wholly because of other facts, wholly outside the record, is disclosed by the reasons set out in connection with the sentence.

Conclusion of Finding.

"Briefly stated the reason of the trial court for imposing this sentence was because, after conviction and before sentence, it was brought out on an examination of some of the officers and stockholders of the Standard Oil company of New Jersey that the capital stock of the Standard Oil company of Indiana, the defendant before the court, was principally owned by the Standard Oil company of New Jersey, a corporation not before the court—the trial court adding, upon no evidence however to be found in the record, and upon no information specifically referred to, that in concessions of the character for which the defendant before the court had been indicted, tried and convicted, the New Jersey corporation was not a 'virgin' offender.

A Roast for Landis.

"Is a sentence such as this based on reasoning such as that, sound? Passing over the fact that no word is to be found in the record, would the comment, if duly proven, justify a sentence such as this—one that otherwise would not have been imposed?

"Can a court, without abuse of judicial discretion, wipe out all the property of the defendant before the court and all the assets to which its creditors look, in an effort to reach and punish a party that is not before the court—a party that has not been convicted, has not been tried, has not been indicted even?

"Can an American judge without abuse of judicial discretion, condemn any one who has not had his day in court?

"That to our mind, is strange doctrine in Anglo-Saxon jurisprudence. No monarch, no parliament, no tribunal of western Europe, for centuries, has pretended to have the right to punish, except after due trial under all the forms of law Can that rightfully be done here, on no other basis than the judge's personal belief that the party marked by him for punishment deserves punishment? If so, it is because the man who happens to be the judge is above the law.

"The judgment of the district court is reversed and the case remanded with instructions to grant a new trial and proceed further in accordance with this opinion."

A Notable Trial.

Chicago, July 22.—The trial of the Standard Oil company of Indiana for the acceptance of rebates of the Chicago & Alton and other railroads, was the most notable of the trust prosecutions inaugurated by the government. The fine was the greatest ever imposed in the history of English law.

The indictments were returned in August, 1906, the oil company being charged with obtaining concessions in shipments between its plant at Whiting, Indiana, and western and southern points. After several indictments had been quashed by Judge Landis, the trial began March 4, 1907. The jury was obtained in less than a day, but two peremptory challenges being used by either side The hearing continued six weeks and more than 7,000 pieces of documentary evidence were introduced by the government, in addition to hundreds of witnesses placed on the stand.

The public posting of oil shipping rates in stations of the Chicago & Alton Railway company, evidently was deemed the most important bit of testimony by the jurors. The verdict of guilty was returned within two hours after their retirement, the amount of the fine being left to the discretion of the trial judge.

Spectacular Investigation.

The investigation then inaugurated by Judge Landis was the most spectacular feature of the proceedings. His efforts to learn the financial status of the Standard Oil company of Indiana, with an idea of imposing a fine adequate to its affairs, were hampered by the officials and attorneys of the company. The jurist then suddenly decided to call John D. Rockefeller and other officials to throw light upon the affairs of the corporation.

Rockefeller and his associates were personally questioned by Judge Landis , it was from the admissions of the witnesses that the court learned that the Standard Oil company of New Jersey owned the Standard Oil company of Indiana; that the total earnings of the parent body in three years preceding the investigation had been more than $200,000,000; that dividends of forty per cent. had been paid its stockholders.

After the testimony of the officials, Judge Landis after a week announced his decision, which assessed the maximum penalty on the 1,462 counts against the oil company A fine of $20,000 on each count was imposed.

A Bitter Arraignment.

The opinion of Judge Landis was marked by bitter arraignment of the oil corporation and its officials, who were declared guilty of willful violation of the anti-trust laws and were asserted to be menaces to the prosperity of the country.

The battle of the oil corporation against the enforcement of the gigantic fine was inaugurated at once.

The government officials began by demanding an increase of the supercedeas bonds from $6,000,000 to $29,240,000, the amount of the fine. The attorneys of the oil corporation contended that the tangible property of the Indiana company, if sold on execution, would not exceed $2,500,000 or $3,000,000, and that the value of the Whiting plant was less than $5,000,000.

The alleged offenses of the Standard Oil company in the present case were committed before the enactment of the Hepburn bill, which, according to the recent finding of the supreme court, did not repeal the Elkins law so far as previous violations were concerned.

DIPHTHERIA ON BIG BATTLESHIP

Entire Ship's Complement Is Tested for Disease.

Washington, July 22.—The outbreak of disease on the battleship, Nebraska, which was reported to be scarlet fever, turned out to have been diphtheria. Rear Admiral Charles S. Sperry, commander-in-chief of the fleet in Honolulu, has telegraphed the navy department that the entire ship's complement had been examined for diphtheria baccilla. Nine suspects were transferred to the hospital ship, Relief. The ship and all other members of the crew were fumigated and the Nebraska joined the fleet.

THE GRATITUDE OF THE LEPER COLONY

Admiral Sperry Receives a Letter from Molokai.

Honolulu, July 22.—Admiral Sperry, of the Atlantic battleship fleet, has received a letter expressing the gratitude of the leper colony on the Island of Molokai for arranging to have the fleet pass that island and give the lepers an opportunity to view it.

ARE MARKED FOR ASSASSINATION

Graft Prosecutors in Frisco Are To Be Killed.

FINANCIAL BACKER RUDOLPH SPRECKLES

Is the First on the List To Be Murdered.

Assistant District Attorney Heney, District Attorney Langdon, Detective W. J. Burns, and a Witness Are the Other Members of the Marked Quintet—John Claudianes, a Dynamiter, Makes Confession.

San Francisco, July 22 —Rudolph Spreckels, financial backer of the graft prosecution; Assistant District Attorney Francis J. Heney, District Attorney Langdon and Detective W. J. Burns, all have been marked for assassination, according to John Claudianes, who was arrested in connection with the dynamiting of John Gallagher. Claudaines has made a complete confession to Attorney Langdon and Detective Burns. His story reveals a plot whereby Abraham Ruef, presumably at the behest of men indicted as bribe-givers, planned to kill Gallagher, who is the chief witness of the prosecution.

The plans as confessed by Claudianes, it is stated, include the dynamiting of Spreckels in his home. Heney was to be attacked and felled with a blackjack, while the details of the deaths of Langdon and Burns had not been worked out.

According to Claudaines, he and his brother, Peter, were employed to do the dynamiting.

Burned by Night Riders.

Hopkinsville, Ky., July 23 —A box car set on a siding at Otter Pond, in Caldwell county, by the Illinois Central railway, to be used as a temporary station in place of buildings destroyed Tuesday night, was burned early this morning by night riders. People of Otter Pond are terror-stricken and will give out no further information over the telephone.

Four young men of the Melchisedek priesthood, the clerical order of the Mormon church, are working in New York state.

A BLOATED feeling after eating indicates imperfect digestion, but the Bitters will promptly correct same. Try a bottle for Headache, Dyspepsia, Diarrhoea and Malaria.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS

THE MAYFLOWER SINKS SCHOONER

Enroute from Oyster Bay to Newport.

THE PRESIDENT ABOARD AT TIME

But Is Not Aware of the Accident.

The Schooner Is the Menawa, of Isleston, Maine, Owned by C. E. Pembleton—The Captain and Five Men Aboard the Schooner Are Rescued—Accident Occurs Early Today in Long Island Sound.

Newport, R. I., July 22.—The yacht, Mayflower, bearing President Roosevelt from Oyster Bay to Newport, ran down and sank the schooner, Menawa, early today in Long Island sound, between New Haven and New London. The captain and five men aboard the Menawa were taken on board without great difficulty before the schooner went down. The accident happened during a dense fog about 1:15 a. m.

Although the smaller boat was cut down to the water's edge, the only injury to the Mayflower was the loss of her bowsprint. The president and the other guests on board were not awakened and knew nothing of the accident until daylight.

The Menawa was owned by C. E. Pembleton of Isleston, Maine.

Close Call for Crew.

Only the fact that the Menawa was slow in foundering and the quick work of the Mayflower's crew prevented the accident from resulting tragically. The crew of the schooner, with the exception of the helmsman, were asleep, and came near going down with her.

The Mayflower put out of Oyster Bay for Newport last evening to bring the president here for the battleship conference at the naval war college.

On board her at the time in addition to the president were Mrs Roosevelt, Miss Ethel Roosevelt, and Kermit, Archibald and Quentin Roosevelt, the president's sons, Mr. and Mrs. Emlen Roosevelt, C. H. Netherlands, and John L. McGrew.

Throughout the night, the Mayflower was in a fog bank which had settled over the sound. The sound of fog horns and fog bells was heard all night and two or three times speed was slackened to avoid too close contact with passing vessels. Appreciating the importance of their passenger list, the crew of the Mayflower maintained a double watch from the fog-engulfed bridge all night.

In Driving Rain.

It was shortly after 1:15 and in the midst of a driving rain storm while the Mayflower was midway between New Haven and New London that the look-out made out the port light of the schooner close ahead—almost under the Mayflower's bow. The wheel of the Mayflower was thrown hard over and a clanging bell brought a quick reversal of the yacht's engines. The move was not quick enough, however, and a steel prow of the Mayflower ploughed into the schooner's mid-section and inflicted a fatal wound. The schooner keeled over to starboard and settling back, began to sink rapidly. The captain barely had time to get his men clear of the hull when the vessel sank. Despite the damage done to the frail wooden hulk of the schooner, the jar of the collision did not disturb the passengers on board the Mayflower and the president knew nothing of it until he came on deck to find the Mayflower picking her way through the fog.

Much Anxiety.

Owing to the delay in the Mayflower's arrival there was considerable anxiety prior to her appearance

About 9 o'clock the clouds lifted and the yacht started into the harbor. As soon as she was made out a salute of twenty-one guns was fired

The yacht came to anchor abreast of the torpedo station, and as the president landed he was greeted with another salute of twenty-one guns and a flourish of trumpets. He was escorted to the war college building by a delegation of officers headed by Rear Admiral Merrill.

Once inside the library of the war college the president made a short speech to the officers before sitting down to listen to their discussion. He said in part:

"There are always a certain number of well-meaning officials who would like to have a navy merely for defense, who advocate a coast defense navy.

"Now a mere coast defense navy would be almost worthless It might be likened unto a school of prize fighting in which nobody should do anything but parry. The unforgivable defense in any man, to my mind, is to hit soft. When the time comes that you must hit, hit as hard as you possibly can. I believe that a nation should put up with a great deal before going to war, but if a war does come, hammer your opponent until he quits fighting.

"To always assume an attitude of meekness towards other nations is sure to invite disaster and humiliation. If we limit ourselves to mere defense war, it will be well to give up Hawaii, Porto Rico and Alaska. If we intend to put forward a claim to being a great nation, we must be ready to make good that claim."

HE TRIES HIMSELF AND HIS PARTY

Magistrate Decides All Are Innocent of Auto Speeding.

New York, July 22.—Magistrate Gilroy, arrested for violating the speed laws, held court and discharged himself and four companions, including Magistrate Smith. The party was bound for Coney Island when arrested.

Gilroy does not see why any one should criticise his action, referring to the constitution of the state which gives all defendants charged with crime a right to demand a trial before the nearest magistrate. Gilroy says he was the nearest magistrate, and, therefore, his action was proper.

Selects His Heir.

Constantinople, July 22.—Convinced by his constantly failing health that he has not long to live, Abdul Hamid, Sultan of Turkey, has made known to a few of his intimate advisers that he had chosen his third son, Mehemmed Burhan-Ed-D'-In, twenty-one years of age, as his successor.

An older son and three brothers of the sultan stand between the chosen heir and the throne.

PRELATE'S LIFE JOURNEY ENDED

Death Comes to Bishop Potter Tuesday Night.

SUMMONS COMES AFTER LONG ILLNESS

Stomach Trouble Is Cause of Bishop's Death.

Long and Useful Career in the Episcopal Church—First Incumbency Is at Christ Church, at Greensburg, Pennsylvania — Occupied Other Pulpits in the East—Refuses Presidency of Kenyon College.

Cooperstown, N. Y., July 22.—Henry Codman Potter, seventh Protestant Episcopal bishop of the diocese of New York, died at "Pernleigh," his summer home here, after an illness of several weeks. The bishop was unconscious and the end was peaceful and quiet. The prelate was 74 years old Death was due primarily to embolis in the right leg, following a long attack of liver and stomach trouble, and the end had been foreseen for several days by the bishop's physicians. Bishop Potter suffered a severe relapse Monday and though oxygen was given his decline was gradual and he sank into unconsciousness, which lasted until the end.

Henry Codman Potter, Protestant Episcopal bishop of New York since 1887, was born in Schenectady, N. Y., on May 25, 1834. He was educated chiefly at the Episcopal academy in Philadelphia and subsequently entered the Theological Seminary of Virginia, from which he graduated in 1857. He was ordained on Oct. 15, 1858. His first incumbency was Christ church, in Greensburg, Pa., where he remained about two years, leaving it to become rector of St. John's, in Troy, N. Y. After seven years' ministry in Troy Dr. Potter went to Boston as assistant to the rector of Trinity church. He left there in 1868 to accept the rectorship of Grace church, New York city, which he held until 1884. Meanwhile, in 1863, he had declined the presidency of Kenyon college, Ohio, and in 1875 had been elected bishop of Iowa, but had also declined that honor. From 1866 to 1883 Dr. Potter was secretary of the house of bishops. In the latter year his uncle, Horatio Potter, found himself, by reason of age and increasing infirmity, unable to fulfill all the duties of his office, and upon his application his nephew Henry was appointed assistant bishop of his diocese. The old bishop's health became steadily worse and he soon resigned the active charge and responsibilities of the diocese of New York to his assistant, who, in fact, discharged nearly all the duties of the episcopate until his uncle's death in January, 1887, when he was appointed bishop of New York.

In 1902 Bishop Potter married the wealthy Mrs. Albert Corning Clark of Cooperstown and New York city.

CHICAGO GETS HEADQUARTERS

Republicans Change Their Base of Operations.

THIS CONCLUSION REACHED TUESDAY

The Conference at Colorado Springs Comes to End.

Party Leaders Continue Discussion of Campaign Subjects While Guests of Chairman Hitchcock at Luncheon—Ascend Pike's Peak and Wire Messages to Presidential and Vice-Presidential Nominees.

Colorado Springs, Colo, July 22.—Just before final adjournment of the intermountain conference members of the national committee in conference with Mr. Hitchcock voted unanimously to establish main headquarters in Chicago instead of New York. All the work of the Taft forces will be directed from Chicago, even to the collection of campaign funds.

The conference came to a close with a dinner given by Chairman Hitchcock to the members of the national committee and state chairmen who have been here for three days. Mr. Hitchcock and his immediate party left for Chicago today.

The party ascended Pike's Peak on a special train. On the trips up and down Mr. Hitchcock conferred with every politician individually. At the summit photographs of the party were taken and telegrams were sent to Judge Taft and Representative Sherman. The telegram to the Republican standard-bearer was sent by Mr. Hitchcock and read as follows: "Republican leaders from every state west of the Missouri river join with me in sending you greetings from the top of Pike's Peak. We are on top now and expect to be when the returns come in next November."

Sherman Also Gets One.

The dispatch to Mr. Sherman was signed by Representatives George W. Cook and W. A. Haggott of this state and Bird McGuire of Oklahoma, and was as follows: "Chairman Hitchcock and party send congratulations from Pike's Peak summit. Your banner hoisted over the highest telegraph pole in the world amid tumultuous cheers."

A severe storm, with hail and rain, thunder and lightning, added to the grandeur of the journey down the mountain.

When the party arrived at the Antlers after the excursion luncheon was served, and the western leaders resumed their conference. Plans for the campaigns to be made in the various western states were discussed in detail. Mr. Hitchcock declared that he could not discuss these plans. He declared the conferences had been very successful in every way, but particularly in the good fellowship established among the men expected to do the real work and spirit of enthusiasm that had been aroused. All men who attended the conferences remained for Mr. Hitchcock's dinner. This was not a banquet, but must be regarded as merely a continuance of the business sessions, as the discussion of campaign plans went on without interruption.

It was asserted by practically all those who attended the meeting that the question of contributions for election expenses had not been raised. The westerners said they have no doubt that money will be found to carry on the campaign, and that the subject would be considered later.

Mr. Hitchcock has a busy program mapped out for the next week or 10 days. He will reach Chicago Thursday night and meet several leaders from the central states.

LEAVES HIS MONEY TO TWO WOMEN

One Is His Wife and the Other a "Dear Friend."

New York, July 22.—Albert Spencer, the wealthy American who died in London last December, but who lived for many years in Paris, divides his estate between two women—one his wife and the other Madame Mignonne Holtz, of Paris, for whom, in his will, he professed a great affection.

The will has been filed for probate in the surrogate's court here. The last clause in the will reads:

"When I am dead, let my body be burned; the ashes under no circumstances do I want ever taken to America."

Mrs. Spencer, the widow, is now in the United States on a visit. There is no likelihood, according to the attorneys, of a contest. In the petition accompanying the will, Madame Holtz is said to be a relative of Spencer.

In spite of the frightful manner in which they are imposed upon, women live longer than men.

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AN URBANA LAD SHOOTS GUEST

The Boys Are Playing War at the Time.

BULLET ENTERS LAD OVER HEART

It Is Thought Youngster Will Recover.

Cleveland Balloonists Take a Trip. Float About Stark County for Four Hours—Land in Field Near New Lexington—An Appeal Is Made to Merchants of Cincinnati by City's Mayor.

Urbana, O., July 23.—While playing war with a number of companions, Richard Bass accidentally shot with a revolver Ollie Moore, the 11-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. C. P. Moore of Nashville, Tenn., who are visiting here, the bullet taking effect just below the heart. The hammer went down before Bass was ready and Moore fell to the ground. He will recover.

Cleveland Balloonists Take Trip.

Canton, O., July 23.—After floating around in Stark county atmosphere for four hours, reaching high altitude but never striking a carrying current of air, the balloon, "Sky Pilot," containing J. H. Wade, Jr., and A. H. Morgan, both of Cleveland, with Leo Stevens as pilot, landed in a field near New Harrisburg. The landing was easy.

Appeals to Cincinnati Merchants.

Cincinnati, O., July 23.—By formal proclamation Mayor Markbreit has called on all Cincinnatians to observe Tuesday, July 28, as a holiday, in honor of their fellow townsman, William H. Taft, who will on that day learn that he has been chosen by the Republican convention as that party's candidate for the presidency.

Broker Charged With Larceny.

Cleveland, O., July 23.—On a warrant from Bowling Green, O., charging him with grand larceny, Francis L. Judd, a Cleveland broker, was arrested by Detective Batchelor. He was taken to Bowling Green.

Killed Under Cars.

Hamilton, O., July 23. — Thomas Matsura, a Bohemian laborer, fell under a car and was cut to pieces at the Carland Construction company on the Big Four, near ...auds.

HUSBAND AND WIFE CLAIM THE POODLE

Dayton Divorce Has Inception in Trouble Over Canine.

Dayton, O., July 22.—A French poodle figured largely in the divorce case of Louis Frank, wealthy produce merchant, and wife. Frank was granted a decree. Mrs. Frank declared the poodle was hers, while Frank's people said it belonged to him. Anyway, Mrs. Frank moved all the furniture out of the house while Frank was at his office one day, and a detective bureau found it hidden in Xenia. Frank had his wife arrested, but the grand jury ignored the case.

Later Mrs. Frank met her mother-in-law and sister-in-law. The poodle question was threshed out with the result that Mrs. Frank had her two relatives arrested, and they were fined. Mrs. Frank did not contest her husband's divorce suit. Friends say she will go on the stage.

Porpoise Kills Boy.

Savannah, Ga., July 22.—Struck down by a giant porpoise, three-quarters of a mile off the Tybee beach, Harry, the 15-year-old son of John G. Lovett, was killed by the big fish.

PREDICTS A PERIOD OF GREAT PROSPERITY

Charles M. Schwab Predicts Improved Conditions.

New York, June 22.—Predicting a period of prosperity such as the country has not known for several decades, Charles M. Schwab, of the Bethlehem Steel company, says that many an industry was leveled and shorn of its power for months following the period when money became tight, but that the financial sky is now clear and merchants and manufacturers who weathered the storm may expect growth of profits.

Schwab, who has just returned from a trip in Europe, says trade conditions there will aid the business boom just beginning in the United States. He would not discuss politics.

Indicted as Gamblers.

New York, July 22.—Chris J. Fitzgerald, John G. Cavanaugh, former manager of the betting ring, and William A. Engeman, owner of the Brighton Beach race track, were this morning indicted as common gamblers. Orlando Jones a bookmaker, is the principal witness against them. The trio pleaded not guilty and were paroled.

RAPIDLY NEAR COMPLETION

Arrangements for Taft's Notification About Made.

LARGE DELEGATIONS WILL BE PRESENT

Kentucky, Indiana and Illinois To Be Represented.

West Virginia Will Also Be in Line. Demonstration Committee Arranges for a Magnificent Display of Fireworks, the Salutes and the River Trip—The Day Will Be Made a Holiday in Queen City.

Cincinnati, O., July 22. — Arrangements for the celebration of Taft notification day are rapidly materializing, and it is already assured that large delegations will attend from Kentucky, West Virginia, Indiana, Illinois and other nearby states.

Information is being received from various points hourly to the effect that many are coming, and the committeemen feel that the crowd will be a record breaker. Chairman Robert R. Reynolds has received a letter from F. W. Carpenter, secretary to Mr. Taft, asking for complete memoranda of the program of exercises in order that the candidate might familiarize himself with the arrangements. The demonstration committee has perfected the arrangements for the fireworks, the salutes and the river trip.

The judge and his party on the Island Queen, accompanied by a flotilla of 100 gaily decorated boats, will give the signal for the fireworks to start in the park. The first piece will be a magnificent "Niagara Falls" effect in fire, which will be displayed from the Eden park tower, and will be plainly visible to those accompanying the judge on the river. The movement on the part of business men to close their places during the exercises took definite form when Chairman Reynolds issued a proclamation calling upon the people to make Tuesday a holiday.

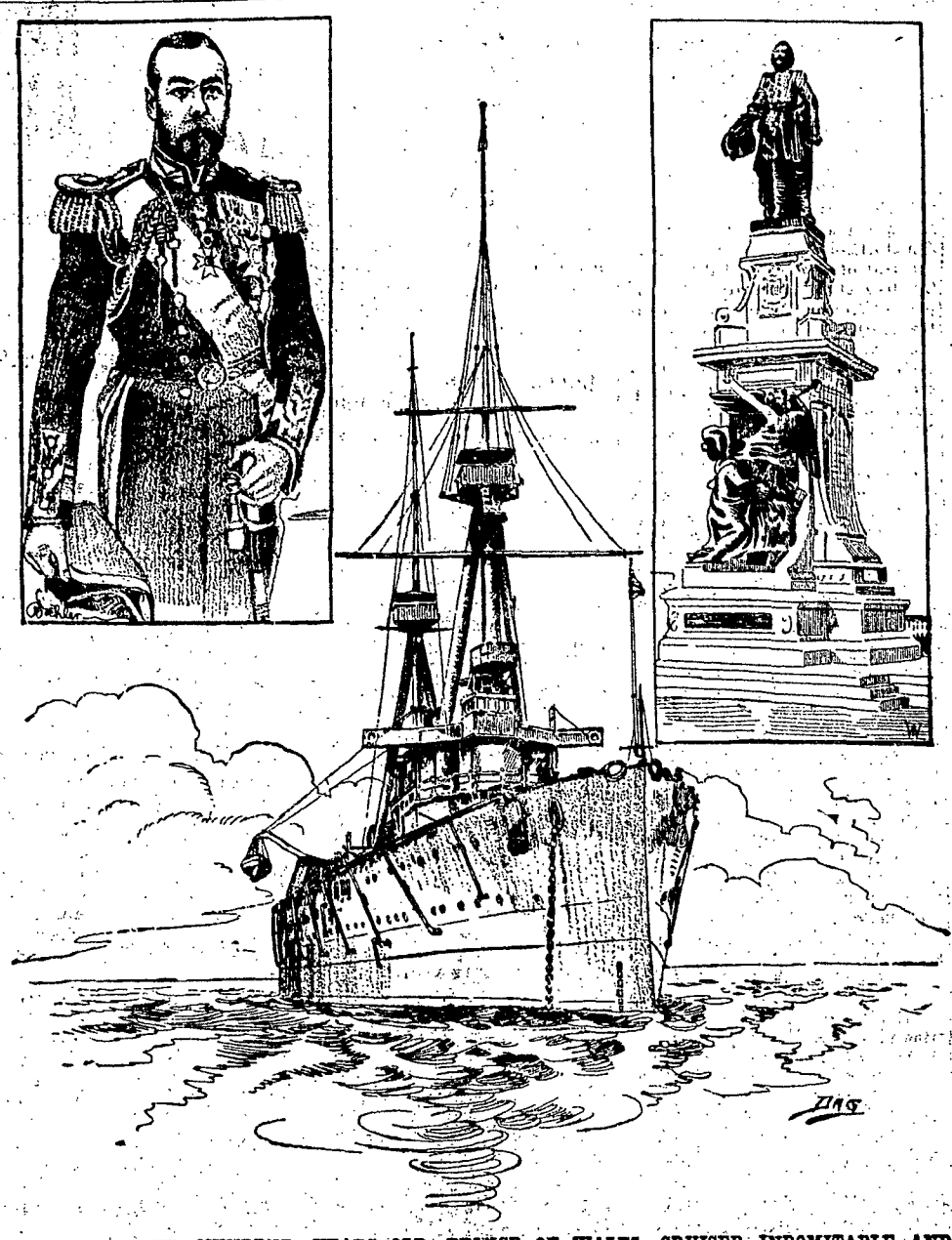
OLD COMMITTEES WILL HOLD OVER

Election of New Central Committees Will Come in 1910.

Columbus, O., July 22.—County central committees all over the state may be able to continue themselves for two more years at least, in spite of the new primary law which goes into effect January 1, 1909.

The question has been brought to the attention of Secretary of State Carmi A. Thompson, and the discovery has been made that the new law will not require new committees to be elected until the primary in the even numbered years. The law says also that existing committees shall hold office until their successors are elected and qualified.

Secretary Thompson is of the opinion that the prevailing custom which has allowed many committees to continue themselves may hold owing to the fact that the terms expire this fall and the law does not go into effect until January.



QUEBEC THREE HUNDRED YEARS OLD—PRINCE OF WALES, CRUISER INDOMITABLE AND CHAMPLAIN MONUMENT.

The celebration in honor of the three hundredth anniversary of the establishment of Quebec by Samuel de Champlain is exciting interest all over the world. From July 19 to 31 is the period devoted to the ceremonies, which include pageants portraying the history of the city through 300 years. The king of England has sent his son, the Prince of Wales, to represent him at the ceremonies, and his arrival on July 22 on the new and heavy armored cruiser Indomitable will be one of the leading events in the celebration. The Indomitable is a ship of 17,400 tons. The monument to Champlain on Dufferin terrace will interest many visitors during the centenary exercises.

The June Taxes.

The greater part of the June taxes are in, according to a statement by County Treasurer Wottring. There are a few settlements to be made with the large concerns of the city which are always made a few days late.

Some men are born rich, some acquire riches upon themselves.

BRYAN TALKS INTO MACHINE

Gets Big Money for Short Address.

IT IS THE COLONEL'S SECOND OFFENSE

Easy Way To Make Thousand Dollars.

The Colonel States That the Entire Proposition Is a Commercial One and That He Very Properly Could Accept Pay for His Labor—The Remittance Is Turned Over to Democratic Committees.

Fairview, Lincoln, Neb., July 22.—High above the electric wires of the traction company, the Taft banner which met such an ignominious fate the night before the nomination of Mr. Bryan was again flung to the breeze. Mutilated and begrimed, the banner was stretched across the street in the same location from which it was said the Democrats had torn it from its moorings.

Mr. Bryan delivered short speeches on the issues of the campaign into a phonograph. Previously he had made similar speeches on the records of a competing concern. The intention is to give the speeches wide distribution throughout the country. Of his own volition Mr. Bryan announced that he had received $500 from each of the two concerns as compensation for his work. When confronted with the suggestion by a newspaper man that he had accepted money from corporations and thereby had acted contrary to the declared policy of the Democratic party, Mr. Bryan stated that the whole proposition was a commercial one and that he very properly could accept pay for his labor. The remittances were turned over to the state and county Democratic committees respectively as a personal contribution.

Looks Like Douglas.

Fairview, Lincoln, Neb. July 22.—It now seems almost certain that the new chairman of the Democratic national committee will be Former Governor W. L. Douglas of Massachusetts. The fact that he is being much sought after to take the place became known here following the departure of G. F. Williams, who conferred with Mr. Bryan after coming direct from Massachusetts.

ROOSEVELT TO REVIEW SPEECH

Judge Taft Highly Values Judgment of President.

WANTS ROOSEVELT TO LOOK IT OVER

Will Make a Trip Soon to Oyster Bay.

Reply to Senator Warner's Address of Notification Is a Document of 12,000 Words—Number of Subjects Treated and Their Importance Responsible for Its Length. No Forecast Before Delivery.

Hot Springs, Va., July 22.—The speech to be delivered by Judge William H. Taft at the notification ceremonies in Cincinnati next Tuesday will be reviewed in advance by President Roosevelt.

"I have decided to make this speech what may be my most important utterance of the campaign. I have the highest regard for the president's judgment regarding the subjects to be dealt with, and a keen appreciation of his wonderful ability for forceful expression. I want his judgment and his criticism, and this can not be satisfactorily obtained at long range, so I have decided to go to Oyster Bay."

Taft Announces Trip.

This statement, made by Mr. Taft, indicates his viewpoint regarding the announcement of his intended trip, which he says is to be taken upon his own and not on the president's initiative. He will leave here with Mr. Carpenter, his secretary, tonight. On reaching Jersey City Thursday afternoon he will enter an automobile which will take him through New York city and to Sagamore Hill.

In emphasizing the political importance of the speech Mr. Taft said that the first intention, to have the utterance only a simple and formal acknowledgment of the notification, had been finally abandoned, in view of the growing importance and number of the subjects which seemed to crowd themselves forward for consideration. The speech will doubtless contain approximately 12,000 words. No forecast of the subjects discussed and method of their treatment will be made in advance.

GLIMPSES INTO UNIQUE FEATURES OF MODERN LIFE

A JAPANESE PORCELAIN PAINTER AT WORK.

The cut shows the studio of a Japanese painter of porcelain, which is a trade almost exclusively followed by women. These artist craftswomen are wonderfully expert at this delicate business and produce results that are positively bewildering to the American decorator.

FAMOUS SCOUT AND SHOWMAN.

William F. Cody, known all over the globe as "Buffalo Bill," is far and away the most striking living example of the

typical knight of the plains. He has participated in more Indian battles than any other person who has survived. He is now in his sixty-third year.

THE IMAGE OF HIS FAMOUS FATHER.

The picture shows Major General Frederick D. Grant, military head of the department of the east, in camp during the army maneuvers at Pine Plains, N. Y. As General Grant grows older his resemblance to his illustrious father becomes even more striking.

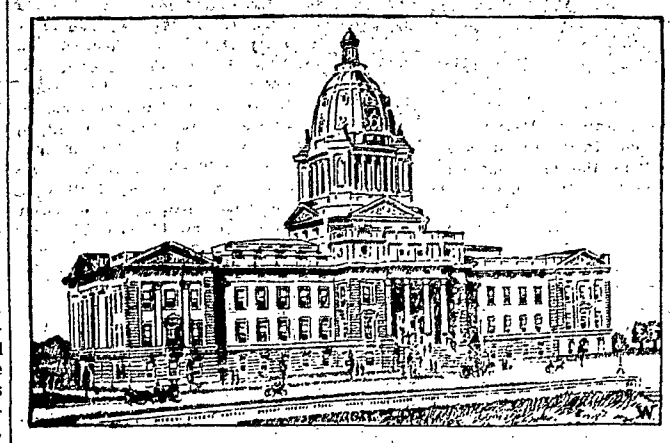
A REMARKABLE CURE.

A butcher named John Miller had been blind in one eye for thirty-three years. After touching a "live" wire by accident and receiving a severe shock he found that the sight of the eye had been restored.

HEROES IN THE WORKHOUSE.

Two Indian mutiny veterans, inmates of Droxford (England) workhouse, have refused an offer of maintenance outside the workhouse under Lord Roberts' relief fund, as they had no wish to leave the place.

A SPLENDID NEW CAPITOL BUILDING.



The picture shows the magnificent capitol which will be erected at Pierre, S. D., the cornerstone of which was laid recently with imposing ceremonies. When completed it will be one of the finest state buildings in the country.

A SCENE DURING THE SUMMER ARMY MANEUVERS.

The cut shows how the men engaged in the summer maneuvers at Pine Plains, N. Y., performed their morning ablutions in the Black river. The camp was located near this stream, and the maneuvers were enacted among the beautiful fields and wooded hillocks along its shores.

NEW MASONIC TEMPLE AT INDIANAPOLIS.

The splendid structure shown herewith is under construction at the Indiana capital and when completed and furnished will have cost $700,000. Its dimensions are 130 by 150 feet, with a height of 110 feet. Architecturally it is one of the finest buildings in the middle west.

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MARION WEEKLY STAR.

—, $1.00 Per Year, in Advance.

BY W. G. HARDING.

SIXTEEN PAGES.

SATURDAY - - - - - JULY 25

The Ottawa County News Democrat unequivocally states that Bryan and Kern will sweep the country, but makes no mention of the fact that Mr. Taft will apply the power to the handle of the broom.

A fellow out in Illinois recently concluded a fast of thirty days and nothing that our old friend, Rev. Jerry A. Sutton, ever wrote was more touching than the notices which the papers of his home town ran in connection with his death.

One can't help admiring Colonel Bryan's courage. He announces that he is going to make speeches in some of the *doubtful states.*

We have kept close tab on our local Democratic friends for a week now without seeing a single one of them make a move which the most suspicious might assume to be an attempt to draw a $10,000 campaign contribution check.

Maybe Colonel Bryan's persistent efforts to break into the White House may be explained by his desire to qualify for a two-dollar-a-word schedule of prices.

Although Reuterdahl was entertained last week at Sagamore Hill, it's hardly probable that the relations between the president and the artist are such that the latter would feel free to slap the executive back and josh the president about knowing less about warships than he does of wolves.

The Boston North Shore colony has imported a parasite from Africa to kill the Gypsy moth. Soon they will be searching for a moth or some other old thing to kill the parasite.

That Tennessee couple which married the other day after a courtship of forty-seven years had probably heard about "marrying in *haste to repent at leisure.*"

The mother-in-law of Alfonso of Spain having attempted to run the *royal household, Alfonso quietly* called her down with the result that she was forced to quit the royal palace. A mother-in-law tamer! What's that line about "every inch a king?"

Although it is reported that Mr. Fairbanks thawed out considerably at the reception given Mr. Kern by Indianapolis citizens, it is worth noting that there has not been an aftermath of red cherry stories. "A burnt child," etc.

Now we are told that the seventeen-year locusts are at work on the Ohio apple crop. But what's the difference? We would probably get our apples by freight from Michigan and Wisconsin in the same old way.

Judge Parker predicts that Democracy will win, but the judge predicted that it would carry the country four years ago.

Strange as it may seem, neither of the old party candidates appears to be wholly satisfied with the platform of the other.

Colonel Bryan's announcement that a contribution in excess of $10,000 will not be received will no doubt relieve a good many of our local Democratic friends of a degree of uncertainty as to the proper size at which to draw their checks.

Still, it must not be assumed that whiskers are absolutely necessary to the success of an aspirant for the vice presidential nomination.

Mrs. Gould, if we get her view of the matter correctly, is not of the opinion that her husband would make an ideal Sunday-school superintendent, even if this morals are up to the New York City average.

The marriage of that Denver woman, who married a man picked out for her by her dying husband is a sort of "The Lady or the Tiger" affair. Only experience will show whether he wanted to make amends for the past or get even.

Just as a teamster stepped into a saloon, one day last week in the East, a bolt of lightning hit the dray which he had left at the curb. The moral of this story—. Come to think of it, this story is without moral.

An exchange treats at some length, editorially, on the proper method to suppress auto accidents, but utterly overlooks the plan of suppressing the fellows who cause them.

At times the thought must come to Messrs. McCarren and Guffey that the course taken by the late David Bennett Hill was decidedly the wiser one after all.

Candidate Taft says the one great regret of his life is that he ever left the bench, which, were the truth known, is probably a matter of deep regret to Colonel Bryan also.

According to Ambassador O'Brien the only evidence of any war feeling appearing in the Japanese press is when it contains an occasional extract of one of Congressman Hobson's speeches.

We would hate to believe that the church is decaying, as the Rev. Dr. Aked, John D. Rockefeller's pastor, is quoted as having said. We would rather believe, if decay actually exists, it is limited to some of the pastors who seek the sensational at all times in preference to the spiritual.

What will be left to us? Here's a scientific sharp up in Maine who assures us that the female dove is a *flirt, and even goes chasing about* after "affinities."

Although Oklahoma's rainfall *since March has been nearly twice* the normal, it is possible that some of her citizens couldn't feel thirstier had they resided in Georgia.

The determination of the two old parties to make their campaigns only in doubtful states will be mighty sad news to the Republicans of Pennsylvania and the Democrats of Texas who depend upon politics as their *only means of support.*

If the people want to achieve victory, Colonel Bryan says, it's up to them to contribute to the Democratic campaign funds. Dunno. Maybe the colonel knows his business. We never posed as much of a lawyer, but it looks to us as though the colonel might be laying himself liable to the charge of obtaining money under false pretenses.

A London physician claims eggs spread diphtheria. In the light of the many recent discoveries of our professional friends it is more or less of a wonder that any of us are left *alive to learn about them.*

It would be almost a miracle did not Mr. Gompers come to the con*clusion that there was some sort of* a connection between his endorsement of Colonel Bryan and the action of that federal court citing him for contempt.

"If Samuel Gompers could control the votes of 2,000,000 workingmen, why couldn't he be induced to take the presidency himself?" is the question asked by the Nashville American. If he could he probably could, but he can't and therefore he can't.

Had those three judges tried to riddle Judge Landis' decision, wonder how much worse they would have left it.

It is estimated that Pennsylvania's coal supply will last 490 years. This estimate, of course, is made on the supposition that the Keystone state politicians will continue to find something easier to steal.

Still, Mr. Bryan might compromise matters by offering Mr. Hearst the first refusal on the state portfolio.

We can't get away from the idea that the least those hotels which have been boycotted by Carrie Nation because they have a bar can do is to pay her a percentage on their increase of business.

We had hope that the present campaign was to be free from mud-slinging, but an Atlanta paper is already accusing Candidate Taft of utilizing some of Chauncey Depew's jokes.

An exchange remarks that it must be an awful strain on Candidate Taft to waltz. But think of the strain on the floor!

Up to a late hour this afternoon even the hope of securing a reserved seat at the pie counter hasn't prompted any local Democrat to attach his signature to the dangerous corner of a $10,000 campaign contribution check.

A New Jersey man claims to have been bitten by 3,000 dogs. Evidently dogs are more numerous in New Jersey than the assessors' returns would *indicate they are in Ohio.*

Without knowledge of the exact merits of the matter, all of us would have more respect for the decision of the federal court of appeals at Chicago in the Standard Oil case were not the court in many quarters held to be made up of men who take more interest in politics than is deemed wise for an occupant of the bench.

Bushels of Plums for Canning.

Our plums are now ripe. The finest grown for canning. Buy now while the price is low.

Call at orchard, south Prospect street, or phone 610. J. W. Thew.
204-2-wk-1

Don't be satisfied with walking around on your uppers while waiting for a dead man's shoes.

REBEKAHS OF LA RUE HOLD INSTALLATION

Officers Will Serve During Next Six Months.

GERTRUDE LONGBERRY IS NOW NOBLE GRAND

Illness of Rev. E. N. Long Prevents Him from Filling the Pulpit at the LaRue Baptist Church and Rev. J. A. Sutton Conducts Services. Some LaRue Notes.

LaRue July 23.—[Special.]—At a regular meeting of Morning Rebekah Lodge, No. 152, Tuesday evening, the following officers were installed to serve for the ensuing six months: Gertrude Longberry, *noble grand;* Nora Markey vice grand; Elizabeth Knapp, chaplain; Barbara Dutton, warden; Jennie Lee, conductor; W. C. Wilson *inside guardian;* J. N. Rodgers, outside guardian; Martha J. Bell, right supporter to noble grand; Maggie Wittibslager, left sup*porter to noble grand;* Elizabeth Hoagland, right supporters to vice grand; Belle Bates, left supporter to vice grand. Mrs. Bertha Wilson acted as installing officer.

Mrs. O. P. Magan, of Kenton, has been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Bell of east Vine street this week.

Mrs. L. G. Copeland was a Marion visitor Saturday.

Owing to illness, Rev. E. N. Long was unable to fill his pulpit at the Baptist church Sunday morning. Rev. J. A. Sutton preached instead.

Charles Engel, of Marseilles, spent Sunday with friends at LaRue.

Master Charles Wise, of Fostoria, is visiting relatives at LaRue.

S. I. Clements was a business visitor in Marion Saturday.

Mrs William Shira has returned from a visit with Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Henkle of Delaware.

E. D. Blume, traveling auditor for the Central Union Telephone company, has been in LaRue for the past week on business.

Mrs. Charles Melvin and children returned to their home in Marion, Thursday evening, after a visit with relatives south of town.

Mrs. J. G. Landgrabe visited relatives in Marion from Saturday until Monday.

Mrs. J. Hardy and children of Cleveland are the guests of Mrs. Mary Riley this week.

Miss Nellie and Master Fred Mouser of Latty were guests of relatives in LaRue a few days last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Harvey and daughter of East Liberty were guests of Rev. E. N. Long and family of north High street, Sunday.

Hilton Longberry is visiting relatives near Kenton this week.

Mrs. W. A. Gerlach and son accompanied by Miss Florence Huber, of Circleville visited relatives and friends in Marion and Kenton from Friday until Tuesday.

Master Lloyd Harder, of Marion, visited at the C. H Sutton home last week.

Miss Minnie Dutton, of Agosta, was the guest of friends in LaRue Monday.

Miss Elsie Bell, who for the past two months has been employed at the Nickelodeon as pianist and soloist, resigned her position and left, Sunday morning, for Minneapolis where she has accepted a like position with a theatrical troupe. Mrs. Floyd Terry is filling the position made vacant by Miss Bell.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Henkle visited relatives in Marion a few days this week.

Mr. and Mrs. M A. Taylor and son, Jay of Ashtabula, arrived at LaRue Saturday. Mr. Taylor returned home Wednesday. Mrs. Taylor and son remaining to visit with relatives and friends a few weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Perry Gatchell and son, Howard and guests Mr. and Mrs O. Smith, of Chicago, and Mr. and Mrs. William Kinnamon and daughter, Nellie visited relatives near Hepburn Sunday.

Master Paul Sutton is spending the week with relatives in Marion and Morral.

Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Blue, of Marion, are visiting relatives in LaRue and vicinity this week.

Mrs. S. A Raub and children went to Marion, Saturday, to visit a few days with relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. R. D. Henkle spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. O. Myers of Kenton.

Miss Agnes Carey has returned to Marion after a couple of weeks spent with relatives at LaRue.

Mrs. Love Waples, of Marion, is spending the week with relatives and friends at LaRue.

Master Carl Longshore is visiting relatives at LaRue.

Mrs. Charles Metz and children are spending the week with relatives in Lima.

Mrs. Otis Blue, Miss Daphne Johnson, and Leo Prettyman were in Marion, Saturday, the guests of friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Thatcher, of Marion, were guests of relatives at LaRue Sunday.

Miss Olive Skinner and Miss Hazel Prettyman returned to their home in Marion, Monday evening, after a week's visit at the C. M. Tannyhill home on Chestnut treet.

C. C Clark was a business visitor in Marion Saturday.

Frank Crossen, of Cleveland, was the guest of friends in LaRue Sunday.

Born, Thursday, to Mr. and Mrs. Earnest Cleveland, a daughter.

Master Keith and Clare Ridgway are visiting relatives in Grand Rapids, Michigan, this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Holland, of Frankfort, Indiana; Mr. and Mrs. Howard Mouser, of Latty, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Kniffin of east Vine street Tuesday.

Walter Scranton, Vernon Secord and A. Hartle were guests of friends in Ada, Sunday.

Miss Birdella Thomasson is spending the week with relatives in Kenton and Lima.

Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Morral were Marion visitors Saturday.

Mrs. Howard Chrysler is visiting relatives at Richwood this week.

E. E. Everett was a business visitor in Marion Saturday.

Misses Matea and Margarretta Paulsen of the local telephone office were guests of relatives in Marion Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Cleveland left, Tuesday evening, for various parts of Michigan where they will visit relatives a couple of weeks.

Mrs. Ethel Denman and children have been visiting Mrs. Denman's parents south of town the past week.

Mrs. R. B. Bonner was a business visitor in Marion Saturday.

Mrs. John Werrick, of near New Winchester, visited her parents at LaRue a couple days last week.

MISSION SOCIETIES ADOPT RESOLUTIONS

Tribute to the Memory of Mrs. Martha A. Hodder.

A meeting of the members of the Foreign and Home Missionary societies of the First Presbyterian church was held in the church parlors May 13, 1908, the object of the meeting being to adopt suitable resolutions upon the death of Mrs. Martha A. Hodder.

The meeting was organized by choosing Mrs Pauline Hummer, chairman, and Mrs. Margaret Leonard secretary.

A committee consisting of Mrs. George M. Rourke, Mrs. Margaret Leonard and Mrs. Pauline Hummer was appointed to report resolutions. The committee reported the following which was unanimously adopted, to-wit:

Whereas, It has pleased our Heavenly Father in His providence to remove from our midst our late *friend and sister,* Mrs. Martha A. Hodder, for many years a member of this church and its societies, and,

Whereas, We, her survivors, are desirous of expressing in some suitable manner our sense of her character and virtues. Therefore be it,

Resolved, That we have heard of her death with profound regret and deep sorrow, that in her death the church and these Missionary societies have lost one of its most worthy, upright, honorable and esteemed members, the community an exemplary citizen and her children an affectionate, indulgent and tender mother, and to her mother, we acknowledge how weak and fruitless must be any words of ours which should attempt to beguile her from the grief of a loss so overwhelming.

Resolved, That these resolutions be published in the newspapers of the city, that they be read at the June meeting of these societies with the request that the same may be entered on the journal thereof and that a copy be furnished to the family of the deceased as a token of our sympathy with them in their great bereavement.

Pauline Hummer, chairman.
Margaret Leonard secretary.

MRS. JOHN POLAND DIES IN COLUMBUS

Funeral Services Are Held Here Wednesday Afternoon.

Word was received here, Tuesday evening, announcing the death of Mrs. John Poland which occurred at her home in Columbus Tuesday. The deceased was forty-five years of age and the cause of her death is not known to her relatives here. A husband, three brothers and four sisters are left. Her sisters, Mrs. James McWherter, Mrs. Minnie Throne, Mrs. H. H. Holverstott and Miss Shields and one brother, John Shields, reside in this city. The remains were brought here from Columbus, Wednesday morning, and placed in the vault at Marion cemetery. The burial was made that afternoon after short services at the grave.

Family Is Poisoned.

Mr. and Mrs. Perry Shoots and daughters, aged three and one-half and one and one-half years, suffered of poisoning, Tuesday, and for a time were dangerously ill, especially the mother and the children. As soon as the seriousness of the illness of the family was observed a physician was called. Today all are considered well on the way to recovery. The poisoning is supposed to have been caused by milk.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. James Walsh, of St. James street, Thursday morning.

FOR SALE—Two 60 gal. oil tanks, family refrigerator, Dayton Computing scale, good buxter wagon, all in good condition. W. W. Reading, Bennett St. Phone 561. 202-4-wky-2.

UMBRELLA LOST—Lady's natural wood straight handle umbrella, silk cover, along road, 4 or 5 miles south of city. Reward for return to Zachman & Myers' grocery. dwk-1

SELLING

Remnants at Less Than Half Price

Cleaning up all odds and ends in the Carpet Department regardless of cost. Everything under twenty yards is included. Beginning Saturday morning and until they are all gone—

$1 75 Axminsters for .....69c yard
$1.50 Velvets for.. .....69c yard
$1.00 and 85c Ingrain Carpet.....49c yard
Cotton Chain extra Supers, Unions and Granites at 19 & 29c yard

McClain's.

AN EXPRESS TRAIN IS WRECKED NEAR DEPOT

Three Cars Derailed and Much Damage Is Done.

William Wark Suffers a Few Slight Bruises, but Takes His Express Run to Chicago—The Interlocker Plant Is Damaged—Some Railroad Happenings of the City.

The Chicago & Erie, Big Four and Nypano cross-over, about sixty feet from the union station, was the scene of a serious wreck, Wednesday afternoon, about 3 o'clock. Three cars were derailed, one of which turned over on its side; the interlocker plant was put out of commission, the Big Four and Erie main tracks were blocked for a time and the track was generally damaged for a distance of about thirty feet.

The Wells-Fargo & Company Express train, No. 13, was just leaving the depot on the Erie at 2:41 with Engineer G. J. Brown at the throttle and Conductor C. J Furman in charge of the train. Express Messengers Frank Lawrence, in the fourth car from the engine, and William Wark, of this city, in the fifth car, were at work sorting the express. The signal was given from the tower that the switches were all right for the train's departure. Suddenly, after the engine and two cars had crossed, the train moving slowly, the cross-over switch opened and three cars started to go on different tracks. Fortunately, the engine crew observed the plight of the train and the brakes were hastily applied, the stop being made after three cars had been derailed.

The messengers were thrown *about their respective cars,* but escaped with a few bruises and scratches. Wark resumed his run, his car easily being replaced on the track. The train, minus the two cars, continued its journey to Chicago. In the course of the wreck the main semaphore was knocked over and the machinery and wires of the interlocker plant were almost completely demolished.

Investigation showed that a hot coal from the engine fire box had dropped into the conduit and burned off the insulation of a wire. As a result, two wires operating the switches crossed and the switches were thrown open.

The wrecking crew came over from Galion and after a couple of hours' work the tracks were cleared and repaired for traffic.

The interlocker plant was repaired today.

The Prospect merchants ran their annual excursion to Cedar Point, Wednesday, over the Hocking Valley to Fostoria and over the Lake Erie & Western from Fostoria. The special was made up of eight coaches and carried about 600 people.

OBITUARY.

Sarah Elinor Delong Mouser was born at Hillsboro, Highland county, May 11, 1811, and departed this life at Latty, Saturday morning, July 18, 1908, aged sixty-seven years, two months and seven days. She was the daughter of Dr. H. P. and Ann Holmes Delong. She was united in marriage to Dr. J. A. Mouser, March 1, 1861, at LaRue. To this union, which proved an exceptionally happy one, were born nine children, seven of whom are living. Her husband, Dr. J. A. Mouser, and two sons, George and Lloyd, preceded her to the grave. Her entire life was one of love to her family and devotion to her friends. Always of a quiet, modest disposition, she trusted not words but deeds to prove her christian character. Her patience and fortitude through the long months of suffering was heroic and remains the finest testimony of her noble and loving character in the hearts of all those who so dearly loved her. She loved all the duties of life which call for the exercise of the higher virtues and counted it a pleasure to follow the example of her heavenly Father.

***

OSLER AT SIXTY.

Dr. Osler author of the dictum that a man had outlived his usefulness at sixty and ought to be chloroformed, has reached the age limit set by himself. Has he taken his own medicine? The world has not heard of it if he has. Through the long hours preceding that fateful morning of his birthday the scientific friends of Dr. Osler sat in sackcloth and ashes, so to speak, awaiting the tid*ings of his demise, that they might* mourn; for, of course, none of them doubted him. They were men of science and he was a man of science. He had said that at sixty a man ought to be chloroformed, and certainly he would obey his own law.

But the morning came and Dr. Osler arose and went about his business with a—perhaps a whistle. It seems that he ate his poached egg and toast and read his newspaper through without the least thought of chlorotorm And when he finally got down to work that day it was to put in his best licks trying to beat out Winston Churchill and George Wyndham for the lord rectorship of Edinburg University. Wyndham is younger than Osler and Churchill—why, he's not out of his thirty's—and yet the good old doctor *insists on running him a race!* A scandalously game old sport must be this decrepit sexagenarian, who thinks his usefulness is over.

It is to be feared that the learned scientist has put himself somewhat in the position of the French duelist who was by the terms of a certain encounter supposed to lock himself in a room and blow his brains out. His opponent and the seconds listened breathlessly for the fatal shot that should announce his death, but when it came and they rushed into the room, there stood the debonair duelist, smiling and unharmed: "Gentlemen," he cried, "is it not most untortunate! I have missed myself!" Dr. Osler is now bound to say to his scientific friends, "Gentlemen, it is most unfortunate, but I have disproved myself." Once again is the old saw vindicated, that a doctor fears his own prescriptions.

Probably Dr. Osler is as young at sixty, as vigorous, as strong for work, and as keen for knowledge as he ever was. It is the age when *a man should be normally in his* intellectual prime—when life is fuller, sweeter, riper than at any other time. Men have done great work in the world after sixty and found great happiness in living. It is to be hoped that Dr. Osler and all the hearty boys of his age will remain with us many years yet, to contribute to our knowledge as well as amuse us with pretty little theories that do them no harm and add a spice to our zest of life.—Washington Post.

The Lewis Grocery.

Blackberries are Arriving Daily.

Let us have your order for tomorrow or any day next week.

Big shipments every morning

R. T. LEWIS & CO.

STILL THEY COME!

MORE INTERESTING PRICES FROM

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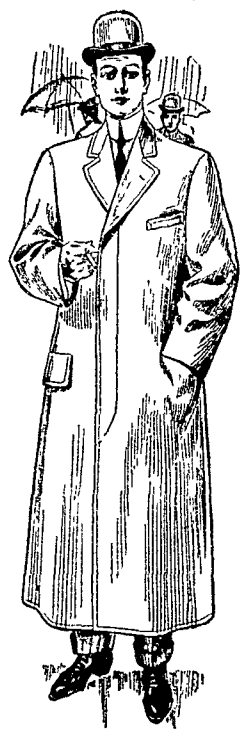
BIG REMOVAL SALE.



This time, it's the popular all-the-year-round RAIN COATS. The selection includes all the new shades of olives, tans, greys and fancies as well as plain black.

Most of these garments are of the guaranteed "PRIESTLEY CRAVENETTE."

Men's $25.00 Rain Coats---Sale Price $20.75
" 23.50 " " " " 17.75
" 20.00 " " " " 15.87
" 16.60 " " " " 13.74
" 15.00 " " " " 11 75
" 12.50 " " " " 9.75
" 10.10 " " " " 7.75
Boys 6.00 " " " " 4.87

Everything in the store at great bargain Prices—Nothing Reserved.

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A GREAT OHIO STATE HIGHWAY IS PLANNED

Good Roads Project on Foot in the State.

OLD INDIAN TRAIL FOR MODEL HIGHWAY

Sentiment and Utility Go Hand in Hand in This Undertaking—Revenue from the State Tax on Autos To Be Applied on the Building of a Fine Road Across State.

There is a good roads project on foot in this state which is of much historical interest. It is noteworthy because it proposes that an old Indian trail shall virtually furnish the route for a model highway. Sentiment and utility go hand in hand in this undertaking.

The plan is to have the revenue which the state will enjoy from the thousands of automobiles in Ohio, under the new license law, devoted to the construction of a great state road from Columbus to Camp Perry. The route would follow the Scioto and Sandusky rivers, crossing the narrow portage (only four miles) which the Indians used when they journeyed in canoes from Lake Erie to the Ohio river. One terminal point would be the capital of the state; the other what is one of the finest rifle ranges in the world.

The state and national governments are investing large sums at Camp Perry, near Port Clinton. The state has 500 acres of land on the shore of the lake, and the camp is already the scene of great rifle matches every year Its fame is spreading rapidly and marksmen from all sections meet there in competition.

Historical societies unite with good roads associations and automobile clubs to urge the building of a highway worthy of Ohio between the capital of the state and the big rifle camp. The route would be through Delaware, Marion, Upper Sandusky, Tiffin, Fremont and Port Clinton, and it would be practically the same which was used in the war of 1812 by General William Henry Harrison to move his forces to the lake and thence into Canada. The Indians, the white traders who knew the Ohio rivers and forests long before there were permanent white habitations within the present limits of the state, the soldiers of the second war with England, and the early commerce of a large part of Ohio, used this natural route from the center of the state to the lake

The model road from Columbus to Camp Perry would not only put the money paid by the automobile owners where many of them could enjoy it but it would also serve as an example to local authorities and as the beginning of a notable highway system to be built by the state. The plan is attractive from many points of view, and it may well receive the careful attention of the state authorities.—Cleveland Leader.

SMALL COMPANY AT MARSEILLES

Miss Anna Phillips Is Hostess to a Party.

Miss Anna Phillips entertained a few friends at a six-o'clock dinner, at her home at Marseilles, Wednesday evening. The evening was passed very pleasantly.

Those present from this city were Mr. and Mrs. Frank S. Keiler and son, Edmund; Misses Daisy Harding, Bernice Christian, Edith Wolfe and Messrs Frederic Berryman, R. T. Lewis and Charles Phillips.

MISS THERESA OBIN IS GIVEN SURPRISE

Miss Obin Will Leave Soon To Reside in Dayton.

FAREWELL PARTY AT NEIDIG HOME

Evening Is Passed with Music and Games and Lunch Is Served—The Hostess Receives a Signet Ring from the Guests—Some Social Notes Gathered in City.

Miss Theresa Obin, who has been making her home with Mr and Mrs. P. H. Neidig of north State street, for the past two years was given a pleasant surprise Tuesday evening. The surprise was a farewell for Miss Obin who will return to her former home in Dayton. The evening was pleasantly passed with games and music and a lunch was served. The guests presented Miss Obin a signet ring as a token of remembrance.

Those present were Miss Helena Kiely, of Cornell, New York; Miss Marie Beatty, of Plymouth; Misses Mary Dee, Beatrice Ryan, Florence Wren, Nora Pond, Fostine Kahl, Helen Darmody, Margaret Welley, Edith Ochs, Genevieve Darmody, Bertha Shuler, Helen Glick, Rose Martin and Messrs. Walter Shuler, Carl Stuber, George Sweeney, Charles Kelly, Carl Snoutz, Gerald Lewis, Edward Sweeney, Albert Steinman, James McAndrews, Paul Burke, Francis Metzgar, Earl Hill, Joseph Artz and Edward Filiatrault.

* * *

Miss Annabel Stevens was surprised by a number of her friends, Monday evening, in honor of her twelfth birthday anniversary. The evening was passed with music and games, after which light refreshments were served.

Those present were Edith Love, Elvessa Durkin, Clarabel Bachman, Theresa Crawley, Elsie Brown, Elira Thomas, Goldeth Lindsay, Martha Abbot, Wilda Edelman, Helen Parratt, Stella Martin, Genevieve Cheney, Vera Smith, Varence Smith and Florence Apt.

* * *

Friends and neighbors of Messrs. Ward H. Bones and E E. Powers gave them a joint surprise at the home of the latter on east Church street, Tuesday evening, in celebration of their birthday anniversaries.

AN OLD-FASHIONED IRON BULLET FOUND

Probably Fired from a Cannon in Early War.

Charles Allmendinger, of Pearl street, discovered quite a curiosity recently while chopping up an old tree he had cut from in front of his house. His ax struck against a piece of metal and was broken. The metal was located in the center of the trunk of the tree which was about three feet in diameter. Allmendinger chopped out the piece of metal and found it an iron bullet about an inch and a half in diameter Although there is no way of determining where it came from or how long it had been there, it is thought it was shot from some sort of a cannon in the campaign of General Harrison against the Indians.

Marion People Chosen.

At the state encampment of the Spanish-American War veterans held at Canton, Monday and Tuesday, R. M. Miller, of this city, was chosen as a member of the council of administration and Mrs. Elmer Bondley was chosen a member of the council of the Ladies' auxiliary.

CHARLES SHOWERS DIES AT RICHWOOD

Buys His Coffin Two Years Before Death.

PREPARES FULLY FOR HIS BURIAL

Mr. Showers Suffers of Consumption and, Anticipating an Early Death, Calls at Establishment of Local Undertaker and Makes an Unusual Purchase—Veteran of War.

Charles Showers, aged seventy-three years, died at his home at Richwood, Wednesday at 9 o'clock, as the result of consumption and stomach trouble. The deceased had been suffering for the past several years of the dreaded disease. He was a former resident of this city and very well known here. He was a veteran of the civil war and was a member of Cooper Post, No. 117, G. A. R. of this city Two daughters are left. They are Mrs. Robert Poland, of this city, and Mrs. Z. W. Teetor, of Traverse City, Michigan. The funeral was held from the late residence at Richwood, Friday morning at 8 o'clock. The remains were brought to this city for interment in Marion cemetery. The casket was opened at the grave and short services were conducted.

Mr. Showers spent the greater part of his life in this city. Two years ago he felt that he was near death's door and selected and paid for a casket and other funeral necessaries at a local undertaker's establishment. He then made all of the arrangements for his funeral and these were carried out as near as possible in accord with his wishes.

GREEN CAMP NOTES OF SOME INTEREST

People Visiting at Village and in the Vicinity.

Green Camp, July 23.—[Special.]—Miss Nora Savidge is the guest of Rev. Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Twining, of Grand Ledge, Michigan.

Jacob McClelland had a valuable horse hurt on a barbed wire fence Tuesday.

Rev. Emery Cox of Indiana, preached a fine sermon at the F. B church, Sunday morning. His father Rev. J. E. Cox, was pastor of this church sixteen years ago.

Mr. and Mrs George Rayl of Marion visited Sunday with Rev. Mr. and Mrs Levi Davis.

M. S. Hogan, of Flat Bush, Long Island, who has been visiting his mother and other relatives here the past week, returned to his home, Tuesday, accompanied by his brother, Edgar Hogan.

The Folk reunion will be held in the school yard here August 29.

Mr. and Mrs. Amos Owens and children, of Toledo, returned to their home, Sunday, after a week's visit with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Job Pettit.

Scioto Valley Rebekah Lodge, No 597, conferred the degree on a class of candidates at their regular meeting, Tuesday evening.

Mrs M L Moore, of Marion, was calling on local friends Sunday.

Mrs. Mary Yoe, of Indiana, is making an extended visit with relatives here

Miss Blanche Porter has returned to her home after the season's work as trimmer with a millinery house in New York.

When a girl marries her "affinity" her father usually has to support him.

MRS. ROYAL MILLER SUES FOR A DIVORCE

Charges Husband with Gross Neglect of Duty.

MILLER LEAVES CITY AND FAILS TO WRITE

The Plaintiff States She Is Left in Destitute Circumstances and She Is Unable To Provide for Herself Because of Illness—Wants Alimony and Children—Court Notes.

Ollie R. Miller, through her attorney, L. E. Meyers, filed a petition praying for divorce in the common pleas court Wednesday. Mrs. Miller states in her petition that she was married to the defendent Royal Miller in 1889 and that two children aged respectively, eighteen and sixteen were born to the union. She claims her husband is guilty of gross neglect of duty. She also says that last April he departed from Marion and since that time she has not heard anything from him. He left her she avers, in destitute circumstances and she is unable because of illness to properly provide for herself. She asks for a divorce, custody of the children and that the court award her suitable alimony.

Through her attorneys, Jacoby & Donithen, Sarah E. Heuk has filed a petition for divorce from Christopher Heuk of Big Island township. The plaintiff avers that she was married in 1884 and of the union nine children were born, seven of which are living, ranging in age from five to twenty-four years. She states that her husband is cruel to the point that he is inhuman and says he has often struck her as well as the children. She continues by saying that both she and the children are afraid of him and have fear for their lives In her petition she prays that the defendant be enjoined from disposing of his property or mortgaging it and from injuring her or her children. The injunction was granted by the probate court.

In the case of Kathleen Modrack against M. P. Fitzgerald, in which the plaintiff sues to obtain $227 for care and work done for the defendant during his life, sickness and death, the plaintiff filed an amended petition, Wednesday, in which she says Maurice P. and M. P. Fitzgerald are one and the same person. She also increases her claim from $227 to $248.

The John Wagner & Son Brewing company of Sidney filed a petition with the county clerk, asking for an injunction, restraining the county treasurer from collecting the Dow tax from its concern for its operation in La Rue in that its agent at La Rue settles for the tax according to the state statute. The original assessment was brought on the complaint of the county prosecutor. Probate Judge Foster granted the injunction.

GREAT GAS STRIKE MADE NEAR FOREST

A Marion Man Makes Strike in First Well.

A letter from Mac Woodward, of Girard avenue, who is now engaged in the oil business near Forest, states that he and two of his brothers-in-law made a great gas strike, last Saturday, in a well they had been engaged in drilling during the past three weeks. The gas came up with such force that two of the men were overcome by it while endeavoring to cap it, one narrowly escaping with his life. They will drill another well in the same locality at once.

THE WARNER & EDWARDS STORE.

A JULY SALE

With Actual Reductions—

Take Advantage of these prices.

Buy For Your Fall Sewing.

Unbleached Muslins	4½c, 6c, 7c
Best Calicoes made	5c
Best Apron Ginghams	6c
"Hill" Bleached Muslin	7¾c
Stevens' All Linen Toweling	5c
Steven's Best Brown Toweling	9c
36-in. Dark Percales	8c
The Fine Dress Ginghams	10c

A Closing Sale of All Wash Goods.

Lawns and Batistes in the Fine Grades	5c
All satin striped organdies and batistes that were fifteen, are marked	10c
The French organdies and imported voiles that sold at twenty-five are	12½c
Shimmer silks and silk ginghams are now	18c
Beautiful silk organdies and embroidered swisses	25c

Carpets and Furnishings.

Two Clearance Prices on Silks.

Rough Pongee silk and checked taffetas are 39c

All silk Rajahs, 27-in wide ..... Satin Foulards, 24-in. wide ..... 36-in. Tussah silks ..... 36-in. White Wash silks 59c

Clearance Prices on Wool Dress Goods.

Rain Proof Suitings in checks, plaids, mixtures, 45-in. wide (worth $1.25) at..... 50c

Rain Proof Suitings

Moonlight mixtures and fancy weaves that sold at $1.50, now 75c

Arnolds Plaids

Here is a Cotton Dress Fabric that looks like wool, wears just as well, is 36-in. wide, is cheaper than calico 10c

Ready-to-Wear Things

Long Pongee silk coats	Half Price
Silk shirt waist suits	One-Third Off
White wash skirts	$1.00, $1.50, $2.50
White waists	50c and $1.00

All Wool Ingrain Carpets	45c
Brussels Rugs, room sizes, 9 x 12	$9.25
Velvet Rugs, 9 x 12	$15.00
Odd lot Lace Curtains	Half Price

Warner & Edwards.

LINEN SHOWER AT THE DAVIDS HOME

Affair Is in Honor of Mrs. Rollin Schrock.

Prospect, July 22.—[Special.]—Mrs. W. H. Davids entertained a company of thirty at a linen shower given at her home three miles northeast of here, Tuesday evening, in honor of her sister-in-law, Mrs. Rollin Schrock.

Mrs. Schrock was married two weeks ago in Redlands, California. She was formerly Miss Mattie Davids, of this place.

The evening was passed with games and music, and a three-course lunch was served. Mr. and Mrs. Schrock are here on their wedding trip. Mr. Schrock formerly lived in Marion, but has been in California for the past year and Mrs. Schrock has made California her home for the past two years.

GET THE CASH HABIT.

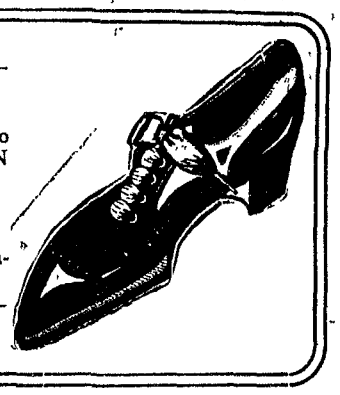
$2.48

Buys any of our $3.50 and $3.00 Oxfords. MEN and WOMEN should take advantage of this

Great Reduction

and secure a pair of comfortable summer shoes.

New York Store.



BIRTHS.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Wesley Cook, of north Seffner avenue, Sunday.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Oscar M. Kelly, of Ballentine avenue, Monday evening.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Nickelson of the Rosewood addition Tuesday.

The July Sale Dress Goods & Silks means saving for you never before realized

Stocks here must be radically lowered as we never had so many wool or silk fabrics before at this season of the year. **Magnificent new fabrics that are rich in weaves and color. The choicest dress materials we have ever shown, lines that are practically new having just been recently bought, especially for the opening of this store, now suffer price reduction from 25 to 50 per cent.**

Exquisite Wash Silks 34c yard.

These charming silks are 27 inches wide and come in stripes, dots and plain effects. The rich shades, tans, browns, old rose, etc., are in evidence. They are wonderful value. The best we ever sold, 34c yard.

$1.00 Crisp Wool Voile 59c yard.

A really splendid quality worsted black voile, that crisp, wiry voile that never musses. This is a grand value at $1.00 and will cause a speedy sale at the low price of 59c yard.

The New $1.00 Rough Silks 59c yard.

Those scarce rough weaves in dots and stripes, mostly tan, brown and blue grounds, the most sought after silks of the entire season and very rare $1.00 values, now marked 59c yard.

$1.00 Fancy Taffeta Silks 59c yard.

A very select line taffeta silks in stripes, checks and fancy effects, in style and colors that are today most in demand. Our very high 75c and $1.00 retail quality now marked 59c.

Fancy Wool Materials 69c, 49c, 39c, 25c yard.

For values that sold from 50c up to $1.25 yard—some wonderful choice weaves in stripes and checks. Just the right weight for summer suits and skirts. Fabrics of quality priced half and less for quick clearance.

Mohair Suits $1.25 values 59c yard.

A line mohair suits in neat checks, an ideal fabric for summer skirts and shirt waist suits, a weave that shows it quality at a glance. A good $1.25 value cut to 59c.

Phenomenal values Black Silks $1.50, 1.25, 89c, 59c yd.

Not in a dozen years have we seen the equal of these silk values. Wide black taffetas that are beautifully finished, that have just the right weight, the right luster, the right rustle. They're worh $2.00, $1.75, $1.50 and $1.00. They go at $1.50, $1.25, 89c and 59c.

A Close Out Fancy Silks 49c.

A very nice lot fancy taffetas, mostly checks, that were good sellers at 75c and $1.00 yard. To close them out in a hurry they go at 49c yard.

$2, $1.50 and $1 Black Goods $1, 75c and 59c.

Imported all-wool panamas, wool taffetas, mohairs and a host of other weaves in blacks, a beautiful collection of everything that's new and desirable. Those elegant values that we've been telling you about, $2.00, $1.50 and $1.00 yard, are to be sold during this sale for $1, 75c and 59c yard. It's a buying event extraordinary. It's a clean gain of 50 per cent, on goods that sell the year around at regular prices.

The Store That Sells as it Advertises

FRANK BROS. & CO.

Marion's Largest Retail Store

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

MAKES REPLY TO THE PRINCE

Vice President Fairbanks Represents United States,

AT THE CELEBRATIION IN QUEBEC TODAY

Tells of the Friendship of the Two Countries.

Good Feeling Exists Between the United States and Canada—He Makes an Appeal for Peace at All Times—The City Is in Gala Attire and Thousands of Sightseers Are Thronging the Streets.

Quebec, July 23.—The principal event of interest to Americans in connection with the opening of the tercentenary celebration of the founding of Quebec, which began in earnest this morning, was the address delivered by Vice President Fairbanks in response to the address of welcome made by the Prince of Wales to the representatives of the foreign governments present. Mr. Fairbanks spoke in part as follows:

"Your Royal Highness: I acknowledge with grateful appreciation the welcome which you so generously extend. The sentiments which you are pleased to express with regard to my country I receive with profound sensibility. They are renewed evidence of that respect and cordial good will which has so long existed between the United States and Great Britain, and will tend to strengthen and preserve their amicable relations

"Permit me to extend to Quebec my hearty congratulations upon the distinction which she enjoys in the presence of your royal highness and upon the enthusiasm with which she has welcomed you within her gates. It is, indeed, a signal honor which you have done her. It is a happy circumstance which brings you across the sea. The event is one which will be long treasured among the annals of Quebec.

"The eyes of the western world are upon this historic city. The celebration of the tercentenary of Champlain's founding of Quebec is altogether admirable both in the comprehensiveness of its conception and in the excellence of its execution, and is an event which awakes interest not only in the Dominion of Canada, but in the United States also.

Is But Brief Period.

"Three hundred years is but a brief period in the history of England or France, but it is all the history of Quebec and all of Anglo-Saxon America. Here has been written an interesting story. Here have been witnessed the victories and defeats of war and the blessed triumphs of peace.

"It is with unusual pleasure I bring you greetings from the president and the people of the United States, who rejoice with you in the progress you have made in the manifold ways which make for the strength and honor of a great people. We are not indifferent to your welfare nor are you indifferent to ours. The blood of a common ancestry is in our veins. We have much in common. We glory in many of the same traditions and we have the same jurisprudence. Our standards of civilization are alike.

"As we behold this majestic celebration in which the representatives of different nations participate and witness the manifestations of a genuine fraternal spirit among them, we are impressed with the thought that there is no rational reason why nations should resort to war. May we not, on this theater of past conflicts, surrounded now by the impressive monuments of peace, venture to hope that the widespread movement which seeks to insure the maintenance of peace among the nations of the world without invoking the sword, may grow in strength and at no distant day become incorporated as a part of the fixed policy of nations To advocate measures for the maintenance of international tranquillity, to endeavor to substitute reason for force, is not evidence of any decay in the courage or manhood of nations, but it is the proclamation of the great truth that modern civilization is not a failure. It is a failure if it does not substitute for force the serene and all-powerful chamber of reason and deliberation There is such a thing as righteousness among nations. Let them take their differences into international courts of justice and there let reason and righteousness prevail. Let nations by every honorable means which enlightened statesmanship may suggest, avoid an appeal to that court where might alone turns the balance.

"We have no need to fear that the relations between the United States and Great Britain will ever again be disturbed. We have faith to believe that our flags which grace this historic occasion, and which mingle together and salute each other upon the Plains of Abraham, will never confront each other in conflict upon either land or sea.

"I beg again to thank your royal highness for the gracious welcome and hospitality which you tender to me as the representative of the United States, and to wish for your country and your people a continuance of the blessings of peace, progress and prosperity."

The city is thronged with thousands of strangers and is handsomely decorated for the occasion.

The Prince Arrives.

Quebec, July 23.—The Prince of Wales landed from the British battleship Indomitable last evening, amid the deafening roar of guns from the international fleet of British, French and American warships and the tumultuous demonstrations of 50,000 persons massed upon the wharves and terraced heights of the city. It was a spectacle of truly royal splendor, for the latest type of British Dreadnaught, with the royal standard flying, came to anchor among the double column of foreign warships, and the prince was welcomed ashore by Earl Grey, governor general; Premier Laurier and the assembled dignitaries, flanked by thousands of soldiers and a multitude of people.

Premier Laurier delivered to the prince an address of welcome, assuring him of the unswerving loyalty of Canada to the king and its united resolution to promote the interests of the empire. The prince responded in happy vein, speaking both in English and French, extending good wishes of his royal father to Canada and making pleasant allusion to the loyalty of English and French Canadians alike. The ceremonies concluded, the prince was driven through the streets, lined with soldiers and packed with people, to the citadel, where the royal quarters are established.

JOHNNIE BULLS GET VERY SORE

Continued from Page One.

program.

England refuses to concede that America leads, still clinging to the one point for firsts system. Still she can't get over the fact that in the regular Olympic events the Yankees had seventy-five points to her 47 1-3, or 65 1-3, if the ridiculous tug-of-war and the points of Canada, Australia and South Africa are added to her total. So far England hasn't made any request for the Swedish score, but as the English and Swedish empires are linked together by royal ties, the Americans are expecting some such claim.

With the standing high jump and finals in the 200 and 400-meter events on today's program, the nephews of Uncle Sam looked for a good day. In the standing high jump, Ray Ewry, the rubbery individual of the New York Athletic club, was not in his usual form. He won in section two and three, but his mount was only five feet one inch, far below his Olympic record. The same mark was made by the Greek, Tsirilijtias, in the first section. Platt Adams, of the New York Athletic club, was second with a jump of four feet, ten inches.

Kerr, the Canadian, and Lieutenant Halswell loomed up threateningly in the 200 and 400-meter runs, respectively.

Preparing for Marathon.

London, July 23.—Between seventy-and eighty athletes, representing seventeen countries, are getting the last touches of their training for the Marathon race, the feature of the Olympiad. It will start tomorrow from the private grounds of King Edward at Windsor castle. From there it will cover twenty-six miles to the stadium at the Franco-British exposition.

The course has been most carefully selected with a view to getting a stretch of country as nearly as possible like the twenty-six miles between Marathon and Athens.

In the first few miles the course is fairly level, but nine miles from the start the hills begin All along the route sign posts with directions in several languages have been erected so that no competitor may lose his way.

In order to permit as many people as possible to see the finish, competitors on reaching the stadium will run once around the track, a distance of one-third of a mile, finishing in front of the royal box.

The Countries Entered.

The countries which have entered for the contest are Australia, Australasia, Belgium, Bohemia, Canada, Denmark, Finland, Germany, Greece, Holland, Hungary, Italy, United Kingdom, and the United States

The real struggle is expected to be between the United Kingdom, Canada, the United States, South Africa and Sweden, but it is believed that the United Kingdom or Canada will win.

Two years ago at Athens the Marathon was won by a Canadian, W. Sherring who is not running this year, but is training the Canadian entrant. A Swede, John S. Vanberg, of Stockholm, was second to Sherring at Athens and another Swede, Gustaf Tormos was fourth. Both will run tomorrow as will also G. Blake, an Australian, who finished sixth at Athens.

Of course, the hope of Canada is Tom Longboat, the Indian. There is still some doubt whether he will be allowed to run, the British Olympic council not yet having announced their decision as to the charges of professionalism prefered against him. It is considered probable, however, that Longboat will run.

TEN YOUNG LADIES ORGANIZE NEW CLUB

Meeting Held at Home of Miss Hazel Schultz.

MEMBERS WILL DO EMBROIDERY WORK

Rural Mail Carrier Ferguson Is Called to Kenton by the Serious Illness of a Relative—Ziba Beaver Is Doing Extra Duty—Notes of the Past Week at Morral.

Morral, July 23.—[Special]—Ten young ladies met at the home of Miss Hazel Schultz, Tuesday afternoon, and organized an embroidery club to be known as the G B. club. The club is composed of Donna Court, Mildred Washburn, Hazel Lupton, Roma Welsh, Iona Washburn, Pearl Crim, Hazel Cottrell, Audry Bolander, Hazel Schultz and Ermal Paxson. The club will meet next Thursday with Miss Audrey Bolander. After the organization was completed light refreshments were served.

Mrs. A. C. Vogt and Mrs. F. L Berry were called to Broadway, Sunday night, by the serious illness of their father.

Claire and Wilford Davis, of Marion, were guests of Mabel Richards, Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs H. A. Martin were Marion visitors, Saturday evening.

Rural Carrier C. W. Ferguson and family went to Kenton, Tuesday, to visit Mr. Ferguson's grandfather, Nathaniel Osbun, who is quite ill. Liba Beaver, substitute carrier, filled the vacancy caused by Mr. Ferguson's absence

The band members received their new uniforms Tuesday.

Miss Edna Wood returned Tuesday from a visit with her parents southwest of town.

Mr. and Mrs. C. L. V. Casto and daughter are located here. They will move their household goods from Marion as soon as they can secure a house.

Darius Washburn and Miss Dale Harriman, of Marion, were guests at the home of O. Washburn, Friday.

Ray Beaver, of Richwood, is visiting his brother, east of town.

Mrs. Mary Loubert is visiting relatives at Forest

Van Lewis and son, Vernon, are visiting relatives in Virginia.

Mrs. Beard and Mrs. Mary Beard and children, of Plain City; Mrs. Leo Douglass and baby, of Milford Center, and Mr. and Mrs. Frank McIntire were guests at the home of C. W. Ferguson, Sunday.

Ed Handeby came up from Prospect, Wednesday morning He and Miss Hazel and Master Harold Schultz drove to Marseilles to visit relatives.

Mrs. J. J. Pratte and son, Vernon, visited relatives in Green Camp, Saturday and Sunday.

Mrs. Chester Richards has returned from a visit with friends in Wyandot county.

Robert Mahaffey, of Pleasant Hill, Missouri, is visiting his brother, William Mahaffey

C. E. Mount went to Galion, Tuesday evening, to visit his uncle, I. Van Horn, who is sick.

Thomas Hedges broke ground for a fine new residence, Monday.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. G. K. Watts, Wednesday morning.

Mrs. Emma Fenner, of Irwin, who has been visiting at the home of her brother, F. L. Berry, returned to her home, Wednesday

YOUNG PEOPLE FOOL PARENTS

Dodge Elaborate Wedding by Marrying Privately Wednesday.

Denver, Col., July 23.—A few automobile sprints aided Miss Evelyn Walsh, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Walsh, and Edward B. McLean, son of John R. McLean, to foil the plans of their parents and society in general for an elaborate wedding They married at noon, yesterday, then made a hurried sprint to Colorado Springs, where they put up at the Antlers. They ate their wedding supper, however, at a small restaurant.

All arrangements evidently had been made by telephone with Crawford Hill, owner of the Republican, for with Mrs. Hill he met the young couple when they sped to town from Wolhurst, the Walsh country estate. Leaving the ladies in the automobile, Mr. Hill and Mr. McLean secured the license, then another automobile sprint landed them at St Mark's church. The ceremony occupied less than ten minutes.

When all was over, the newly-wedded party sent telegrams to the bride's father in Kansas City, and the parents of the bridegroom at Bar Harbor.

Treasury Statement.

Washington, July 23.—Today's treasury statement: Receipts $2,122,699; expenditures $2,510,000.

GOVERNMENT TO CONTINUE FIGHT

Will Not Let Standard Fine Get Away

WITHOUT ANOTHER LEGAL STRUGGLE

Has Thirty Days in Which To Make Appeal.

In Case Circuit Court Refuses Rehearing, New Trial May Be Instituted on Original Indictment or May Transfer Prosecution to Jurisdiction of Western New York or Eastern Tennessee.

Chicago, July 23.—The government will ask a rehearing of the Standard Oil case before the circuit court of appeals within thirty days. This fact was revealed in a statement today by United States District Attorney Sims. He said: "We will file a petition for a rehearing of the case before the circuit court of appeals within thirty days. If the court denies this we will push the prosecution of all the cases against the Standard Oil company. The fight has just begun.

The cases against the company will be taken up as quickly as possible. The first one to be heard will be the Tennessee cases, the trial of which begins at Jackson, Tennessee, on November 8. This case, which involves 1,500 counts, will be prosecuted by Special Counsel James H. Wilkerson, for the government.

Attorney General Bonaparte Monday telegraphed Sims as follows:

"Feel that you and your assistants have done everything possible to protect the interest of the government and promote justice. Will write you fully as soon as the opinion comes to hand."

Sims expects a determination of the petition for rehearing before the circuit court of appeals within ninety days. He says a decision by the court to reverse its own ruling would not be cause for surprise, since the highest tribunal reversed itself after thinking overnight about its decision in the income tax case.

Possible Actions.

Chicago, July 23.—It is announced that in spite of the fact that the United States court of appeals had reversed and remanded the case of the government against the Standard Oil company of Indiana, in which Judge Landis in the district court had imposed a fine of $29,240,000, the government forces will continue the legal battle.

The government has 30 days within which to file a petition for a rehearing, and it will be filed within the allotted period.

In the event a rehearing is denied, the government may go to trial on the original indictment, containing 1,462 counts, an action which District Attorney Sims could be ready to take within two weeks, or upon any one of seven other indictments containing 4422 counts As a vast amount of work has been done on the case just decided, it is unlikely that an entirely new case will be instituted.

The record of the present case contains over a million and a half words, and is estimated to have cost the government $200,000.

Another move which may be made by the federal authorities is to transfer the prosecution from this jurisdiction either to the western New York district or the eastern Tennessee district In these districts the government investigation led to indictments containing about 2,000 counts against the Standard Oil company.

Grosscup To Retire.

Chicago, July 23.—Announcement is made today on good authority that the early retirement of Judge Peter S Grosscup from the federal bench is the reason for the quick decision in the Standard Oil case, which created such a sensation yesterday. His resignation, it is reported, probably will come in the fall when his docket practically will be cleaned up.

Judge Grosscup is known to have desired to return to private practice for a long time The bench has nothing more to offer him in the way of honors, the work has become irksome and the pay is small as compared to what he could earn at the bar, especially in corporation law.

With the decision in the Standard case, his docket is practically clear of large matters. Nothing remains, it is said, that could not be handled by another judge just as well.

Many tempting offers are known to have been made to Judge Grosscup to re-enter private practice, the most notable being that from James J. Hill to take up the Northern Securities case. The Union Traction troubles were on his hand at this time, however, and prevented such a step.

MISS GLADYS SMITH HOSTESS TO COMPANY

Entertains a Party of Her Little Friends.

THE TIME GIVEN TO SOCIAL PLEASURES

Affair Is Given in Celebration of the Eighth Anniversary of the Birth of the Little Hostess—Each Guest Receives a Box of Candy—Some Prospect Notes.

Prospect, July 22.—[Special.]—In response to invitations fifteen little friends assisted Gladys Smith, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. T. B. Smith, in celebrating her eighth birthday anniversary at her home on north Main street, Friday afternoon, from 3 to 6 o'clock. The little folks enjoyed various games during the afternoon and a two-course lunch was served. Each guest was given a dainty box of candy as a souvenir.

Mrs. J. J. Roberts visited her daughter, Mrs. Charles Finnefrock, at Green Camp, Saturday and Sunday.

Mrs. John Humphreys attended the funeral of Granville Rider, held at Delaware, Saturday afternoon.

Mrs. Roy Pace returned to her home in Cleveland, Friday, after a three-weeks visit at the home of her mother, Mrs George Johnson.

While Mr and Mrs. John Ransom were driving to church, Sunday morning, their horse became frightened at a passing automobile and threw the occupants of the buggy out, badly demolishing the buggy. Mr. and Mrs. Ransom escaped with a few scratches and bruises.

Mrs. William Lauer was in Marion Saturday.

William Worline, of Kansas City, is visiting his cousin, Mrs. Eunice Worline, and other relatives.

Miss Lottie Finnefrock, of Fremont, was the guest of relatives here the past week.

Mrs. George Lauer, of Marion, visited her daughter, Mrs. John Wheeler, several days this week.

Mrs. William Crow, of Marion, was the guest of her mother, Mrs. I. Barracks, Monday.

Rev. Mr. and Mrs M. L. Baum, of Dayton, spent Monday at the Lutheran parsonage, the guests of Rev. Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Hurrelbrink.

Mrs. William Jacobs and Mrs. Guy Langstaff, of Richwood, and Mrs. B. D. Osborn, of Waldo, were guests of Mrs J. M. Gast, Monday.

Mrs. Ellen Mathews, of Columbus, visited at the home of Frederick Freeman, last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Stockwell entertained their brother-in-law, John Henry, of Chicago, Sunday.

Mrs. Ora Suttles, of Columbus, is spending the week with her mother, Mrs. Belle Van Osten.

Mrs. Daniel Miller and daughter, Mrs. John Jones, of Marion, were the guests of Miss Elizabeth Stratton, Monday.

Mr. and Mrs George Welland, of Mt. Gilead, visited relatives here, Sunday.

Watt Watkins was a Marion visitor Tuesday.

Mrs. Julia Stephens, of Marion, visited her sister, Miss Rosa Brown, Sunday.

Mrs. Watt Kyle and mother, Mrs. William Money, were Marion visitors Friday.

William Wottring and mother, Mrs. Margaret Wottring, after a pleasant visit with relatives, returned, Saturday, to their home at Bellwood, Pennsylvania. Mrs William Wottring will remain several weeks with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Fritch.

Rev. Samuel Herbster, of Linn, Pennsylvania, is visiting his brother, B. K. Herbster. Rev. Mr. Herbster is pastor of a Lutheran church at Linn

Mrs. Lillie Wheeler and daughter, Mary Catharine, of Waldo, visited at the home of Charles Selanders the past week.

Mrs. Carrie Owens, of Marion, Mrs. Clark Eckfeld and son, Eugene, of Adrian, Michigan, visited relatives here several days last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Byron Falk, of Marion, were guests at the home of William Court Thursday.

Mrs. Lucy Cook entertained a number of young people, Thursday evening, honoring Mr. Carl Stoner, of Muncie, Indiana, who was visiting his sister, Miss Norma Stoner. Several contests provided amusement for the evening.

Miss Nettie Sauer, after a pleasant visit at the home of her uncle, Joseph Sauer, left Sunday for St. Louis, where she has accepted a position in a millinery establishment.

Mr. and Mrs. O. Cummings returned to their home at Republic, Friday, after a two-weeks visit with their son, C. J. Cummings.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Harter, of Lewis Center, were the guests of their cousins, Pauline and Elnora Cellars, Thursday.

John McCune, of Columbus, was a Prospect visitor Wednesday. Mr. McCune formerly lived at Prospect.

Mrs. Samuel Teese visited her sister, Mrs. T. P. Watkins, in Marion Thursday.

Mrs. Alice Marshall and children, Coulter and John, of Walnut Hills, Cincinnati, were guests of the former's sister, Mrs. A. F. Maynard, the past week.

John Milligan, of Marion, visited friends here Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Gast, of Springfield, visited the former's brother, Earl Gast, and other relatives the past week.

Miss Mary Ropp, of Delaware, visited her aunt, Mrs. R. Gilmore, the past week.

Miss Edith Hord, of Columbus, was the guest of her aunt, Mrs. B. M. Hord, Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Ackron and children, of Marion, visited at the home of Mrs. C. Behner Thursday.

Miss Bess Dundore, of Marion, was the guest of her friend, Miss Lena Davids, several days last week.

Miss Cleo Lunger, of Marion, was the guest of friends here Sunday.

Mrs. John Jones, of Columbus, visited at the home of Mrs. N. C. Hilford Thursday.

Mrs. William Farnum was the guest of Rev. Mr and Mrs. C. M. Schaaf in Covington, Kentucky, the past week.

Mrs. Louise Fuller, of Delaware, visited her aunt, Mrs. J. Cope, Wednesday and Thursday.

Court and Harrold Porter, of Lansing, Michigan, are visiting their grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. J. N. Court.

Miss Florence Hoyman visited relatives in Columbus Wednesday and Thursday. Her sister, Mrs. O. Richmond, is at Grant hospital, having recently passed through an operation.

George Watkins, of Marion, visited relatives here Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. George Stiffler, Martha and Emmett Stiffler, of Marion, were the guests of Misses Maggie and Abbie Stiffler, Sunday.

LITTLE LOCALS OF WEEK AT DE CLIFF

Visitors at the Village and in the Vicinity.

DeCliff, July 23.—[Special.]—Miss Eliza Brown and niece Mabel Brown are visiting friends in Chicago.

Mrs Orpha Teawalt and Mrs. Daniel Stouffer were Marion visitors Thursday.

Mrs. Ray Head and children, from south of LaRue, visited Mrs. George Hickman from Thursday until Saturday.

Mrs. Jennie Rowley of Marion, is visiting her parents Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Dickason this week.

Miss Alma Holden was a Kenton visitor Monday.

S. J. Clements, E. E. Everett, W. L. Morral and B. Sordon were Marion visitors Saturday.

Mrs. Otto Roux and daughter, Bessie, and son, Guy, left Tuesday for a three-weeks visit at Jamestown, Kansas.

Carey Miller, of Marion, has moved his family here. He will occupy the property owned by Henry Hurter.

Mrs. John Bain, of Marion, was the guest of Mrs. W. L. Morral Sunday.

D. H. Clifton was a Marion visitor Tuesday.

Mrs. Clara Wilson and Mrs. C L. Heller and children visited friends in Agosta Friday.

Mrs George Rider was a Marion visitor Saturday.

Mrs. E. E. Drake and children, of near Agosta, were the guests of Mrs. A. R Landon, Sunday.

Miss Vida Roux has returned home from a week's visit with friends in Marion.

Mrs. Rosa Bishop, of Marion, is visiting her sister, Mrs. A. R. Landon.

Little Miss Dorris Freeman has returned home from a three-weeks visit with her grandparents in Marion.

WRITING HISTORY OF MARION PRESBYTERY

Rev. A. C. Crist Is Engaged in the Work.

A history of the Marion Presbytery is being written by Rev. A. C. Crist, of Delaware The matter is to be published and issued in book form. The book will be of special interest to each of the various churches in the Presbytery as it will deal with matters in a local way in connection with the general subject. It will contain views of the exterior and interior of the Mt. Gilead Presbyterian church and cuts of Rev. William Houston, the pastor, and the members of the session, T. P. Morrison, F. B McMillin, J. H. H. Kerr, J P. Mateer, J W McMillin and William Brooks. Rev. Mr. McMillin, one of the early pastors of the church in Mt. Gilead, and through whose diligent and faithful efforts the church was put upon a firm foundation, will be given distinct prominence and a cut of the minister published.—Mt-Gilead Registry.

TWELVE OFFICERS ARE ASSASSINATED

Holding Office Not a Pleasant Job in Russian Poland.

Warsaw, July 22.—Twelve government officers were assassinated in Russia Poland during June, according to an official statement made today. The report says thirteen other officers were severely wounded by would-be assassins, and thirty-nine private individuals lost their lives and nineteen were injured in attacks growing out of political troubles.

The revolutionists also raided many postoffices, official bureaus, banks and private offices, securing loot to the amount of $170,000.

PLEASING TO HIBERNIANS

Is Report Submitted by Their President.

THE REMARKABLE GROWTH OF ORDER

The Finances Are in Excellent Condition.

President Cummings Makes Numerous Recommendations in the Line of Progress—Favors Closer Relations with the Catholic Church, Study of Irish History and Gaelic Language—Opposes Insurance.

Indianapolis, Ind., July 23.—President Matthew Cummings of Boston submitted his report to the biennial convention of the Ancient Order of Hibernians, and it furnished the chief topic for discussion among the delegates. His supporters declared that the report was the best campaign document he could issue in his candidacy for re election to the national presidency. The address was received with applause that was continued throughout his remarks. President Cummings in his report declared against insurance by the national body and in favor of retaining the present system of state insurance. Among other things he favored juvenile divisions of the order; declared for close relations with the Catholic church; was against federation with other American Catholic societies, and also against federation with the Hibernian organizations in Ireland until the latter could agree among themselves; declared for the absolute independence of Ireland; favors the study of Irish history and the Gaelic language, and recommends the sending of three delegates to the conventions of the American Federation of Catholic Societies.

The report of President Cummings shows a total membership on July 1, 1908, of 140,173, an increase since the last convention of 10,280. According to reports furnished the president, the ladies' auxiliary had a membership on July of the present year of 55,000, an increase of 6,132 since the last meeting. The total assets of the A. O. H. is $1,860,099, of which $847,986 is in division treasuries.

Urges Better System.

The president recommends a better system of collecting and forwarding assessments to national headquarters from the locals. Earnestly favors juvenile divisions of the order, believing they will be a great aid to the national organization, as the Hibernians can no longer depend upon Irish immigration, but must look to the sons of Ireland born on American soil to furnish new material. The report urges close relations with the Catholic church. "In the years to come," reads the report, "the Catholic church will be the mainstay of this republic, and battling in the front ranks in defense of Catholic principles and Catholic education will be found the strongest of all Catholic organizations—the Ancient Order of Hibernians."

The delegates attended high mass at St. John's church in a body.

MOURNING MACHINERY IS PUT IN MOTION

And Now It Is Found Impossible To Stop It.

St. Petersburg, July 23.—When Admiral Rojestvensky dies, there is no reason why the obsequies should be other than simple and brief. Officially and nationally, the last honors have already been paid him. When it was erroneously stated Tuesday that the admiral had died, the government issued the customary notice. Though the mistake was corrected within twenty-four hours, the governmental mourning machinery had been put in operation and even now the admiral is being mourned in some parts of the empire where the news that it was another Rojestvensky that died has not been received.

The ministry of marine took formal action, resolutions were adopted, messages of condolence sent to the family, flowers sent to the Rojestvensky home in profusion, flags half-masted and all the other usual tributes to the noted dead were paid.

DOUGLAS DECLINES THE CHAIRMANSHIP

Is Out of Politics for All Time He Says.

Boston, July 23.—In his summer home on Monument Beach, this afternoon, former Governor William L. Douglas declined absolutely to accept the position of chairman of the Democratic national committee.

"I have not yet been officially tendered such a position," he said. "The first I knew of any such talk being made was this morning. I would not accept the place under any consideration. I am out of politics forever."

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OFFICERS INSTALLED BY AGOSTA REBEKAHS

Mrs. Celia Prettyman Now Noble Grand.

WILLIAM BAIN QUITS POSITION

Is Succeeded in Store of E. L. Schultz by Jesse Beckley—Mr. and Mrs. David Bilger Are the Guests of Friends at Mechanicsburg—Some News Notes Gathered at Agosta.

Agosta, July 23.—[Special.]—Agosta Rebecca Lodge, No. 234, held a well-attended meeting at the lodge room Saturday evening. Aside from the routine business the following officers were installed for the next six months: Noble grand, Mrs. Celia Prettyman, vice grand, Mrs. J. Crissinger; right supporter to noble grand, Mrs. C. Williams; left supporter to noble grand; Ethel Withrow; warden, Myrtle Williams; conductor, Mrs. Ella Dutton; chaplain, Hattie Strawser; inside guardian, Mrs. E. Drake; outside guardian C. O. Barnthouse.

Mrs. E. Prettyman was the guest of Marion friends, Wednesday.

Elizabeth Miller was a LaRue visitor Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. David Bilger are spending the week with their daughter, Mrs. H. O. Ogden, at Mechanicsburg.

Ernest Burns of Kelley's island was the guest of W. F. Dutton and family Saturday.

Paul Sylvester is quite sick of bowel trouble.

William Bain, who has been clerking for E L. Schultz for the past year, has resigned his position. Jesse Beckley is now filling the position formerly held by Bain.

Clark Longshore was a Marion visitor Saturday.

Miss Edna Dutton returned home, Wednesday evening, from Lima. Miss Dutton has been attending the Lima college.

Mrs. Jane Redding was calling on Marion friends Wednesday.

Lowell Schultz is suffering of a severe attack of rheumatism.

Ray Corey returned home, Wednesday evening, from Marion, where she has been visiting the past week.

Mrs. Nellie Sparks and daughter, Bertha, returned to their home in Columbus, Saturday, after visiting several days with the former's mother, Mrs. A. Godfrey.

Rosa Scherzer returned home, Friday evening, from New York City, where she had been visiting her aunt.

C. O. Barnthouse made a business trip to Marion Saturday.

Mrs. Frank Cornell is quite ill of stomach trouble.

William Burley, who is employed at Lorain, is spending the week with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Burley.

Edmond Conchlin, of La Salle, Illinois, is the guest of Nina Dutton this week.

Earl Martin, of Lima, was a business visitor here Monday.

Mrs. Edmund Hill, of Marion, was the guest of her mother, Mrs. Elizabeth Miller, Friday.

Fanny Dale Horton was the guest of Flora Birch in Marion Saturday.

David Dutton is seriously sick at his home south of town.

J. E. Dutton, carrier on rural mail route, No. 2, is enjoying his vacation. Mr. and Mrs. Dutton and children were the guests of Galion friends from Saturday till Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Carey and children visited Marion friends from Saturday until Monday.

C. F. Benson was a business visitor at LaRue Wednesday.

Mrs. Christian Kinsler, of Marion, returned home, Saturday, after spending a few days with her daughter, Mrs C. O. Barnthouse.

MATTER OF PREPARING NEW TARIFF SCHEDULE

Sereno E. Payne Is in Washington Getting Data.

Washington July 23.—The task of preparing a new tariff schedule is responsible for the presence in Washington of Sereno E. Payne, chairman of the ways and means committee of the house. He is consulting with Acting Secretary of the Treasury Beekman Winthrop, concerning the collection of date on the tariff.

Representative Payne announced that he would assemble in his home in Auburn, New York about August 1 a corps of experts to make an exhaustive analysis of all discisions of the courts delivered since 1898 affecting import duties. In a number of cases, the judgments of the courts have entirely nullified sections of the law, and a most careful study will be made of the decisions in order that the proposed "Payne" tariff act will obviate these terrors.

Cheese.

We carry the finest assortment in Marion. Big wheel Sweitzer, York state cream 20c, brick, limburger and several other kinds. R. T. Lewis & Co., opposite court house. wk-1

When a gossip finds people are not shocked when she says that a man drinks terribly, she lowers her voice and says, mysteriously "And I think he takes drugs."

Brazil and Monroe Doctrine.

There is of course more than one way of accounting for the remarkable naval program announced by Brazil, the primary feature of which is the immediate building of three battleships of a type superior to the Dreadnought. The latest suggestion as to motive is perhaps as plausible as any, the suggestion, namely, that Brazil is restless under the hegemony of the United States; that she would like to propound a Monroe doctrine of her own for Latin America, and to that end would combine the South American republics in an offensive and defensive alliance, of which she would be the head.

In favor of this hypothesis it may be said that Brazil is not menaced with war by either Argentina or Chile, the only South American powers which could even pretend to cope with her, and therefore she does not need a great navy for self-protection. Unless therefore we assume that her inordinate naval program is a blind meant to mask an intended purpose of selling her three battleships to Japan she must have in view the plan of demonstrating to her sister commonwealths in South America that under her leadership they would be capable of defending themselves against European aggression and need not therefore rely exclusively on the United States for aid, which the Washington government, if involved in war with Japan, might be powerless to give. It is also undeniable that at the second Hague conference Brazil's principal delegate, Dr. Ruy Barbosa, strove to exercise a political and social influence rivaling that of our principal representative. Nor is it doubtful that but for the former's strenuous opposition the international court of abitration proposed by Mr. Choate would have been established. As a matter of fact the project failed mainly because Dr Barbosa succeeded in arraying against it most of the South American republics.

Up to this point something may be urged on behalf of the theory put forward last Sunday by a Vienna correspondent of the Paris Herald that Brazil would like to oust the United States from the position of moral ascendency which at present we occupy in the eyes of Latin America It is not inconceivable that some individual Brazilians may entertain a wish of the kind. The facts, however, are quite susceptible of a less sensational interpretation. It would be natural and proper enough in these days of huge navies for the stronger Latin American republics to recognize it as a duty to provide in proportion to their resources contingents that might cooperate if the sea power of the United States should under difficult conditions be called upon to uphold the Monroe doctrine. There is no doubt that Brazil, Mexico, Argentina and Chile could if they were in readiness furnish valuable assistance at such a conjuncture. It may be doubted, however, whether our state department has as yet admitted the necessity or utility of such joint preparation. Certainly it did not protest against Argentina's sale to Japan of the two battleships purchased by the former power from Italy, and we have no reason to suppose that it has informed the Rio Janeiro government that we should view with regret a transfer to Japan of the three super-Dreadnoughts now building for its account in England That any representation of the kind on our part would be quickly heeded we take for granted.—New York Sun.

TO AVOID INSOMNIA.

Persons inclined to be light sleepers often find that the tendency towards insomnia increases during the summer months. This can easily be explained. The stomach is more likely to get out of order during hot weather. Some people are extremely susceptible to sound and the noises of the summer nights are louder; the windows are open, and daylight comes earlier. In the city the birds are more talkative, and in the country barnyard fowls seem to keep awake all night.

The first thing for a person inclined to insomnia to do is to stop worrying. The greatest obstacle to sleep is to worry that you are not going to sleep, the more you move the God of Slumber the more shy he becomes.

Next, be careful about what you eat. The stomach is a powerful factor in sleep and will keep one awake if it is too empty, or if it is too full. Sugar, candy and chocolate have a tendency to keep one awake, and sweet desserts should be avoided at night as well as coffee, tea and greasy foods; whether an empty or a partially full stomach is better depends on the individual and is determined by experimentation in each case.

One of the best ways to draw the blood from the brain is to take a moderately swift walk before retiring, and if there is still difficulty in getting to sleep, a tepid bath and a gentle rub will draw the blood from the brain to the surface of the body.

Get into the "don't care" mood. Get into bed, indifferent whether you are going to sleep or not, and you will find generally as a result that sleep will reward you.—Boston Traveler.

ARRANGEMENTS FOR MEETING AT WALDO

A Mass Meeting To Be Held at Church Sunday.

TEMPERANCE WORK TO BE DISCUSSED

Speakers from Various Places Will Be in Attendance—Preparing for a Coming Local-Option Campaign. Notes of the Past Week Gathered at Waldo.

Waldo, July 24.—[Special.]—The fourth quarterly conference will be held at the M. E. church at this place Saturday at 10 a. m. The communion services will be held Sunday at 2 p. m. Rev. Mr. Metz and Rev. W. McK. Brackney will have charge of both services. A local-option mass meeting will be held following the communion services, Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Rev. Mr. Brackney and Rev. C. C. Coil, a former pastor here, will have charge of this meeting. Special music will be rendered for the occasion.

The Ladies' Aid society of the M. E. church held a regular meeting at the home of Mrs. Newton Porterfield, south of town, Tuesday.

Mrs. Ellen Miller and her guest, Mrs. William Hoke, were visitors in Marion Wednesday.

G. Roecker, of Marion, visited at the home of W. C Michels, Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Lesley Winsor entertained Mr. and Mrs. William Davis, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Winsor and Mrs. Salora Winsor, of Ashley, Sunday

George Parmer and son, Vaughn, of York, visited Mr. and Mrs. Charles Taylor, Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Benedict and daughters visited Marion Monday. Miss Dessa Marie Benedict remained over Tuesday the guest of Miss Gladys Bailey.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Glaze and daughters, Thelma and Clover, spent Sunday at the home of Mrs. Glaze's parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Michels. It was the birthday anniversary of Mr. Michels.

Mrs. T. Shirley, of Marion, spent Tuesday and Wednesday as the guest of Miss Zanie Gillet.

Mr. and Mrs J. Strine and son, Darrell, of Columbus were guests of friends here Thursday. Mrs. Strine and son remained several days.

Mrs. William Gabler and Mrs. Ralph Gabler visited at Marion a couple of days this week.

Mrs. William Bland, Miss Adda Ward and Miss Gracie Wiser spent Tuesday shopping at Marion.

Miss Lucile Powell of Cedar Rapids, Iowa, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Brundige.

Mrs. Roscoe Oborne returned to her home in Marion, Thursday, after a visit of a couple of weeks at the home of her parents, Mr. and Jacob Akron.

Mr. and Mrs. S. Perce, of Canal Winchester, and Mr. and Mrs. R. Hayden and son, Richard, of Richwood, were guests Wednesday of Mr. and Mrs. Peter Moyer.

Little Miss Cecil Miller, of Marion, is spending the week with her cousins, the Misses Graham.

Mr. and Mrs. Wiber Pease and daughter, Helen, of Spencerville, visited several days this week with Mr and Mrs Hayes and other friends at this place.

Mrs. James Shultz was a Marion visitor Wednesday.

Mr and Mrs. R. Morris and daughter, Lulu and Mr and Mrs. Philip Augustine and daughter, Helen, spent Sunday at Greenwood lake.

Miss Linda Selanders, of Marion, has been spending the past week with her sister, Mrs. M Houseworth.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Moyer and son, Harlos, visited at Prospect Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Hipple were guests, Saturday and Sunday, of Mrs. N. Coleman.

Mrs. C. Knickle and son, Irwin, were Marion visitors Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Huffman, of near Ohio City, visited the past week at the home of their son, Peter Huffman, east of town.

Mr. and Mrs. William Peters and daughter who have been visiting Ohio friends for the past month have returned to their home in Washington.

Mr. and Mrs. William Reynolds and daughter,, Helen, of Prospect, visited at the home of Peter Moyer this week.

Dr. and Mrs. B. D. Osborne and son, Arthur, were Prospect visitors Monday.

D. W. Benedict was a Columbus visitor Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Bower and daughter, Isabel, visited Mr. Bower's parents at Carruthers Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Levi Yake, of Marion, spent Sunday as guests of Mr. and Mrs. Wallace Klingle.

Quite a number of people from the surrounding country who came to town, Saturday, to hear the band concert, were disappointed as the band failed to give its usual concert on account of the refusal of some of the business men to pay assessments.

Mrs. E. Wilson, who has been sick for the past two weeks, is better.

Miss Dottie Welch and Miss Jessie Freshour, of Marion, who had been visiting Miss Irene Bensley, returned to their homes Monday.

Miss DeEmma Hawley, of Marion, returned home, Wednesday, after a pleasant visit with her aunt, Miss Kate Waddel.

OBITUARY.

Daniel Uncapher was born in Marion township, near the town of Marion, December 21, 1837, and died at his late residence on Garden street, in the city of Marion, July 15, 1908, aged seventy years, six months and twenty-four days. His father's name was Joseph Uncapher, who had seven sons, one of whom died in infancy, and there are five living—Silas, Darius, Thomas, John A. and Hiram. Daniel Uncapher began teaching school at the age of nineteen, and in the winter time taught for several years. He filled the office of church trustee for about thirty-eight years. April 2, 1863, he was married to Miss Rebecca J. Riley, with whom he traveled life's journey till a little more than two years ago, when her redeemed soul took its flight up to the glory-world, we doubt not; and now we think of our brother having gone to be with the loved companion, for whom he cared so tenderly through many months of feebleness and suffering, before her Savior called her hence. For a long time, he was a great sufferer, but such was his courageous spirit and ability to endure, that he said but little of his illness. For one year, he did business in Mansfield, and for eleven years he and his son, L. V. Uncapher, were engaged together in business in this city He was one of the charter members of the Wesley Methodist Episcopal church of Marion, and, very properly may be regarded as the founder of the church. So, ever since the beginning of the "Wesley" church enterprise "in the hall," he has ever been its most valued supporter, through sunshine and through shadows, his strength, his means and his counsel being always available when needed. Since the death of his wife, he has made his home with his son Luther and his good wife, who have kindly and tenderly cared for him in these declining years. Two sons and four grandchildren survive, Herman and his son, Daniel, residing in Oklahoma, while Luther V, and his three daughters, Ethel, Bartelle and little Margaret, are still in the old home on Garden street, and a large circle of more distant relatives remain to mourn their loss. Daniel Uncapher will be missed by the people of Marion generally, having resided in this community nearly all his life, but by the christian people generally, having been for many years one of the most prominent and useful men in the church. He was a great lover of the Sunday-school work, was a teacher in Wesley Sunday-school, and for years was either superintendent or teacher, in what in later years is called "Epworth" church, and in that Sunday-school he made a remarkable record for punctuality, as we heard him say on one occasion, "For thirty years I was never tardy!" He was a stanch promoter of all moral reforms, particularly of temperance, having taken a bold stand in the Prohibition ranks, when it meant something to do so. But notwithstanding this, and his christian integrity for so many years, it was during a revival meeting held by Rev. E. S. Dunham, "in the hall across the way," before Wesley church was built, he expressed himself as feeling the need of making a complete consecration, that he might "prove what is that good, and acceptable, and perfect will of God." This he did, and at once entered into a depth of peace and joy he had not known before, and to which he ever bore humble testimony. The older members of Epworth Methodist Episcopal church will cherish his memory, as it was there in about 1869 that he and his companion espoused the cause of Christ, and there they first united with the church. On the lips of every one we hear it said, "He was a good man." In Wesley church we shall surely miss him more than words can express, for this little church in the West End was the child of his old age, and of his most tender care. I certainly feel highly honored to have been the pastor of so good a man, and I feel his loss deeply. He was a wise counsellor, and when difficult questions would arise, touching any interest of the church, how natural it was to turn to Daniel Uncapher for advice, and his counsel was pretty sure to settle the question. I never heard him utter an unkind or severe criticism on anybody. When at all able, and many times when not able, he was with us; and what a help his presence was! He was appreciative, and helped the preacher in his message to the people. I am sure, if church members generally knew what a help their very presence was to the pastor, they could not so easily stay away. Often at the close of the sermon, we loved to have him lead the congregation in prayer, which he was ready to do when called upon. "Know ye not that there is a prince and a great man fallen in Israel this day?"

C. E. Rowley,
Pastor Wesley M. E. church.

When a man takes unto himself a wife he is apt to exchange a lot of little troubles for a big one.

A LARGE COMPANY NICELY ENTERTAINED

Caledonia Rebekahs Give a Social Affair.

MRS. G. W. DOUCE HOSTESS TO CLASS

Young People Enjoy a Ride into the Country—Mr. and Mrs. Charles Rinker Entertain a Party of Their Friends at Their Home in Caledonia—Other News Notes.

Caledonia, July 24.—[Special.]—The members of Deborah Rebekah lodge entertained members and friends to the number of 100 at their lodge room Wednesday evening. The time was spent in a social way and light refreshments were served by the entertainment committee.

Mrs. G. W. Douce entertained the members of her Sunday-school class at her pleasant country home, two miles west of here Tuesday afternoon. The class, which is composed of a score of little girls, was taken to the country by Mr. Douce in a hay-wagon early in the afternoon A season of out-door games and music was followed by a two-course supper. The only guests aside from the members of the class were Miss Letha Kelly, of Tocsin, Indiana, and Miss Olive Bayles, of Cuyahoga Falls.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Rinker entertained a small party of friends at their home five miles southwest of town, Saturday night. A social evening was spent, during which the hostess served a light lunch. Miss Minnie Winder, of Marion, was the only out-of-town guest.

Mr. and Mrs. John Resler entertained a party of friends at dinner, Saturday, in honor of their nephew, P. T. Harrold, and family of Cleveland. Those present aside from the guests of honor were Mrs. John Anselment, Misses Blanche and Maude Anselment, Mr. and Mrs S. E. Irey and sons, Harold and Paul.

Royal Stone has been confined to his home for the past two weeks by a severe attack of inflammatory rheumatism.

Miss Alberta Neal of Kirkpatrick, spent several days of this week with her brother, M. V. Neal and family.

Miss Minnie Winder, of Marion, was the guest of her sister, Mrs. Elza Kress, Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Irene Rogers, of Cleveland, is the guest of her mother, Mrs. Robert Burt.

Miss Elizabeth Clark, who was seriously ill last week of peritonitis is slowly convalescing.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Hart, of Davis county, Missouri, arrived here last week and are the guests of the former's sister, Mrs. Catherine Lantz, and family, east of town.

Mrs. Dell Mitchell, of Mansfield, was the guest of Miss Helen Pommert several days this week.

Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Underwood and children, Margaret and Howard, departed Wednesday for Lakeside for a ten-days outing.

Esther Temple, No 90, Pythian Sisters, initiated one member into the mysteries of the order at a regular meeting Tuesday evening. A short social session followed the work.

Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Klinefelter and sons, Paul and Charles, of Marion, spent Saturday and Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Hinds.

Frank Uish and sons, Clarence and Harry, Homer Stewart, Albert Augustine and Louba Simpson enjoyed a drive to Columbus, Friday, in Mr. Uish's touring car. They returned Saturday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. George Groves, Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Seckel and Mr. and Mrs M. Hart attended a picnic given by the Eagle lodge at Secrahm park, Wednesday.

Scott Hummer had the third and little fingers of his right hand badly lacerated while working on a threshing machine, north of Kirkpatrick, Friday

Dr and Mrs. J. B Kling are enjoying a vacation at Mt Vernon this week.

Benjamin Underwood and daughter, Virginia, departed Tuesday morning for a week's visit with relatives in Chelton.

Miss Goldie and Ollie Hames, of Monnette, spent Thursday with their brother, John Hams, and family.

J. B. Rice, of near Cortland, was the guest of friends here Wednesday night.

M. H. Underwood left for Cleveland on business Thursday morning.

Mrs. Norma McClure and little son, of Harrod, and Mrs. Sarah Garberson, of Marion, are visiting Mrs. W. T. Brocklesby this week.

John Stanley, of North Robinson, is a guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Dilts this week. Mr. Stanley is the father of Mrs. Dilts.

Taxes amounting to nearly $7,000 were collected at the Deposit bank last Wednesday and Thursday for Claridon, Scott and Tully townships.

E. R. Slater, of Crestline, was here Monday and Tuesday calling on friends. Mr. Slater has rented his room on Water street to Lee Stewart, who will open a photograph gallery in the near future.

Tillman Ault, of Findlay, visited his sister, Mrs. John Hipsher, northwest of town, from Friday until Monday.

The ladies of the Reformed church, north of here, gave a social at the Clyde school-house, Tuesday evening. A large crowd was present and a nice sum of money was realized from the affair. The Citizens' band of this place furnished music for the occasion.

Mrs. John Alexander, of Cochranton, and Mrs. C. C. Mattox, of Marion, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Peters, this week. Mrs. Alexander is the mother of Mrs. Peters.

THE OPULENT FARMER.

Mr. Bryan knows a thing or two about practical politics. When he turned down the corporations and appealed to the farmers for financial aid, he tapped the greatest fountain of wealth in the world. Perhaps Mr. Bryan got his information from Secretary Wilson, whose glowing annual report shows that the farmers made $7,112,000,000 last year—three times as much as all the railroads made. Mr. Bryan is a farmer himself, and he knows how easy it is to turn volunteer hay into heifers worth $450 each.

According to Secretary Wilson, the farmers during the last nine years have added $53,000,000,000 to the wealth of the country. Two years' output of the farms is sufficient to buy all the railroads in the United States. Not only has the farm output doubled in the last ten years, but the prices of farm products are seventy-five per cent. higher than in 1896, when they had slumped, along with all other business In 1907 the farmer received eight per cent. more for his products than in 1891, the previous high-water mark. This year, with a big crop and high prices, the farmers will be rolling fat, and well able to finance both parties if they like They have prospered under Republican administration, whether the Republicans had anything to do with prosperity or not; and they lost money under the Cleveland administration. The mortgages which accumulated in 1893-96 have been lifted and the farmer now buzzes around in his own automobile.

Is his wealth "predatory?" Is there likely to be an outburst of fury against the farm trust by everybody who is not a member of it? We do not make any such prediction; but Mr. Bryan would better be careful. He has directed sharp attention to the biggest sack of money in the country, and has practically assured the farmers that if they will give him a hand-out he will grant them special favors if elected. It is heresy to say anything against the man with the hoe; but since he has laid down the shovel and the hoe to take up the checkbook there may be a revolt on the part of those who are not fortunate enough to be farmers. Has Mr. Bryan considered this danger? Is he willing to sacrifice everybody else if he can get the farmer contribution and the farmer vote? How will he reconcile the clash between the producing farmer and the consuming workingman? What will he gain if he win the farm vote and lose the labor vote?

But, doubtless, Mr. Bryan has foreseen these things. He is a practical man. He wants the sinews of war first, and he has gone to the proper place to get them. With a brimming war chest he will be in a position to deal with such minor problems as securing a square deal for all while giving the farmers the best of it.—Washington Post.

LIVE STOCK AND GRAIN.

EAST BUFFALO—Cattle: Export cattle, $6 00@6 50, shipping steers $5 50@6 00, butcher cattle, $5 00@5 50; heifers, $3 50@5 25, cows, $3 00@4 25, bulls, $3 00@4 00, milkers and springers, $30 00@60 00. Calves—Heat, $7 50@8 25 Sheep and Lambs — Mixed sheep, $4 00@4 25, wethers, $4 25@4 50, ewes, $3 75@4 00, yearlings, $5 00@5 45; spring lambs, $5 00@6 50 Hogs—Heavies and mediums, $7 00@7 05; Yorkers, $6 75@7 05; pigs, $6 25, roughs, $5 50@5 85; stags, $4 00@4 50

CHICAGO—Cattle: Steers, $5 25@8 15; cows, $3 40@5 50; heifers, $3 50@6 90; bulls, $3 00@5 25, stockers and feeders, $3 00@4 80 Calves—$2 50@8 75. Sheep and Lambs—Sheep, $3 50@4 50, lambs, $4 50@6 40; yearlings, $4 50@5 50. Hogs—Choice heavy shipping, $6 75 @ 6 85; butchers', $6 70@6 85; light mixed, $6 35@6 55; choice light, $6 60@6 80; packing, $5 75@6 70; pigs, $4 50@6 10. Wheat—No 2 red, 91½@92½c. Corn—No 2, 76½@76¾c.

PITTSBURG—Cattle: Choice, $6 80@6 50, prime, $6 60@6 25, tidy butchers', $5 25@5 700; heifers, $3 00@5 25, cows, bulls and stags, $2 00@5 00, fresh cows, $25 00@50 00. Calves—Veal, $6 00@8 00. Sheep and Lambs—Prime wethers, $4 00@4 70; good mixed, $4 30@4 50; lambs, $4 00@6 25. Hogs—heavy hogs, $7 05; mediums, $7 05@7 07½, heavy Yorkers, $7 00@7 05; light Yorkers, $6 60@6 80; pigs, $6 25@6 40

CLEVELAND—Cattle: Prime dry-fed steers, $5 75@6 00; choice, $5 65@5 85; heifers, $4 50@6 50, cows, $2 50@4 50; bulls, $3 75@4 75, milkers and springers, $25 00@40 00 Calves—$7 50 down Sheep and Lambs — Mixed sheep, $3 50@4 00; wethers, $4 00@4 25; ewes, $3 50@3 75; lambs, $4 00@6 25. Hogs—Mixed, mediums and heavies, $6 90@6 95, Yorkers, $6 90, pigs, $6 25; roughs, $5 80; stags, $4 50@4 75

CINCINNATI—Wheat: No 2 red, 92@92½c Corn—No. 2, 80@80½c. Oats—No. 2, 60@61c. Rye—No 2, 80c. Lard—$9 10@9 15. Bulk meats—$9 25 Bacon—$10 00. Hogs—$5 00@6 90. Cattle—$2 25@6 25.

TOLEDO—Wheat, 92c, corn, 80c; oats, 58½c; rye, 75c.

CHICAGO PRODUCE.

Chicago, July 23.—Eggs—Extras 21; prime firsts 19½; firsts 17; seconds 11@12.

Butter—Extra creamery 21½; firsts 20; seconds 18; dairy 20.

Live poultry—Turkeys 14; chickens 11; ducks 9; spring chickens 18@19; geese, per dozen, $5@$6.

Like champagne, all the bubbles come out of a romance when it is uncorked.

Father Time is the man of the hour.

TWO ARE DEAD AND ONE DYING

As Result of Fire in Forest City This Morning.

Cleveland, July 23.—Two are dead, one dying and a fourth seriously burned in a fire which destroyed the home of James Jarasky early today. The dead: Florian Jarasky, aged seven; Terese Jarasky, nine.

Injured: Lillian Jarasky, aged four, will die; James Jarasky, the father, may recover.

Jarasky received his injuries in an attempt to rescue his children, who were asleep on the second floor when a night lamp exploded. Mrs. Jarasky and three other children, who slept on the first floor, escaped uninjured.

The average married man wastes a lot of sympathy on his wife's husband.

MARION COUNTY REFUNDING BONDS.

Marion, Ohio, July 20, 1908

Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the County Commissioners, in the City of Marion, Marion County and State of Ohio, until 12 o'clock noon, August 8, 1908, for the purchase of six (6) bonds, amounting to Seven Thousand Three Hundred Dollars, said bonds to be known as "Marion County Refunding Bonds," all of said bonds dated September 1, 1908, and to come due and payable as follows, and to be for the following amounts:

Bond N. 1, $1,200 00, March 1, 1909
Bond No 2, $1200 00, Sept. 1, 1909
Bond No. 3, $1250.00, March 1, 1910
Bond No. 4, $1280 00, Sept 1, 1910
Bond No 5, $1,320 00, March 1, 1911.
Bond No. 6, $1070 00, Sept. 1, 1911.

With interest from September 1, 1908, at the rate of four and one half (4 1-2) per cent per annum payable semi-annually, on the first day of March and September of each year Proper interest coupons are to be attached to each bond for the interest as it matures

Principal and interest are payable at the office of the Treasurer of Marion County, Ohio. Said bonds are issued for the purpose of refunding and extending the time of payment of an indebtedness incurred by the Turnpike Commissioners of the Goodnowe Free Turnpike Road of Marion County, Ohio, and reducing the rate of interest thereon, which indebtedness was incurred by said Turnpike Commissioners on account of the construction of said road. Said bonds are issued under authority of the general laws of the State of Ohio, particularly section 4757-22, Revised Statutes of Ohio, and pursuant to a resolution adopted by said County Commissioners on the 20th day of July, A. D. 1908.

Each bid must be accompanied by a certified check of One Hundred ($100.00) Dollars on some bank in Marion County, Ohio; said check to be made payable to the aforesaid Board of County Commissioners. All checks of unsuccessful bidder or bidders shall be returned to them at once after the purposal has been opened and award made to the successful bidder or bidders. The deposit of the successful bidder or bidders shall be retained and considered and accepted as part payment of the bond or bonds so awarded. Should the bidder or bidders refuse or neglect to pay for the bonds awarded, then the deposit shall be forfeited to the aforesaid Board of County Commissioners, and shall become the property of Marion County, Ohio, and considered as compensation for loss and expenses attending the sale of the bonds and as liquidated damages for republishing the sale. No bid will be received unless accompanied by a certified check as heretofore stated. No bid will be received for less than the par value of the bonds and accrued interest, and the aforesaid Commissioners reserve the right to reject any or all bids The bonds are to be delivered to the purchaser September 1, 1908 and to be paid for on that day at the Treasurer's Office of Marion County, Ohio. Proposals are to be sealed and endorsed "Bids for Bonds," and addressed to the County Commissioners of Marion County, Ohio,

D. SEITER.
W. H. HOLVERSTOTT.
J. D. GILLESPIE
Commissioners of Marion County, Ohio.
10-wk-F-3t.

MARION COUNTY REFUNDING BONDS.

Marion, Ohio, July 20, 1908.

Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the County Commissioners, in the City of Marion, Marion County and State of Ohio, until 12 o'clock noon, August 8, 1908, for the purchase of twenty (20) bonds, amounting to Five Thousand Four Hundred and Thirty-five Dollars, said bonds to be known as "Marion County Refunding Bonds," all of said bonds dated September 1, 1908, and to come due and payable as follows, and to be for the following amounts:

Bond No. 1, $225.00, March 1, 1909.
Bond No 2, $225.00, Sept. 1, 1909.
Bond No. 3, $230.00, March 1, 1910.
Bond No. 4, $230.00, Sept. 1, 1910.
Bond No. 5, $240 00, March 1, 1911.
Bond No. 6, $240 00, Sept 1, 1911.
Bond No. 7, $250 00, March 1, 1912.
Bond No 8, $250 00, Sept 1, 1912
Bond No 9, $270 00, March 1, 1913.
Bond No. 10, $270 00, Sept. 1, 1913.
Bond No 11, $270 00, March 1, 1914.
Bond No. 12, $280.00, Sept. 1, 1914.
Bond No. 13, $285.00, March 1, 1915.
Bond No. 14, $300.00, Sept. 1, 1915.
Bond No. 15, $300.00, March 1, 1916.
Bond No. 16, $310.00, Sept. 1, 1916.
Bond No. 17, $310 00, March 1, 1917.
Bond No. 18, $315.00, Sept. 1, 1917.
Bond No. 19, $320.00, March 1, 1918.
Bond No. 20, $320 00, Sept. 1, 1918

With interest from September 1, 1908, at the rate of four and one half (4 1-2) per cent per annum payable semi-annually, on the first day of March and September of each year Proper interest coupons are to be attached to each bond for the interest as it matures.

Principal and interest are payable at the office of the Treasurer of Marion County, Ohio. Said bonds are issued for the purpose of refunding and extending the time of payment of an indebtedness incurred by the Turnpike Commissioners of the Kleinfelter Free Turnpike Road of Marion County, Ohio, and reducing the rate of interest thereon, which indebtedness was incurred by said Turnpike Commissioners on account of the construction of said road. Said bonds are issued under authority of the general laws of the State of Ohio, particularly section 4757-22, Revised Statutes of Ohio, and pursuant to a resolution adopted by said County Commissioners on the 20th day of July, A. D. 1908.

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